The New-York Times.

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THE CLOSE OF THE CANVASS.

ISSUES TO BE DECIDED TO-DAY.

A SOUND CURRENCY OR INFLATION AND REPUDIATION—THE TAMMANY ORGANIZATION UNDER THE SAME INFLUENCES AS THREE YEARS AGO.

Of all the elections which are held throughout the United States to-day, the chief interest centres in that of New-York. The contest between Gov. Dix and Mr. Tilden, as the representatives of the two great opposing parties, has risen to national importance. The leading men of both parties seem agreed that the result will place beyond doubt the question which is to guide the policy of the country for some considerable time. Ohio and Indiana have given an impulse to the Democratic Party, and permitted themselves to be committed to a policy of repudiation and inflation. Though the same party in this State pretends to ignore that fact and to talk of hard money, yet every thinking man must see that if a Democratic victory is gained in so powerful and influential a State as New-York, the party all over the country will regard it as an indorsement of the platform on which victories were gained in the West. If voters will consider this fact, they will see that a great deal more than mere local and State issues depend upon the votes they cast to-day. But these alone are sufficiently important to call for the gravest consideration. Shall we throw aside one of the ablest Governors the State has ever had; a veteran in war and in statesmanship, who while he has occupied the Governor's chair has so administered the affairs of the State, that even partisan malignity fails to find a single weak spot in his administration? Is not the general verdict of all respectable citizens, irrespective of party, expressed in the oft-repeated remark that Gov. Dix is a blameless official? Mr. Tilden is personally a respectable man also; but look at the crowd he has at his back—at the sort of men who have been put in nomination by Tammany Hall in this City. "Jimmy" Hayes—one of the understrappers of the old Tweed firm, and a man whose every dollar was made out of the spoils of which Tweed robbed the City—is put up for one of our most important Municipal offices; and for the minor ones there is a confused rout of old Tammany hands, whisky sellers, emigrant runners, and the like. There is no place in the party for first-rate leaders; the prize fighters and the gamblers are the real leaders there, and they regard this great City as a place which "the boys,"—*i. e.* the ruffians and whisky-sellers—have an inalienable right to rule. Decent citizens thought when they rose in 1871, and in one short day destroyed the old Tammany organization, that they had once for all decided that New-York City should not be governed by its criminal classes; yet now, three years after, they have the same old Democratic workers stepping to the front, and with cool assurance presenting for their suffrages menial subordinates of this very Tammany organization which they destroyed. It is for all citizens who are desirous of decent Municipal Government to consider whether they can afford to vote any other than the ticket of the party which is not yet given over to the rule of men whose whole lives and occupations are a violation of every moral and statute law.

THE ELECTION IN THIS CITY.

INFORMATION FOR VOTERS—POLICE ARRANGEMENTS.

At each polling place in the City there will be six boxes, but in the Fourth, Sixth, and Fourteenth Wards, where a Civil Justice is to be voted for, there will be seven boxes. The labels on these boxes will be as follows:

General, Number Two.
Congress, Number Three.
Assembly, Number Five.
City, Number Six.
Justice, Number Seven.
Aldermen at Large.
Constitutional Amendments.

Ballots can be obtained from the various political associations, but the inside description may be either written or printed, or partly written or partly printed. The first and last names of each and every candidate for election should be written or printed in full, and if there be in any case a middle name or names their initials should also be given.

For the box first in order, and marked "General, Number Two," the ballot should read:

For Governor,
JOHN A. DIX.
For Lieutenant Governor,
JOHN C. ROBINSON.
For Canal Commissioner,
ALEXANDER BARKLEY.
For Inspector of State Prisons,
THOMAS KIRKPATRICK.
For Associate Judge of the Court of Appeals in place of Alexander S. Johnson, appointed in place of Rufus W. Peckham, deceased,
ALEXANDER S. JOHNSON.
For Register,
PATRICK H. JONES.
For Mayor,
SALEM H. WALES.

Box number three will be next in order. The ballot will read:

"For Representative in Congress for the —— Congressional District."
(One Name.)

In the Ninth Congressional District there will also be on this ballot the following:

For Representative in the Forty-third Congress to fill vacancy caused by the death of David B. Mellish.
(One name.)

The following are the candidates for Congress nominated or indorsed by the Republican Party:

Fifth District	Eugene M. Earle.
Sixth District	James H. Campbell.
Seventh District	Charles S. Spencer.
Eighth District	John D. Lawson.
Ninth District	Robert S. Newton.
Tenth District	James O'Brien.
Eleventh District	Isaac H. Bailey.

For box third in order, but marked and numbered "Assembly, Number Five," the ballot will read:

"For Member of Assembly for the —— Assembly District."
(One name.)

The following are the Republican candidates for Assembly:

District.
1. Michael W. Burns.
2. Charles Zoller.
3. Thomas H. Reilly.
4. Charles E. Abbott.
5. Austin Leake.
6. Frederick Sinzer.
7. Frederick W. Seward.
8. Solon B. Smith.
9. William H. Gedney.
10. Charles S. Strong.
11. Knox McAfee.
12. Joseph Archbold.
13. Charles Blackie.
14. George Hencken, Jr.
15. William S. Murray.
16. Charles E. L. Holmes.
17. Wilson Berryman.
18. Bernard Biglin.
19. Sixt Carl Kapff.
20. Jacob Hess.
21. Granville P. Hawes.

For the box fourth in order, but marked and numbered "City, Number Six," the ballot will read:

"For Aldermen for the —— Senate District."
(Two names.)

The above applies to the Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, and Seventh Senate Districts. In the Eighth Senate District, with the Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth Wards included, the ballot will read:

"For Aldermen for the Eighth Senate District and Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth Wards."
(Three names.)

The following are the Republican nominations for District Aldermen:

Fourth District	John Robinson.
Fifth District	John J. Morris. George B. Deane, Jr.
Sixth District	Chester H. Southworth. Casper A. Baaden.
Seventh District	Henry E. Howland. Joel B. Erhardt.
Eighth District	Willard Bullard. Stephen N. Simonson. H. C. Robinson.

In the Second Judicial District, (comprising the Fourth, Sixth, and Fourteenth Wards,) there will be next and fifth in order, a box marked and numbered, "Justices, Number Seven." The ballot will read:

"For Justice for the Second Judicial District, in the place of Maunsell B. Field, appointed in the place of Thomas Kivlin, deceased."
(One name.)

The Republicans have not nominated any candidate for this office. The Tammany nominee is Charles M. Clancy, and Denis Burns is the nominee of the "Liberal Democrats." A box for "Aldermen at large" will be next in order. The ballot is not to contain more than four names. The Republican candidates are:

Samuel B. H. Vance,
Frederick Kuhne,
Oliver P. C. Billings,
George H. Forster.

The next and last box will be for the Constitutional amendments. Every voter should vote for the amendments, and the necessary ballots can be obtained from any of the Republican organizations.

POLICE ARRANGEMENTS.

The Board of Police met late yesterday and directed the Superintendent to instruct the various Captains of Police to notify the Chief of the Bureau of Elections, by telegraph, at 6:30 A. M. to-day, of the absence of any inspector of election or poll clerks from the polls, and also to direct the policemen stationed at the polling places to immediately report at the station-house when less than a quorum of inspectors or canvassers is present during the election or canvass, the report to be promptly transmitted to Police Central Office by telegraph.

That portion of Rule 226 of the Rules and Regulations of the Police Department which provides that "no person shall be permitted to remain in the Police Station without express permission from the officer in charge, except members of the department and persons on business. The names of all persons receiving such permission shall be entered in full upon the blotter," was suspended, such suspension to be in force from 4 P. M. to-day until 6 A. M. on Wednesday, so as to allow citizens to be present at the station-houses when the returns from the polling places are being received.

The board adjourned to meet at 6 A. M. to-day for the purpose of appointing Inspectors of Election or Poll Clerks in place of those who may be absent from their posts when the polls open.

Superintendent Walling yesterday concluded his preparations for preserving the peace during the election to-day. The whole Police force, numbering upward of 2,200 men, have been ordered on duty, including the City Hall Police, Sanitary Company, Court Squads, and detailed men. Orders for the judicious distribution of the force have been issued, and the quota of those precincts in which disturbances are apprehended have been strengthened by drafts from other precincts in which matters are not expected to be turbulent. Reserves will also be stationed at Police Head-quarters, the City Hall, and at the East Twenty-second Street and West Forty-seventh Street Police Stations, under command of Inspectors Dilks, McDermott, Speight, and Thorne, ready for any emergency that may arise requiring the presence of a strong body of Police, and the mounted force will be pressed into the service as couriers. The Police Commissioners will be at Police Head-quarters all day.

The arrangements for the collection and reception, at the Police Head-quarters, of the elections returns are all completed, and are ample, it is believed, to secure a speedy and accurate announcement of the result of the election. The returns will be transmitted by mounted messengers from the Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh, Thirteenth, Fourteenth, Fifteenth, Sixteenth, Seventeenth, Eighteenth, Nineteenth, Twenty-first, and Twenty-eighth Precincts, and the remaining Precincts will use the telegraph in sending the returns to the Central Office. The figures as they are received will be called off by Superintendent Walling, in the court-room on the third floor of Police Head-quarters, which has been prepared for the press and the public.

THE THREE T'S.

Tammany, Tweed, and Tilden. The success of the first and last will suit the second—to a T.

THE CITY CANVASS.

The polls will close at 4 o'clock this afternoon.

Business men should vote early in the morning.

Beware of Tammany's bogus Republican tickets.

Voters should go to the polls early in the morning. People who wait until the afternoon often lose the opportunity to vote.

If "Jimmy" Hayes is elected to-day it will be an evidence that the political supporters of the convict Tweed, are as numerous in the City as in the days of the Ring.

All drinking saloons in the vicinity of the polls must be closed on the day of election. Citizens would do well to see that this law is rigidly enforced by the Police.

The Republicans of the Ninth Congressional District are bound to do their duty to-day. They will take care that their candidate, Dr. Newton, gets every one of their votes.

Hon. S. B. Smith, the Republican candidate for Assembly in the Eighth District, deserves to be sent to the Legislature as a recognition of his fidelity to the people in that body two years ago.

No Republican can find fault with the candidates on the regular ticket. The Tammany "gang," in contrast, are every way inferior, and are unworthy the suffrages of good citizens.

The Republican nominee in the Second Assembly District, Hon. Charles Zoller, is a business man known to every resident within its limits. He has lived fifteen years in North William street, and his character is without a blemish.

The United States authorities have taken every precaution to prevent the voting of persons who have illegally registered. If any of these would-be-fraudulent voters present themselves at the polls they will be promptly arrested.

The Thirteenth Assembly District Republicans are jubilant over the prospects of their standard-bearer, Hon. Charles Blackie, who served them so faithfully before. They do not intend to let Mr. Beach, the Tammany man, get anywhere near Mr. Blackie. This district is well managed.

There has never been an election in this City where everybody registered has voted on the day of election. This is because so many voters put off the time for voting until afternoon, and often find to their dissapointment that the polls are closed, or too crowded to get near the ballot boxes. Vote early.

Six warrants have been issued by United States Marshal Harlow, for the arrest of persons charged with registering falsely in Brooklyn. More than a hundred complaints have been made, but in many of these it was shown on examination that the false registry was merely the result of a mistake.

In the Twelfth Assembly District the Republicans feel satisfied that they have a good representative in Hon. Joseph Archbold, who has been a working man all his life. He is a ship carpenter, and pre-eminently a practical man—just the kind of person well calculated to make an energetic Assemblyman.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of the German Republican Association of the First Assembly District was held last night at No. 9 Leonard street, President Andrew E. Hayse in the chair. After indorsing the full Republican State and County tickets, the meeting separated, to meet at the polls this morning.

George H. Forster is a lawyer in good practice, who has never held office, and who has money enough to live without it. He did not seek the nomination for Alderman at large from the Republican Convention, and only accepted it on the advice of his friends. Tammany has not half so good a candidate in the field.

There can be no doubt of the Republicans' desire to send representative men to Albany next Winter. Witness their selection of Hon. George Hincken to be Assemblyman from the Fourteenth District. He never held an office in his life before. All his days have been spent in business pursuits. He is a well-known provision-dealer.

Charles E. L. Holmes, Republican candidate for Assembly in the Sixteenth District, has a good chance of election. He is a manufacturer of considerable means, and a man of culture and refinement. Mr. Holmes deserves the enthusiastic support of every voter in his district.

No Republican in the Fifth Senatorial District can hesitate to vote for John J. Morris and George B. Deane, Jr., the Republican candidates for Aldermen in that district. They cannot be charged with being "carpet-baggers," for Mr. Morris has lived in the district for fifty years, and Mr. Deane has resided in it since boyhood.

William H. Gedney, Republican candidate for Assembly in the Ninth District, is justly esteemed as one of its most worthy residents. As a School Trustee for fifteen years he gave universal satisfaction, and as City Councilman in 1862, and Alderman in 1865 and 1866, he made a most creditable record.

William Berryman, the Republican candidate for Assembly in the Seventeenth District, is well deserving of the suffrages of the people. He is a graduate of the Free Academy, and is, in every way, identified with the best interests of the City. Mr. Berryman has been twice elected a member of the Assembly, and made an excellent record as an honest legislator.

Michael W. Burns, Republican candidate for Assembly in the First District, is a man worthy of the support of his fellow-citizens, because he served the country long and faithfully during the rebellion in the Excelsior Brigade. He is in every sense the superior of such a man as the notorious Nick Muller, the Tammany nominee.

Judge Howland, Republican candidate for Alderman in the Seventh District, is the people's choice, and deservedly so. In the first place he is a gentleman in every sense of the word, a lawyer of high repute, socially the peer of the best men in the district, and possessed of character and ability. His election is earnestly looked for by all who know him.

Mr. Casper A. Braaden, one of the Republican candidates for Alderman in the Sixth Senatorial District, enjoys an enviable reputation. He is a baker, doing business in Broome street. Mr. Baaden's countrymen, the Germans of the district, know him better than other classes of citizens, and will, it is believed, vote for him irrespective of party.

The Germans in the Seventh Congressional District should not forget this morning that Hon. Charles S. Spencer, the Republican candidate, has always been one of their warmest friends. He is an honest man, and always speaks his mind in politics. No doubt the residents of the Seventh know this as well as anybody, and perhaps that is one reason why they have determined to elect him.

A rumor was started by the "regular" Democrats yesterday that Mr. D. P. Barnard, the National Democratic candidate for District Attorney of Kings County, had withdrawn from the contest in favor of Winchester Britton. The rumor is a pure fabrication. Mr. Barnard is still a candidate, and will be until the closing of the polls this evening.

Mr. O. P. C. Billings, Republican candidate for Alderman at large, is a well-known and respected lawyer of this City, and during his term of service in the present Board of Aldermen, has always voted for salutary measures and against bad ones. He was nominated by the Republican Convention because it was believed that a better candidate could not be found.

Police Justice Hogan is confident of a majority over his Tammany opponent for Congress, Edwin R. Meade. He is sustained in his opinion by Senator John Fox, and many leading Democrats of the district. Meade, it is avowed, is not entitled to the suffrages of the people of the district, because he is a "carpet-bagger," his family residing the greater part of the year in Chenango County.

There are 557 election districts in the City, and there is a polling place in every one of them. In each polling place there are stationed four Inspectors of Election, two Poll Clerks two United States Supervisors of Election, and two United States Deputy Marshals, the Republican and Democratic parties being equally represented. This makes a force of 5,57[illegible] men to look after the ballot-boxes, the voters, and the votes cast.

Hon. Isaac H. Bailey, who will be elected Congressman for the Eleventh District, has been accused of making personal attacks in print on Benjamin F. Willis, Tammany's candidate. Mr. Bailey never did any such thing, directly or indirectly, and it is pretty well known that Mr. Willis is himself to blame for giving occasion for aught that has been written or printed against him. His record is on file. Whose fault is it that it is a bad one?

The Republican electors of the Fifth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, Eleventh, Thirteenth, Eighteenth, and Twentieth Assembly Districts have all excellent nominees for the Assembly, and there is good reason to believe that they can be elected. It would be difficult to find better candidates in those districts than Austin Leake, Frederick W. Seward, Solon B. Smith, William H. Gedney, Knox McAfee, Charles Blackie, Bernard Biglin, and Jacob Hess.

Too much cannot be said in favor of Hon. Frederick W. Seward, candidate for Assembly in the Seventh District. He has a national reputation through his services at Washington. Aside from this Mr. Seward has personal qualifications which eminently fit him for the Legislature of a State sadly in need of thoughtful and honorable legislators. It is comforting to know that the Republicans and many Democrats have resolved to elect him to-day.

A regular meeting of the Third Assembly District Republican Association was held last evening at No. 220 Bowery, Mr. Thomas F. Geary presiding. After transacting the routine business, a meeting of the Supervisors of Election, Poll Clerks, and Inspectors was held and assignments made to the different election districts. The Inspectors of Election were instructed to reassemble at 5 o'clock this morning to receive their books, and ballots will be distributed at the same time to the box-keepers.

The First Assembly District Republican Association held its regular meeting last evening at No. 154 Franklin street, First Vice President M. W. Burns in the chair. The Chairman said he hoped to meet every man early at the polls, where they should remain during the day. Mr. Joseph Scully said that the First Ward was certain for the straight Republican ticket, and he had no doubt of the election of Col. Burns to the Assembly and Mr. John Robinson to the Board of Aldermen.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of the Italian Central Society of the Fifth Congressional District was held at No. 123 West Houston street, Louis F. Merline presiding. Mr. Austin Leake, Republican candidate for Assembly, addressed the meeting, as did also Judge Edward Hogan, anti-Tammany candidate for Congress, through his representative, Charles P. Sunelly. A letter was read from Mr. Frederick W. Seward, and addresses were delivered by Alfonso Fiariavanti, Guiseppe Feretti, and Felice Girardi.

Hon. Knox McAfee is sure of re-election in the Eleventh Assembly District. He merited by his course in the last Legislature the indorsement of the responsible property-holders he represented. This he has received most cordially, and in a very flattering manner. Therefore, there can be little doubt of his success. With the recommendation of men like Jackson S. Schultz, C. D. Van Wagenen, and Hon. E. D. Morgan, Mr. McAfee might go before the people all his life.

Hon. John D. Lawson, the Republican candidate for Congress in the Eighth Congressional District, is indorsed for re-election by ninety-six of the best known and most respected merchants and citizens in other walks of life in this City. He is also indorsed by all the reform organizations. Mr. Lawson has besides the enthusiastic support of men who have been acquainted with him for years, and who are thoroughly conversant with all the good points in his character. He has made a good Congressman, and will do so again. Mr. Lawson is opposed to the Democratic doctrine of inflation and repudiation.

Ex-Senator James O'Brien's chances of being returned to represent the Tenth Congressional District are becoming more bright as the end draws near. His personal popularity begins to tell for him against Abram S. Hewitt, the New-Jersey carpet-bagger, and Mr. O'Brien's friends feel sanguine of his success to-day. Certainly, every right-minded voter ought not to hesitate in making a choice between the man whose record in the State Senate was so good and the gentleman from New-Jersey who "swore off" his personal taxes. Republicans and Reformers must be careful to-day that they are not duped in the matter of tickets by the agents of Kelly and Morrissey.

The Democrats in the Fifth Assembly and Senatorial Districts are hopelessly demoralized. Warren C. Bennett, the "carpet-bagger" candidate for Assembly thrust upon them by Tammany at the instigation of the low rum-seller who claims to "run" the district, is distasteful to the great mass of the voters, who have avowed their intention to vote for the Republican nominee, Austin Leake, or the independent candidate, Isaac Robinson. So serious is the disaffection that the election of Mr. Leake is conceded. The hostility to Alderman Edward "Gilon," candidate for Alderman, is universal in the Aldermanic district. The Irish voters charge him with having changed his name from "Gillen" to "Gilon" in order to conceal his Irish birth, and are determined to "get even" with him at the polls today.

Mr. Frederick Kühne, one of the Republican candidates for Alderman at large in this City, is very popular among the Germans, and will probably be elected. He came to this country in 1850 to establish a branch of the firm of Knauth, Nachod & Kühne, importers. He has since that time been identified with many of the great German movements in this City. He was Consul General in New-York for fourteen German States until 1866, when the Prusso-Austrian war rendered his services no longer necessary. He was also the projector and Treasurer of the Humboldt Monument fund, and was a fiscal agent under Mr. Chase. He is a well-known merchant and banker, and as a politician has always been identified with the Republican Party, for whom he was a Presidential elector from the Seventh District in 1872. Mr. Kühne is at present the chief of the Eagle Steam-ship Line, and a thorough business man, commanding the respect and confidence of the commercial community. It would be ridiculous to institute a comparison between him and the Tammany candidates, Samuel A. Lewis or Magnus Gross.

COMMISSIONER VAN NORT'S POSITION.

Commissioner Van Nort is, and always has been, working earnestly and efficiently for the whole Republican ticket. There is no truth in the recent statement of a morning paper that he is a supporter of Wickham. Mr. Van Nort has labored faithfully for Salem H. Wales, and will continue to do so until the polls close. The Republican candidates have no more consistent supporter than the Commissioner of Public Works, and no attention should be paid to stories invented for political effect on the eve of election.

WATCH THE POLLS.

Republicans should watch the ballot-boxes. Vote in the morning, and see that your Republican friends vote also. In the evening watch close by the counting of the votes. Tilden has been scattering his money with a lavish hand, and it is broadly intimated that he is to renew the tactics of his friend Tweed. There is no doubt that attempts will be made to override the will of the people by fraudulent counting. Let the people look to it. The Republicans of New-York must not be cheated out of their candidates by false counting, as they were in 1868.

THE EIGHTEENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

Bernard Biglin, the Republican candidate for the Assembly in the Eighteenth District, is a native of Pennsylvania, and is descended from an excellent family. Three of his brothers served in the army and navy of the Union—one in the West, under Sherman, another under Sheridan, and still another in the navy, under Admiral Rogers. Mr. Biglin has represented his district for two terms to the satisfaction of his constituents and with credit to himself. His character as a gentleman and as a legislator is vouched for by Hon. George S. Batcheller, Hon. A. B. Cornell, Hon. Hamilton Fish, Jr., and other well-known members of the House, who have served with him, and who have had ample opportunity to judge as to his ability and integrity. It is not possible that any Republican in the district should for a moment hesitate to vote for Mr. Biglin.

THE TWENTY-FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

Col. Granville P. Hawes is the only Republican candidate for Assembly in the Twenty-first District. William Haw, Jr., has withdrawn from the canvass. With a united front, the Republicans in that district ought to win a victory. Col. Hawes is a sound lawyer, an able and eloquent speaker, a good citizen, and would do honor to his constituency. It is not often that such a gentleman consents at a personal sacrifice, to serve his party in the State Legislature. He ought to be elected, and he will be, if our Republican friends will turn out to-day and do a hard day's work. Every respectable citizen in the district should vote for Col. Hawes.

TILDEN THE RAILROAD CANDIDATE.

There is not the slightest doubt that the railroad lawyer is receiving the active support of several of the grasping monopolies that strive to rule the State of New-York. A vote for Tilden is a vote in favor of railroad monopoly. It is a well-known fact that the recent rise of about two per cent. in a certain well-known stock is owing to the supposed probability of Tilden's election.

VOTE AGAINST BRIBERY.

The Democratic candidates have once more attempted to buy the votes of the people of the State. Let every opponent of bribery in our elections vote against the candidates of the Democracy. It is the party of dishonesty in public as well as private life, and the only safe course for respectable citizens is to vote the entire Republican ticket.

THE GERMANS CONFIDENT THAT TAMMANY WILL BE DEFEATED.

The German organizations, which, during the campaign, have been active in the movement against Tammany to secure the defeat of the candidates of the new Ring, were busy yesterday in making final arrangements for the contest at the polls to-day. The Presidents and representatives of the numerous German civic societies, the vocal and musical organizations, the rifle associations, the various German lodges and benevolent societies, were in session at the Germania Assembly Rooms to arrange the details. Ten thousand tickets were received from the Ottendorfer German Central Campaign Organization for distribution among the societies and organizations. An executive committee is in operation, composed of the representatives of twenty-one of the leading organizations, including the Liederkranz and Arion. It was stated that thousands of Dix and Robinson tickets, with Ottendorfer for Mayor, have been printed for the use of Republican voters, and 25,000 of these tickets had been distributed in a single district—the Tenth Assembly District. Meetings were held last night by the various clubs and organizations in every district of the City, and all the leaders in the movement appear to be confident that the contest at the polls will result in the defeat of the new Tammany Ring.

ABRAM S. HEWITT AND THE WORKING-MEN.

Michael W. Smith, of No. 321 East Twenty-fourth street, in a communication to the TIMES, makes an earnest appeal to working men in the Tenth Congressional District to vote against Abram S. Hewitt, the Tammany candidate for Congress. He says that Tammany Hall has insulted that class of citizens by making Mr. Hewitt the candidate of the party. In answer to Mr. Hewitt's statement published in an evening paper that he was a fit representative for the Tenth District, THE TIMES correspondent points to the fact of his acknowledgment in that statement that he has been a legal resident of New-Jersey for twenty years, and that his capital is all invested there. The appeal charges Mr. Hewitt with being a "carpet-bagger," and not entitled to a vote in this City, and also that as an employer, he is a tyrant to those employed by him. To substantiate the last allegation it is stated that a visit to his wire works at Ringwood and his blast furnaces at Trenton, in the State of New-Jersey, "is all that is necessary" to satisfy the most incredulous. Mr. Hewitt at one time proposed to make reductions in the wages of his men, which would only leave them ninety cents per day to live on. The men struck in a body in resistance to his "unjust demand," and the strike lasted for over four months. Hewitt brought men from other parts of the country to supply his customers, and by means of his capital, defeated the poor workmen. Mr. Smith concludes his appeal by stating that he has been identified with labor movements for fifteen years, and in his experience he has never known an employer in the iron business who is "half as much" of a tyrant as is Abram S. Hewitt. He calls upon the working classes to oppose the election of men inimical to their interests and "identified with speculators in Wall street."

KINGS COUNTY.

REACTION IN FAVOR OF THE REPUBLICANS—CHEERING PROSPECTS OF THE PARTY—LIST OF CANDIDATES.

For some days past a complete revolution of political feeling has been taking place in Kings County. It cannot be denied that when the active work of the campaign commenced there appeared to be a feeling among the people in favor of the Democrats. This feeling was not diminished by the fact that the Republicans, in their anxiety to obtain good candidates for Commissioners of Charities, fell into some mistakes in making up the remainder of their ticket. Not that they nominated for office any but good men, but the strongest candidates for some offices were not at first selected. A mistake, too, but only a technical one, was made in nominating Mr. Ripley Ropes for Charity Commissioner. As is well known, the Democrats have conducted the Department of Charities in such a manner as to bring universal disgrace on the County of Kings. While spending literally hundreds of thousands of dollars each year, the unfortunate paupers and lunatics, under the care of the Democratic Commissioners, have been allowed to die of actual starvation and disease, brought on by want and neglect. Mr. Ropes has distinguished himself by assailing the corrupt Commissioners, in season and out of season, in the interests of the starving poor. Among the Democratic politicians he gained enemies, but the people of all parties appeared of his course. He was therefore nominated by the Republicans, but, as explained heretofore in THE TIMES, was ineligible in consequence of non-residence. Mr. Ropes, however, has not ceased in his labors for the paupers, and as the best means of securing them relief, has warmly indorsed and worked for the Republican nominees for Charity Commissioners. So far from making any attempt to reform the commission, the Democrats have had the audacity to renominate some of the men who assisted in making the department what it is. The people generally resent this, and hence the revulsion of feeling in favor of the Republican candidates.

The Democrats in their desperation are selling out their candidate for Governor, (he having never been popular with them,) to secure, if possible, votes for their local ticket. Britton, the Democratic candidate for District Attorney, and his friends are making desperate efforts to secure his election. Yesterday the county was flooded with tickets bearing the names of the Republican candidates, from Gen. Dix downward, with the exception of that of Gen. Crooke, Britton's name being substituted for District Attorney in place of the General. Republican voters should examine their tickets carefully this morning, and see that they bear the names of the Republican candidates given below.

Mr. Schroeder's election is assured, but he should have as large a majority as possible. Republicans should, for their own sakes and for the sake of humanity generally, use every effort to elect their nominees for Charity Commissioners. A stronger ticket has never been presented to the voters of Kings County than that which they are asked to vote for by the Republican Party to-day. All the men on the ticket are of high character and good standing in the community, and their names are a guarantee of good government. The reverse is true of the Democratic ticket, which is made up of old party hacks—men who have "claims," and men who, like Britton, want to be "vindicated." No man of any party need be ashamed to vote for the Republican candidates, a list of whom will be found below:

COUNTY TICKET.

District Attorney—Philip S. Crooke.
County Treasurer—Daniel Maujer.
County Auditor—George H. Fisher.
Coroner, Western District—James Watt.
Coroner, Eastern District—Jared Clark.
Commissioner of Charities, Second District—Samuel Booth.
Commissioner of Charities, Third District—George W. Harmer.
Commissioner of Charities, Fifth District—William J. Cropsey.
Justice of Sessions—Henry Wolfert.

CITY TICKET.

Controller—F. A. Schroeder.
City Auditor—George Thomas.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Second District—E. T. Wood.
Third District—P. W. Ostrander.
Short term—Frederic A. Cocheu.
Fourth District—George C. Bennett.

ASSEMBLY.

First District—————.
Second District—S. C. Carll.
Third District—A. E. Masters, Jr.
Fourth District—J. H. Clyne.
Fifth District—J. H. Burtis.
Sixth District—Jacob Worth.
Seventh District—J. P. Short.
Eighth District—David Williams.
Ninth District—John F. Stinson.

ALDERMEN.

Second Ward—— ——.
Fourth Ward—B. Stryker.
Sixth Ward—E. F. Witte.
Eighth Ward—R. W. Fielding.
Tenth Ward—C. T. Trowbridge.
Twelfth Ward———.
Fourteenth Ward—A. J. Higgins.
Sixteenth Ward—David Acker.
Eighteenth Ward—Adrian M. Suydam.
Twentieth Ward—John French.
Twenty-second Ward—W. T. Morford.

NEW-JERSEY.

THE REPUBLICAN STATE OFFICERS TO BE VOTED FOR TO-DAY—COUNTY ELECTIONS.

The election to be held in New-Jersey to-day is for a Governor, (successor to Joel Parker,) a Congressman for each of the Congressional districts in the State, a new Legislature, several State Senators, and the county tickets. The Republican nominee for Governor is Hon. George A. Halsey, of Newark. The Republican Congressional nominees are:

Dist.
1. Clement A. Sinnickson.
2. Samuel A. Dobbins.
3. Amos Clark, Jr.
4. Charles Place.

Dist.
5. Wm. Walter Phelps.
6. Marcus L. Ward.
7. Isaac W. Scudder.

In seven of the counties State Senators are to be elected. The State Senators hold office for three years, and one-third of the whole body goes out every year. The Assembly contains sixty members, and is elected annually. The Republican nominees in the most populous sections of the State are as follows:

Hudson County—First District, George H. Farrier; Third, John D. Carscallen; Fourth, Aren Steenken; Fifth, John J. Toffey; Sixth, Simeon J. Smith; Seventh, Charles M. Forbes; Eighth, Alexander Jacobus.

In Essex County, comprising Newark, the nominations are: First District, Andrew Teed; Second, Jabez R. Hazard; Third, Francis K. Howell; Fourth, S. V. C. Rensselaer; Fifth, J. H. Wightman; Sixth, Samuel Morrow, Jr.; Seventh, William H. Kirk; Eighth, Bethuel L. Dodd; Ninth, William H. Cleveland.

In Passaic County the following Assembly nominations have been made: First District, Samuel Newell; Second, Edward Francisco; Third, Robert M. Torbet.

Last year the Senate stood 14 Republicans, 7 Democrats, and the Lower House stood 32 Republicans to 28 Democrats.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

THE COUNCIL OF POLITICAL REFORM AND THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

A correspondent in yesterday's TIMES calls the attention of the public to the danger of the defeat of the pending constitutional amendments, on account of a supposed neglect to make the necessary preparation for their adoption. This neglect has not been altogether as great as your correspondent imagines. And it may contribute to the end he has in view in his communication, which is to arouse every friend of these amendments who has a vote to give it for them to-morrow, on account of the danger of their being defeated, to encourage such a vote by the prospect of their adoption in view of what has actually been done to secure such a result. Your correspondent is an illustration of the principal cause of the general apathy on this subject of which he complains, viz., a not sufficiently careful examination of the papers. Whoever else may have been remiss, the Council of Political Reform has undertaken to do what the failure of all recent attempts to amend the organic law of the State have demonstrated to be necessary to the confirmation of those now pending.

At its stated meeting in May last, the Council instructed its Law Committee, of which Dorman B. Eaton, Esq., is the Chairman, to take systematic measures to bring the nature and claims of these amendments duly before the electors of the State, and to prepare for the voting upon them. This committee availed itself of the services of Hon. L. Bradford Prince, of the Legislature, who prepared a condensed but exhaustive explanatory statement of the nature, necessity, and operation of these amendments, fitted for popular circulation. Twenty thousand copies of this statement, with the concurrent resolutions of the Legislature and an accompanying appeal, have been distributed throughout the State. The State was divided into several sections, and canvassers were employed—principally lawyers during their Summer vacation—to visit every Assembly district and town of the State, and press this subject upon the attention of the leading citizens, editors of the papers, and the officers of the political parties. By these means most of the conductors of the newspapers of the State have been induced to publish the amendments and advocate their adoption. The printing and delivery of the requisite number of ballots to the several County Committees of the political parties was procured. Instructions have been obtained from the General State Committees of both the political parties to the County Committees to see that these ballots are properly distributed to the voters at the election. More than 10,000 influential citizens from all the towns and cities of the State have been engaged to take upon themselves the special care of the balloting on the amendments in their respective districts. A circular from citizens of this City and Brooklyn, of both of the political parties, and having a State reputation, was obtained and sent to the newspapers of the State, to be printed just on the eve of the election, urging the adoption of the amendments, for the purpose chiefly of influencing the votes of those who are not informed as to their merits. The co-operation of the Union League Club, the Bar Association, the Committee of One Hundred of Brooklyn, the Chamber of Commerce, and the other commercial and financial organizations of the City has been sought and obtained. Every election district of the State is well supplied with ballots, and in all friends will be on hand at the polls to influence the balloting.

Although there is still a very general and unjustifiable ignorance on the subject of these amendments, it is not of an extent to preclude the probability of their being adopted if the friends of these measures are reasonably active. While the possibility of defeat should arouse the friends of public order to their utmost exertion for the adoption of these amendments, a reasonable prospect of their confirmation should also encourage the same effort.

H. N. BEERS, Secretary of Council.
NEW-YORK, Monday, Nov. 2, 1874.

GOV. DIX AND THE SOUTH-SIDE ROAD.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

An article in the New-York *Sun* of Saturday has just come to my notice, headed "Our Thrifty Governor." This article is intended to injure our worthy Governor, and does him a great injustice. He had nothing to do with arranging the stock and bonds of the South-side Railroad Company, but subscribed and paid in cash for all of his stock and bonds. His conduct has been upright and honorable in every sense of the word. He gave much labor and service to aid the enterprise without charge, and has not in any way made one dollar.

CHARLES FOX,
Ex-President South-side Railroad Company.
NEW-YORK, Monday, Nov. 2, 1874.

DEMOCRATIC TACTICS.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Every Democratic Inspector of Election received a printed notice, signed by John Kelly, to attend a meeting at Tammany Hall yesterday (Sunday) afternoon, and the notice was fully complied with.

Are the tactics of 1868, of delaying the count in this City, to obtain to-morrow night?

Why the notice? Wherefore the meeting?

SPEERER.

VIRGINIA.

THE POLITICAL DISTURBANCE AT YORKTOWN LAST WEEK.

FORTRESS MONROE, Va., Oct. 31.—As the day of election approaches the various political leaders are marshaling their forces in close marching order for the coming contest, and there has been more acrimony and bad blood in this district than has ever been known since the war. Fights have occurred, but as yet there has been no loss of life. The situation in this district is a peculiar one. On the 4th of July last Robert Norton, a colored man, of Yorktown, called together his friends and the members of the colored secret societies with which he is prominently connected, and had himself nominated for Congress as the Republican candidate. In August Hon. James H. Platt, the present representative from this district, was nominated at Hampton as the regular Republican candidate by a convention composed of Republicans, both white and colored. In September the Conservatives met in Suffolk and nominated Hon. John Goode, a prominent lawyer of Norfolk, as their standard-bearer, and the triangular fight began in dead earnest. Since that time meetings have been held in nearly every hamlet in the district. Yesterday, at a meeting in Yorktown, a report of which was before telegraphed, when Platt and a party of his friends arrived there they found Norton and Goode in possession of the field. Words were at once interchanged between them and the Norton faction, and from words it soon came to blows, followed quickly by the knife and pistol. Some half a dozen shots were fired, one on each side receiving slight flesh wounds, when the trouble was quieted by the better judgment of the more conservative, and the meeting was inaugurated. While this was going on the Conservatives who were in attendance quietly viewed the scene. They then formed in a triangle three separate groups. Platt addressed his friends, Goode his, and Norton his; and thus ended quietly a meeting that at one time bade fair to furnish a number of funeral processions.

ALABAMA AND TENNESSEE.

THE ENFORCEMENT ACT AT SELMA—NO EXCITEMENT IN MEMPHIS.

SELMA, Ala., Nov. 2.—Diggs, County Solicitor, and Morgan, Tax Collector, both Republicans, were arrested here to-day, under the Enforcement act. The affidavit for the arrest was made by John Silsby, Independent Republican candidate for Tax Collector, and charges the defendants with conspiring to intimidate colored men from voting the Independent ticket. The United States Commissioner bound both over to the District Court.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Nov. 2.—There is very little excitement over the election to-morrow at this place. The municipal authorities have ordered all saloons to be closed during the day.

KENTUCKY.

TWO STRAIGHT REPUBLICAN CONGRESSMEN EXPECTED.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 2.—Much interest is felt here about the Congressional election to-morrow. In some of the districts the Republicans have no candidate, and in other districts they have left the field to the Independent Democrats. The Republicans confidently expect to elect one, and probably two, straight Republicans to Congress.

DELAWARE.

THE STATE CLAIMED BY BOTH PARTIES—PROBABLE SUCCESS OF THE REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WILMINGTON, Del., Nov. 2.—Republican estimates claim the State for both Governor and Member of Congress by a small majority. The Republican candidate for Governor is likely to lead, and may pull through, though the Representative may be beaten. The Democrats profess to expect a large majority, but it is scarcely possible that either side can get five hundred. Republican gains in the Legislature are looked for, but not enough to reverse its complexion and defeat Mr. Bayard. There is deep public interest, and a large vote will be cast. Senators Thurman and Bayard are addressing a large out-door meeting in this city this evening, and the Republicans are holding another meeting.

DEATH OF HON. E. R. WING.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 2.—Information was received here to-day by the family of Hon. E. Rumsey Wing, United States Minister to Ecuador, of his death at Quito, Oct. 11. He had been in bad health for some time past, and several months since resigned his position, but was unable to start upon his journey home. He was only thirty years of age at the time of his death.

LATEST NEWS BY CABLE.

FRANCE.

ELECTION OF A BONAPARTIST DEPUTY IN THE PAS DE CALAIS.

PARIS, Nov. 2.—Complete returns from the election held yesterday in the Pas de Calais for Deputy in the Assembly show that M. Dellisse Engrand, the Bonapartist candidate, was chosen by a decided majority.

GERMANY.

POSTAL TREATIES WITH THE SPANISH-AMERICAN REPUBLICS.

BERLIN, Nov. 2.—Postal treaties between Germany, and Chili and Peru have passed their second reading in the German Parliament. Negotiations are pending for similar treaties with Bolivia, Costa Rica, Colombia, and other Spanish-American States

SPAIN.

SENOR CASTELAR IN MADRID—INVESTMENT OF IRUN BY CARLISTS.

LONDON, Nov. 3.—Dispatches from Madrid announce the return of Señor Castelar to that city.

The Carlists report that they have erected four batteries of sixteen cannon before Irun, and the bombardment will be opened on Wednesday at the latest.

GREAT BRITAIN.

THE PRINCE OF WALES VISITING BIRMINGHAM.

LONDON, Nov. 3—5:30 A. M.—The Prince of Wales visits Birmingham to-day, and great preparations have been made for his reception. Triumphal arches have been erected in the principal streets, and the city will be profusely decorated with flags and streamers. At night there will be a general illumination.

MARINE DISASTER.

LONDON, Nov. 3.—The bark Sarah A. Dudman, Rose, Master, from Liverpool, for the United States, has been towed into Beaumaris, Anglesey, in a badly damaged condition.

THE DIRECT CABLE.

RECOVERY OF THE LOST PORTION IN GOOD CONDITION—PAYING OUT RESUMED.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—The cable of the Direct United States Company, which parted and was lost while being laid by the Faraday, has been picked up by that vessel in latitude 50° 31', longitude 24° 19', at a depth of 1,871 fathoms. The cable is in perfect condition. It was spliced to the portion remaining on the Faraday at 11 o'clock this morning, and the work of paying out again commenced.

THE ARGENTINE REPUBLIC.

REPORTED BATTLE NEAR BUENOS AYRES—THE RESULT NOT DECISIVE.

MONTEVIDEO, Nov. 2.—Advices from Buenos Ayres state that a report has reached there, which was not officially confirmed, that a battle took place on the 26th ult. in the Province of Buenos Ayres, near the mouth of the Rio Salado, between the Government troops and a body of rebels under Mitre. The result is said to have been uncertain, although the Government forces claimed a victory. Mitre's force retired and effected a junction with that of Ribas, when both again marched toward the City of Buenos Ayres.

The Government troops still retained their original positions about the capital, and a decisive engagement was hourly expected.

THE SLAVE TRADE.

ATTENTION OF THE PORTE CALLED TO THE TRAFFIC BETWEEN BENGAZI AND EGYPT.

LONDON, Nov. 3.—The British Ambassador at Constantinople has called the attention of the Porte to the increasing slave traffic between Bengazi and Egypt, and the Porte has promised to suppress it.

THE WEATHER.

SYNOPSIS AND PROBABILITIES.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3—1 A. M.—The barometer has risen in the districts on the Atlantic coast, with continued cool and generally clear weather. Cool weather prevails in the remaining districts, with east to south winds and higher temperature. The barometer continues lowest, but has risen slightly in the Upper Mississippi Valley.

The rivers have remained stationary during the day.

PROBABILITIES.

For New England and the Middle States, cool and hazy weather, south or west winds, and high barometer.

For the lake region partly cloudy weather, with fresh and brisk southerly and westerly winds, slight changes in temperature, and falling barometer east of Lake Michigan.

For the North-west generally clear and cooler weather, and south-west to north-west winds.

For the canal region in New-York and Pennsylvania the temperature will remain below freezing.

LOSSES BY FIRE.

A quantity of charcoal in the stock-house of the Vesuvius furnace at Trenton, Ohio, was destroyed by fire on Saturday; loss $10,000.

Hogg & Ford's oatmeal mill at Galt, Ontario, was destroyed by fire yesterday morning. The stock is insured for $2,000 in the Gore Insurance Company, and $3,000 in the Waterloo Mutual. The building is insured for $2,000.

The schooner Susan Jane, from Bangor, for Kittery, Me., went ashore Saturday night on York Ledge, and by the bursting of a lamp was burned with part of her deck-load.

St. Joe, a small oil town in Butler County, Penn., was destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon. Twenty-five dwellings, two drug stores, and several livery stables were burned. The fire originated in a defective flue. No estimate of the loss can be formed at present.

The Philadelphia glass works of Thomas J. Cook, at the corner of York and Thompson streets, Philadelphia, were burned yesterday afternoon. The fire was caused by hot pieces of glass flying among some saltpetre bags. Loss $30,000; insured for $5,000 in the Amazon and Farmers' Companies.

BY MAIL AND TELEGRAPH.

Gov. Allen, of Ohio, designated Thursday, the 26th November, as a day of thanksgiving and prayer.

The first ice of the season, at Montreal, formed during Saturday night, and the first snow fell on Sunday.

There was a heavy, killing frost and ice in Mobile, Ala., and a killing frost in Pensacola yesterday morning.

Mrs. G. B. Hobart died very suddenly yesterday morning, while under the influence of chloroform in a dentist's office in Kingston, Ont.

The Captain and mate of the brig Nancy, which arrived at Halifax, Nova Scotia, from New York yesterday, have been arrested for maltreating a seaman, named John Morris.

A banquet was given to Baron Schwarz Senborn last evening, at the Union League House, Philadelphia, by the Philadelphia Commissioners of the Vienna Exposition.

Two masked men entered the house of Mrs. Sarah A. Bonalley, at North Adams, Mass., on Sunday night, and, after tying her to a chair, robbed the house of $[illegible] in money.

THE CHURCH CONVENTION.

THE SESSION DRAWING TO A CLOSE.

PROPOSED NEW LECTIONARY—RELATIONS TOWARD THE GREEK CHURCH—DEBATE ON THE REVISION OF THE RUBRICS—CONFIRMATION OF REV. WILLIAM F. ADAMS TO THE NEW BISHOPRIC.

Yesterday's session of the Episcopal Convention was characterized by all the confusion usually attending the near approach of the adjournment of a large legislative body. Everybody insisted frequently upon the great need of economizing every moment of time, and still at least one-quarter of the day was spent in discussion of parliamentary rules. A great deal of miscellaneous business was introduced and discussed, of which a report will be found below, but the day was not marked by any decided legislative action, with a single exception. A missionary jurisdiction was established, consisting of New-Mexico and Arizona, and Rev. William F. Adams was elected its Bishop.

An indication that the Seymour case is not yet decided was given yesterday in the liberal circulation of an affidavit, duly attested before a notary, in which one of the students of the General Theological Seminary testifies that Prof. Seymour could not have "allowed Father Grafton to indoctrinate the students in his own peculiar views"—an assertion which cost Prof. Seymour the Bishopric of Wisconsin—for the very good reason that Father Grafton, in his visit to the seminary, did not once refer to the Confraternity of the Blessed Sacrament, and taught nothing that was not strictly allowable. A reply is confidently expected from those who thus attacked the Bishop elect. Besides this controversy, another result of the ritualistic contest will probably be the starting of a High Church periodical in opposition to the *Church Journal*, to the influence of which the Ritualists attribute much of the severity of their defeat. The enterprise is said to be supported by the Bishops of New-York, New-Jersey, and Albany. It is probable that the convention will adjourn to-day, and that this evening the pastoral letter of the Bishops will be read at St. John's Chapel.

THE PROCEEDINGS.

At 10 o'clock the President of the General Episcopal Convention took his chair and the minutes of the preceding session were read and approved. The first business of the day was the continuance, at its own request, of the joint committee to examine the proof-sheets of the proposed standard Bible.

The Committee on Canons asked that it be discharged from further consideration of a resolution which had been referred to it, and which proposed that in case of the election of a Missionary Bishop two nominations should hereafter be made by the House of Bishops, instead of one as formerly, and that a majority should be necessary to the choice of either. The committee was discharged accordingly.

PROPOSED NEW LECTIONARY.

The calendar of business was then called. At its head was a resolution from the House of Bishops proposing a new lectionary for use on the week days of Lent, and Ember, and Rogation days, and authorizing its use until it was finally legalized by the next General Convention.

Rev. Dr. Alfred B. Beach, of New-York, offered a substitute to the same purport, but which in its terms did not violate article 8 of the constitution, as it was alleged was done by the resolution from the House of Bishops.

Rev. Dr. John Fulton, of Alabama, proposed a further amendment which put it in the power of the General Convention to change the whole lectionary of the Church at any time by a concurrence of both houses.

Rev. Dr. William Paret, of Central Pennsylvania, opposed the measure because it made changes in the Prayer-Book easy. He also thought the lectionary of the Church was not patchwork, but was an entire and consistent system, and it ought not to be changed on such slight consideration as was now being given to the subject.

Rev. Dr. James De Koven, of Wisconsin, thought no change in the Prayer-Book was contemplated. All that was intended was to give power to use alternately certain portions of Scripture without interfering at all with the general system.

Judge Hugh W. Sheffey, of Virginia, moved, as an addition to Dr. Fulton's amendment, that it should require a majority of the House of Bishops and a majority of the Dioceses of the House of Deputies to adopt any change in the lectionary.

Mr. Eli T. Wilder, of Minnesota, was opposed to the measure before the house, because it provided for an endless and indefinite number of changes of the lectionary, instead of providing for one revision which was perhaps necessary and would be final.

Rev. Dr. Fulton withdrew his amendment, in order that Rev. Dr. Beach's might be first voted upon. Dr. Beach's, upon being put to the vote, was carried, and Dr. Fulton's, being then renewed, was lost.

Rev. Dr. William Wilson, of Central New-York, reported that the German Prayer-Book was in a high degree of forward progress, and asked that the committee upon its translation be continued. The report was adopted, and the committee continued.

The House of Deputies concurred in a message from the House of Bishops, nominating as delegates to the next Provincial Synod of Canada, Rev. Dr. James Craik, of Kentucky; Rev. Dr. Edwin M. Van Dusen, of Central New-York; Rev. Dr. Noah Hunt Schenck, of Long Island; Gov. Hamilton Fish, of New-York; Gov. John W. Stevenson, of Kentucky, and Judge Lucius B. Otis, of Illinois.

The next resolution upon the calendar was one providing for a reduction of the expense attending the printing of the journal. It was adopted.

THE RUSSIAN GREEK CHURCH.

During the foregoing debate a message was received from the House of Bishops embodying the report of the joint Committee on Communication with the Russian Greek Church. The report, which was very voluminous, closed with the following resolutions:

Resolved, the House of Clerical and Lay Deputies concurring, That this General Convention has great satisfaction in learning the courteous and brotherly tenor of the letters received from Most Rev. Anthimus, Patriarch of Constantinople; Sophronius, Patriarch of Alexandria; Hierotheus, Patriarch of Antioch; Isidore, President of the Holy Governing Synod of Russia, and Theophilus, Metropolitan of Athens.

Resolved, That we regard the establishment of full and reciprocal relations of Christian brotherhood between the great Eastern Churches and our own communion as daily growing in importance and usefulness, and heartily pray the Great Head of the Church that his spirit may so rule in all our counsels as to remove all hindrances which the pride, prejudice, and error of human frailty may present to hinder its consummation.

Resolved, That we desire the continuance and increased frequency of friendly correspondence with our brethren of the Holy Orthodox Eastern Church, in the assured confidence that on either part there will be the fullest recognition of all feelings and rights which might be imperiled by undue or inconsiderate interference.

Resolved, That Rev. C. R. Hale, as Secretary of the Russian-Greek Committee, has merited the cordial thanks of the Church for his efficient labors and for his liberal devotion of his private means to the furtherance of the work of the committee.

Resolved, That as the work to be done in the future in the cause of intercommunion will consist in great part in correspondence and conferences with the hierarchy of the various branches of the Eastern Church, which can be more fitly done by the Bishops of the Church as occasion may arise, your joint committee ask to be discharged from the further consideration of the subject.

The message was concurred in and the resolutions adopted.

A message from the House of Bishops was then read informing the house that the Bishops of North Carolina and Pittsburg were appointed as members of the Joint Commission on the Theological Seminary. The House of Bishops also concurred in message No. 76 of the House of Deputies in relation to the appointment of a Joint Committee on Ecclesiastical Relations, and appointed the Bishop of Central New-York on that committee. The house concurred in these messages.

CANON ON CHURCH MUSIC.

A message was then read from the House of Bishops embodying a resolution in reference to the proposed canon on church music, as amended by the House of Deputies. The House of Bishops adopted that canon in the following form:

First—The selection of the psalms in metre, and hymns which will set forth by authority, and anthems in the words of Holy Scripture, are allowed to be sung in all congregations of the Church before and after morning and evening prayer, and also before and after sermons, at the discretion of the minister, whose duty it shall be by standing directions or from time to time to appoint such authorized psalms, hymns, or anthems as are to be sung.

Second—It shall be the duty of every minister of this church, with such assistance as he may see fit to employ from persons skilled in music, to give order concerning the tunes to be sung in his church, and especially it shall be his duty to suppress all light and unseemly music and all indecency and irreverence in the performance of vain and ungodly persons profaning the services of the sanctuary.

The resolution was adopted as amended.

Judge Hugh W. Sheffey, of Virginia, said that he desired to submit the report of the committee appointed on Saturday, on the motion of Dr. Hall, in respect to the correction of typographical and other errors in the prepared Hymnal. The committee had carefully considered the subject, and they recommended that the House of Bishops concur with the Trustees authorized by the former resolution to superintend the publication, with power to make the necessary corrections, the Trustees being instructed in the publication of the Hymnal to make all corrections as revised by the General Convention. [illegible]

The Committee on Canons presented a report [illegible]

to provide in reference to the trial of any clergyman of any diocese or missionary district for any offense committed in a diocese or district to which he previously belonged; that if the ecclesiastical authority of his own diocese did not take proceedings in the matter within three months after the notice had been given, the ecclesiastical authority of the diocese or missionary district in which the offense was committed would be then entitled to take proceedings against him, and their decisions shall be held as conclusive. The canon was adopted.

The following resolution was then adopted:

Resolved, the House of Bishops concurring, That it is the sense of this convention that nothing in the present order of common prayer prohibits the separation, when desirable, of the morning prayer, the litany, and the order for the administration of the Lord's Supper into distinct services, which may be used independently of each other, and either of them without the others. Provided that, when used together, they be used in the same order, as that in which they have commonly been used and in which they stand in the Book of Common Prayer.

THE REVISION OF THE RUBRICS.

The following resolution, recommended by the Committee on Canons, was then offered:

Resolved, the House of Bishops concurring, That a joint commission, consisting of seven Bishops, seven presbyters, and seven laymen, be appointed (the presbyters and laymen to be chosen by ballot in the House of Deputies) to take into consideration the whole subject of Rubrical revision, among other things providing shortened and more varied services, and a new lectionary, and making such other suggestions as may seem judicious with respect to the services and offices of the Church, and to report to the next General Convention.

Mr. Henry Meigs, of New-Jersey, said that this resolution contained authority of a far-reaching character, which it seemed to him involved the power to consider all the rubrics in the Prayer-book. He thought they might as well authorize the committee to make a new Prayer-book. He was totally opposed to its passage.

Mr. William Welsh, of Pennsylvania, said that, from his standpoint, he did not think there had been a proposition made to the house so important as this was. He did not know anything that would be better calculated to give ease to the consciences of the people. If he understood their Protestant Church aright, it had done all that legislation could do to prevent the growth of priestcraft, and yet he feared that, if all their clergymen were to be tried for violations of the rubrics, they would hardly have a corporal's guard left. He believed that the proposed commission could perform a much needed work in easing the consciences of the people.

Mr. J. Pringle Smith, of South Carolina, insisted that the rubric contained doctrine, and they should carefully consider the character of the men in whom they would repose such a tremendous power.

Rev. Benjamin J. Douglas, of Delaware, did not believe that the rubric contained doctrines. He referred to the mistakes they had made in regard to the Methodists, and he said they were in danger of doing the same thing to-day. They allowed the Greek Church to take their place among them, but while they stretched out their hands on the right, might they not also do so on the other side?

The house here took a recess.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

After recess a communication was received from the House of Bishops dissenting from the action of the convention in regard to Lenten regulations, and requesting the appointment of a conference committee, which was assented to.

RESUMPTION OF THE DEBATE ON RUBRICAL REVISION.

The debate on the revision of the rubrics was resumed by Mr. Sheffey, who declared that the appointment of a commission to report at the next General Convention did not bind any gentleman present.

Rev. Dr. Huntington, of Massachusetts, supported the canon, observing that the canon for the enforcement of the ritual law of the Church did not make ritual a law, but provided a method for the enforcement of the canons in existence. He wanted to disabuse the minds of any churchmen present of the idea that this method was proposed by radicals for radical ends, and all they desired was the better adaptation of the rubrics to the necessities of the Church.

Rev. Dr. Rogers, of Texas, said that if any change was to be made in the rubrics it should be made in open convention and after having been canvassed in the whole Church; the question could then be finally disposed of.

Rev. Dr. De Koven, of Wisconsin, observed that during the discussion certain speeches were made which left the impression that the appointment of this commission in some way related to the baptismal service. If he thought its appointment had any such intention he would be utterly and totally opposed to it, and if any one supposed that it received his support because of the possibility of the introduction of some new doctrine, he desired to say that he wanted no alteration of the Book of Common Prayer doctrinally in any direction whatever. He accepted it, and always accepted it, from beginning to end; and he never had to supplement it in any direction, even in the deepest recesses of his heart. He supposed the appointment of this commission meant nothing of that sort. It was neither in one direction nor in the other, but was designed to meet a difficulty which existed, and which was the cause of half the trouble in the Church at the present day. He asked if they had a distinct law of worship in the Church, and answered in the negative. He believed that if the Book of Common Prayer was to be taken as an authority, they had no right to use either the surplice, cassock, or stole now used.

Mr. Haskins believed that the question of the appointment of a commission touched the doctrine of regeneration by baptism.

Rev. Mr. Kidney, of Minnesota, was of the opinion that it was better not to let this matter pass by now, as it would come up afterward.

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE OF BISHOPS.

Two messages were then received from the House of Bishops. The first concurred in the continuance of the Joint Committee on the German Prayer book, and appointed the Bishop of Central Pennsylvania as a member, on the part of the House of Bishops, of the Joint Committee on the Publication of the Journal. The second message announced the detachment, by the House of Bishops, of New-Mexico and Arizona from the dioceses to which they had previously belonged, and their erection into a missionary jurisdiction, of which Rev. W. F. Adams was renominated as Bishop. It was moved and carried that the House go into secret session upon the confirmation of this nomination at 3:30 o'clock.

On motion of Rev. Dr. Wilson, Mr. Robert Stark, of Connecticut, was added to the Committee on the Translation of the Prayer-Book into Spanish.

The order of the day was called for, which was the consideration of a report of the Committee on Canons, embodying the following resolutions:

Resolved, the House of Bishops concurring, That sections 2 and 3 of canon 4, title 2, of difference between ministers and their congregations and of the dissolution of the pastoral connection, be amended so as to read as follows:

SEC. 2. The five presbyters designated shall constitute a Board of Reference to consider such controversy, and shall meet in the city or county in which such Rector or assistant minister lives, or elsewhere, as the parties may agree. It shall be the duty of such board to adjust, if possible, the differences without dissolving the connection between the Pastor or assistant minister and the vestry or congregation, and for this purpose the board is empowered to recommend the terms of settlement. But if after hearing such allegation and proofs as the parties may submit, a majority of the Presbyters, the whole board being present, shall be of opinion that there is no hope of a favorable termination of such controversy, and that dissolution of the connection between such Rector or assistant minister and his parish or congregation is necessary to restore the peace of the church and promote its prosperity, such Presbyters shall recommend to the Bishops that such minister shall be requested to relinquish his connection with such church or parish on such conditions as may appear proper and reasonable, including the adjustment of all pecuniary claims between the parties.

SEC. 3. If the Bishop approve of the recommendation of the Presbyters, and if the Rector or assistant minister refuse to comply with the requirements of the Bishop, made in pursuance of such recommendation, the Bishop shall proceed to forbid him the exercise of any ministerial functions within the diocese until he shall retract his refusal; and if he persist in his refusal, it shall be the duty of the Bishop to dissolve the connection between the said pastor and vestry or congregation; or if the vestry or congregation shall refuse to comply with any such recommendation they shall not be allowed any representation in the Diocesan Convention until they shall have retracted their refusal.

CONFIRMATION OF REV. W. F. ADAMS.

Any consideration of the subject was interrupted by the arrival of the hour fixed for the secret session. But little time was thus consumed, however, as there was no opposition to the confirmation of Rev. W. F. Adams, and he was confirmed Bishop by the unanimous vote of thirty-eight clerical and thirty-six lay delegations.

MISCELLANEOUS BUSINESS.

Immediately after the taking of the vote the doors were opened, and the general business of the convention resumed. The order of the day was suspended in order to consider the report of a committee of conference on the lectionary, who reported an amendment to Article 8 of the Constitution, precisely similar to that proposed by Dr. Fulton after its amendment by Judge Sheffey, as is duly reported at the beginning of the morning session. At the call of the lay delegation of North Carolina the vote was taken by dioceses and orders, with the following result:

Clerical Vote.—Affirmative, 31; negative and divided, 1.

Lay Vote.—Affirmative, 22; negative and divided, 1.

On motion of Judge Sheffey the joint committee on the subject was continued.

A message was received from the House of Bishops embodying the following resolution:

Resolved, the House of Deputies concurring, That it be proposed to the several dioceses to adopt the following additional article as an amendment of the constitution:

ARTICLE 11.—Congregations of foreign races, or worshiping in a foreign tongue, may be admitted into union with this Church, or organized by ministers of the Church under such provisions for the conduct of their public worship, as may, from time to time, be canonically made by the General Convention.

At 5 o'clock the House adjourned.

THE NEW BISHOP.

Rev. William Forbes Adams, the newly-elected Bishop of the Missionary Jurisdiction of New-Mexico and Arizona, is a native of Ireland and thirty-six years of age. He was reared in Mississippi, where he was advanced as deacon and priest by Bishop Green, of that diocese, at about the time of the breaking out of the war. Upon leaving Mississippi he became Rector of St. Peter's Church at Woodville, Missouri, where he remained for seven years, and from this parish he was called to the Rectorship of St. Paul's Church in New-Orleans, which is his present charge. He is said to be an eloquent preacher, of great learning, and the success which has previously attended his labors is a warrant of the [illegible] in his higher station.

THE STATE ELECTION.

CANDIDATES TO BE VOTED FOR TO-DAY.

THE FIRST COMPLETE LIST OF THE CANDIDATES FOR STATE OFFICERS, CONGRESSMEN, AND MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY.

Following will be found a complete list of the nominations of all parties to be supported to-day for State officers, Congressmen, and members of the Assembly, carefully revised:

STATE TICKETS.

Republican.

For Governor, JOHN A. DIX.
Lieutenant Governor, JOHN C. ROBINSON.
Canal Commissioner, ALEXANDER BARKLEY.
State Prison Inspector, THOMAS KIRKPATRICK.
Judge of Court of Appeals, ALEXANDER S. JOHNSON.

Democratic.

For Governor, SAMUEL J. TILDEN.
Lieutenant Governor, WILLIAM DORSHEIMER.
Canal Commissioner, ADIN THAYER.
State Prison Inspector, GEORGE WAGNER.
Judge of Court of Appeals, THEODORE MILLER.

Temperance.

For Governor, MYRON H. CLARK.
Lieutenant Governor, JAMES L. BAGG.
Canal Commissioner, DANIEL WALFORD.
State Prison Inspector, IRA BELL.
Judge of Court of Appeals, HORACE V. HOWLAND.

JUDICIARY.

Dist.	Republican.	Democratic.
5.	Milton H. Merwin.	Albertus Perry.
6.	David L. Follett.	No opposition.

SENATE, (vacancy.)

Dist.	Republican.	Democratic.
31.	Franklin A. Alberger.	Albert P. Lanning.

CONGRESS.

Dist.	Republican.	Democratic.
1.	Stephen B. French.	Henry B. Metcalf.
2.	Edward T. Wood.	John G. Schumaker.
	James Morton, Temp.	
3.	Peter W. Ostrander.	S. B. Chittenden, Ind.
		S. B. Chittenden, vac.
	Frederic A. Cocheu, vac.	
	Alex. Campbell, Temp.	Archibald M. Bliss.
4.	George C. Bennett.	
	Reuben C. Ball, Temp.	Edwin R. Meade.
5.	Eugene M. Earle.	Edward Hogan, Ind.
6.	James H. Campbell.	Samuel S. Cox.
7.	Charles S. Spencer.	Smith Ely, Jr.
		John Cochrane, Lib.
8.	John D. Lawson.	Elijah Ward.
9.	Robert S. Newton.	Fernando Wood.
		Richard Schell, vac.
		John Hardy, Ind., vac.
10.		Abram S. Hewitt.
		James O'Brien, Ind.
11.	Isaac H. Bailey.	Benjamin A. Willis.
12.	Amherst Wight, Jr.	N. Holmes Odell.
	Wm. H. Van Cott, Temp.	
13.	Charles L. Beale.	John O. Whitehouse.
14.	Charles J. Everett.	George M. Beebe.
15.	Seymour L. Stebbins.	John A. Bagley, Jr.
16.	Charles H. Adams.	Eli Perry, Ind.
	Isaac T. Davis, Temp.	Terence J. Quinn.
17.	Martin I. Townsend.	Charles Hughes.
18.	Andrew Williams.	Artemas B. Waldo.
19.	William A. Wheeler.	W. H. Sawyer.
20.	Henry H. Hathorn.	Walter T. L. Sanders.
21.	Samuel F. Miller.	Orson M. Allaben.
22.	George A. Bagley.	Martin L. Graves.
23.	Ellis H. Roberts.	Scott Lord.
	R. R. Sutton, Temp.	
24.	William H. Baker.	Andrew S. Warner.
25.	Elias W. Leavenworth.	George F. Comstock.
26.	Clinton D. MacDougall.	Jacob Wilson.
	Wm. D. Osburn, Temp.	
27.	Elbridge G. Lapham.	David A. Pierpont.
	Stephen B. Ayres, Temp.	
28.	Thomas C. Platt.	Edward F. Jones.
	Egbert W. Cook, Temp.	
29.	Harlo Hakes.	Charles C. B. Walker.
	A. A. Hopkins, Temp.	
30.	John M. Davy.	James L. Angle.
31.	George G. Hoskins.	John H. Buck.
32.	Lyman K. Bass.	Asher P. Nichols.
33.	Walter L. Sessions.	Augustus F. Allen.

Present Delegation—Twenty-four Republicans, nine Democrats.

THE ASSEMBLY.

Dist.	Republican.	Democratic.
	ALBANY COUNTY.	
1.	Peter Slingerland.	Frederick Andes, Ind.
	Hezekiah D. Brown, Temp.	Joseph Hilton.
2.	Christian Schurr.	Leopold C. G. Kahinka.
	Peter Spawn, Temp.	
3.	Henry W. Dwight.	John Swinburne, Ind.
	Richard Groom, Temp.	Francis W. Vosburgh.
4.	Waters W. Braman.	James McGuirk, Ind.
	Duncan Forsyth, Temp.	George E. Simmons.
	ALLEGANY COUNTY.	
	Orrin T. Stacy.	Ittai Elliott.
	BROOME COUNTY.	
	George Sherwood.	Benajah S. Curran.
	CATTARAUGUS COUNTY.	
1.	Commodore P. Vedder.	Daniel E. Bartlett.
2.	John Manley.	Samuel Scudder.
	CAYUGA COUNTY.	
1.	Leonard F. Hardy.	Charles F. Beardsley, Jr.
	Garrett Van Dorn, Temp.	
2.	Erastus H. Hussey.	Jerome L. Fuller.
	CHAUTAUQUA COUNTY.	
1.	Otis D. Hinckley.	Theodore S. Moss.
2.	Harvey S. Elkins.	Obed Edson.
	CHEMUNG COUNTY.	
	George W. Hoffman.	Jeremiah McGuire.
	CHENANGO COUNTY.	
	Edwin J. Loomis.	Daniel M. Holmes.
	Truxton Lamb, Temp.	
	CLINTON COUNTY.	
	Shepard P. Bowen.	George Adgate.
	COLUMBIA COUNTY.	
1.	John D. Langdorn.	Henry Lawrence.
	Jacob Ten Broeck, Temp.	
2.	Alonzo H. Farrar.	Henry H. Gibbs.
	E. R. Reynolds, Temp.	
	CORTLAND COUNTY.	
	Daniel E. Whitmore.	Daniel S. Lamont.
	DELAWARE COUNTY.	
1.	Warren G. Willis.	Henry Welch.
	George Potter, Temp.	
2.	George G. Decker.	Appollos C. Edgerton.
	J. Russell Tabor, Temp.	
	DUTCHESS COUNTY.	
1.	Henry Hustis.	James Mackin.
2.	Virgil C. Traver.	Benjamin S. Broas.
	ERIE COUNTY.	
1.	John O'Brien.	Patrick Hanrahan.
2.	William W. Lawson.	Joseph W. Smith.
3.	Edward Gallagher.	George Sandrock.
4.	Christoph Schwinger.	H. E. Ransom.
5.	William A. Johnson.	Bertrand Chaffee.
	ESSEX COUNTY.	
	William E. Calkins.	Edward F. Edgerly.
	FRANKLIN COUNTY.	
	John P. Badger.	T. W. Cantwell.
	E. A. Taylor, Temp.	
	FULTON AND HAMILTON.	
	George W. Fay.	Thomas R. Briggs.
	GENESEE COUNTY.	
	Newton H. Green.	Daniel W. Tomlinson.
	GREENE COUNTY.	
	Horatio S. Lockwood.	Benjamin F. Barkley.
	HERKIMER COUNTY.	
	Warner Miller.	John F. Hosch.
	Peter Countryman, Temp.	
	JEFFERSON COUNTY.	
1.	John F. Peck.	Andrew Smith.
2.	George E. Yost.	John Johnston.
	KINGS COUNTY.	
1.	John Cashow, Lib.	John Connell.
		Daniel Bradley, Ind.
2.	Selah C. Carll.	John R. Kennaday.
		Lawrence J. Matthews, I.
3.	A. E. Masters, Jr.	Michael Coffee.
	Alfred Rollins, Temp.	Philip Clare, Ind.
4.	John H. Cline.	T. V. P. Talmage.
	Robt. S. Osborne, Temp.	George W. Hale, Ind.
5.	John H. Burtis.	W. Charles B. Thornton.
	Ethan Whitney, Temp.	
6.	Jacob Worth.	
	Isaac N. Holley, Temp.	
7.	John P. Short.	Stephen J. Colahan.
	Elisha C. Langley, Tem.	
8.	David P. Williams.	Bernard Silverman.
	John N. Stearns, Temp.	Dennis Meagher, Ind.
9.	John F. Stinson.	John McGroarty.
	Samuel M. Main, Temp.	Horace Grover, Ind.
	LEWIS COUNTY.	
	Sidney Sylvester.	James A. Merwin.
	LIVINGSTON COUNTY.	
	Jonathan B. Morey.	James Faulkner, Jr.
	J. W. Davis, Ind.	
	A. M. Bingham, Temp.	
	MADISON COUNTY.	
1.	D. Gerry Wellington.	Chester Maxon.
2.	A. Watson Armour.	George Berry.
	MONROE COUNTY.	
1.	George A. Goss.	Richard D. Cole.
	Manson Higbie, Temp.	
2.	Newell A. Stone.	George Taylor.
3.	Joseph A. Tozier.	Josiah Rich.
	MONTGOMERY COUNTY.	
	Martin L. Stover.	Martin Schenck.
	James H. Bronson, Temp.	
	NEW-YORK COUNTY.	
1.	Michael W. Burns.	Nicholas Muller.
		Terence Duffy, Ind.
2.	Charles Zoller.	William P. Kirk.
		Thomas P. Wild, Ind.
3.	Thomas H. Riley.	John C. Brogan.
		James J. Slavin, Ind.
4.	Charles E. Abbott.	Charles Reilly.
		Patrick McNamara, Ind.
5.	Austin Leake.	Warren C. Bennett.
		L. C. Bruns, Ind.
6.	Frederick Sinser.	Timothy J. Campbell.
		Mathew Patten, Ind.
7.	Frederick W. Seward.	Smith E. Lane.
8.	Solon B. Smith.	George A. Stanf.
		John Theiss, Ind.
9.	William H. Gedney.	Ransom Parker, Jr.
10.	Charles S. Strong.	Lewis C. Waehner.
		John A. Dinkel, Ind.
11.	Knox McAfee.	Oliver P. Buell.
		John J. Garbutt, Ind.
12.	Joseph Archbold.	John Keenan.
13.	Charles Blackie.	Alfred N. Beach.
14.	George Hencken, Jr.	James Daly.
		Luke F. Cozans, Ind.
15.	William S. Murray.	Thomas Costigan.
16.	Charles E. L. Holmes.	John T. McGowan.
		Peter Woods, Ind.
17.	Wilson Berryman.	Leo C. Dessar.
	John E. Greene, Ind.	George W. Plunkitt, Ind.
18.	Bernard Biglin.	Thomas C. Campbell.
		Phineas Cuminsky, Ind.
19.	Sixt Carl Kapff.	Germon Hanschel.
		J. E. Deering, Ind.
20.	Jacob Hess.	Orlando L. Stewart.
	James Shipman, Temp.	Charles H. Reilly, Ind.
21.	Granville P. Hawes.	John W. Smith.
		William A. Woods, Ind.
	NIAGARA COUNTY.	
1.	Artemus W. Comstock.	Ransom M. Skeels.
	A. W. Grosvenor, Temp.	
2.	Orville C. Bordwell.	Henry F. Pierce.
	B. F. Loughlin, Temp.	
	ONONDAGA COUNTY.	
1.	Thomas G. Alvord.	Jabez H. Norton.
2.	George Barrow.	Matthias Britton.
	M. L. Stratton, Temp.	
3.	Charles Tremain.	Charles Sumen.
	Isaac C. Sherwood, Temp.	
	ONEIDA COUNTY.	
1.	George B. Chadwick.	Richard U. Sherman.
2.	John W. Boyle.	Silas T. Ives.
	Silas Purdy, Temp.	
3.	Stephen Cromwell.	Edward Lewis.
	James C. Longland, Temp.	
4.	Harrison Lillybridge.	Harry Weed.
	W. E. Clark, Temp.	
	ONTARIO COUNTY.	
1.	Charles D. Miller.	Stephen H. Hammond.
2.	Cyrillo S. Lincoln.	Hiram Maxfield.
	ORANGE COUNTY.	
1.	Lewis B. Halsey.	James W. Miller.
	Thomas Coldwell, Temp.	
2.	Ellis Harring.	Joseph D. Friend.
	ORLEANS COUNTY.	
	John M. Wetherby.	Uriel Timmerman.
	OSWEGO COUNTY.	
1.	Cheney Ames.	Alanson S. Page.
2.	Henry C. Howe.	Willard Johnson.
3.	Henry J. Daggett.	Solomon White.
	OTSEGO COUNTY.	
1.	Harvey W. Brown.	William H. Ely.
	George D. Hyde, Temp.	
2.	Simeon R. Barnes.	James E. Cooke.
	Frederick T. Jarvis, Temp.	
	PUTNAM COUNTY.	
	Hamilton Fish, Jr.	W. H. Christopher.
	QUEENS COUNTY.	
1.	L. Bradford Prince.	Solomon Townsend.
2.	Henry W. Rowland.	James M. Oakley.
	RENSSELAER COUNTY.	
1.	Joseph Egolf.	William V. Cleary.
2.	William F. Taylor.	Augustus A. Peebles.
3.	James W. Boyce.	Jacob M. Whitbeck.
	RICHMOND COUNTY.	
	Richard Cunliff.	Stephen D. Stephens.
	ROCKLAND COUNTY.	
	Brewster J. Allison.	James C. Brown.
	ST. LAWRENCE COUNTY.	
1.	Seth G. Pope.	Louis Hasbrouck, Jr.
	S. V. R. Hendrick, Temp.	
2.	A. Barton Hepburn.	Charles N. Conkey.
	S. Dillingham, Temp.	
3.	Jonah Sanford.	William M. Bailey.
	SARATOGA COUNTY.	
1.	George West.	Benjamin H. Knapp.
2.	Nathaniel M. Houghton.	Albert S. Pease.
	SCHENECTADY COUNTY.	
	Charles Stanford.	Samuel T. Benedict.
	SCHOHARIE COUNTY.	
	Charles B. Fethers.	John M. Roscoe.
	SCHUYLER COUNTY.	
	Harmon L. Gregory.	William H. Fish.
	SENECA COUNTY.	
	Martin L. Allen.	William Hogan.
	STEUBEN COUNTY.	
1.	Henry Sehley.	Stephen B. Shattuck.
2.	George S. Shepard.	Lucius C. Pierson.
	Abram Dudley, Temp.	
	SUFFOLK COUNTY.	
	Nathan D. Petty.	Richard Jennings.
	SULLIVAN COUNTY.	
	Charles Johnson.	Adolphus E. Wenzel.
	TIOGA COUNTY.	
	James Bishop.	Frederick O. Cable.
	TOMPKINS COUNTY.	
	William L. Bostwick.	George W. Schuyler.
	Peter B. Crandall, Temp.	
	ULSTER COUNTY.	
1.	Moses Stone.	Jacob Fream.
2.	Josiah Hasbrouck.	Jacob D. Wurts.
	Abram Smith, Temp.	
3.	Edgar D. Russell.	Charles H. Krack.
	Ephraim D. Lownsbery, Temp.	
	WARREN COUNTY.	
	J. T. Johnson.	Stephen Griffin, 2d.
	WASHINGTON COUNTY.	
1.	Alexander B. Law.	George Shannon.
2.	William H. Tefft.	Emerson E. Davis.
	WAYNE COUNTY.	
1.	William H. Clark.	Marion Conklin.
2.	Allen S. Russell.	Hiram Westfall.
	WESTCHESTER COUNTY.	
1.	Ezekiel Y. Bull.	Dennis R. Shiel.
	Geo. F. Tremper, Temp.	
2.	Gideon W. Davenport.	Charles M. Schieffelein.
	Daniel M. Van Cott, Temp.	
3.	James W. Husted.	John Hoag.
	R. M. Underhill, Temp.	
	WYOMING COUNTY.	
	Samuel W. Tewksbury.	G. H. Jenkins.
	YATES COUNTY.	
	Hanford Struble.	George W. Spencer.
	Ebenezer B. Bunnell, Temp.	

ACCIDENT TO A SOUND STEAMER.

THE NELLY WHITE STRIKES UPON A SUNKEN WRECK AT HELL GATE—TRIFLING DAMAGE.

Yesterday forenoon, at 10:45 o'clock, the Sound steamer Nelly White, while coming through Hell Gate, on her return trip from Norwalk, at the rate of fourteen knots an hour, struck upon a sunken wreck or spar, and although there was scarcely any perceptible shock, a hole fully six inches in diameter was made in her bottom on the port side, about forty-five feet from the bow. Capt. Raymond Hoyt, who was at the wheel when she struck, immediately went to ascertain whether any damage had been done, and discovered that water was rushing into the vessel with alarming rapidity. He at once cut through the deck of the fore cabin, directly over the leak, and by placing a mattress, and a number of blankets over the aperture partially succeeded in preventing the entrance of the water. As there were about forty passengers and a large quantity of freight on board, it was deemed best to land at Hunter's Point, and upon arrival there it was found that there were eighteen inches of water in the hold. The passengers were then landed and the pumps set to work, and at 1 o'clock the steamer was taken to her regular landing at the foot of Market street, where the cargo, which was only slightly damaged, was discharged. The steamer was then taken to the "Box" dock at the foot of White street, where she will be repaired in time to resume her regular trips this afternoon. Capt. Hoyt, who has been a pilot on the river for the last thirty years, says that the vessel was on the west side of Woolsey Point and in the ship channel in four and a half fathoms of water when she struck, and thinks from the nature of the injury that it was caused by a spar attached to the wreck of some sunken vessel. As the Nelly White draws but four feet and a half of water when loaded, and was fully seventy-five feet from the shore when the accident occurred, he says the accident could have arisen from no other cause. The damage done to the steamer, which is not insured, will not exceed $50 besides the expense of docking.

AN ATROCIOUS HIGHWAY ROBBERY.

James Campbell was placed on trial in the Court of General Sessions yesterday charged with highway robbery. The evidence showed that on the night of the 4th of September, as Michael Mooney, of No. 354 East Thirteenth street, was about entering his house, he was attacked by Campbell and two other ruffians, John Reddy (who was convicted of the offense and sent to State Prison) and John Coyle. Campbell seized Mooney and attempted to rob him, but did not succeed. The whole gang then attacked Mooney, and in the struggle to defend himself the complainant was thrown down, beaten, and kicked, had his lip split by Campbell, and received a stab in the abdomen from Reddy, from the effects of which he had almost been brought to the point of death. After the deadly attack the prisoner and his confederates ran off, but were pursued by Mr. Mooney, and arrested. The prisoner was positively identified by Mooney. Nevertheless, counsel for the defense contended that the case was one of mistaken identity. Assistant District Attorney Nolan, in an able argument for the prosecution, claimed that the guilt of the prisoner had been established beyond all manner of doubt. The crime, he said, was one of the most dastardly and atrocious ever brought before a court of justice, and had increased to an alarming degree of late in this City. If such crimes could be committed with impunity, the streets of New-York would be unsafe for travel at any hour. He, therefore, called on the jury to sift the evidence carefully, and protect the community from outrage by convicting the prisoner, who was undoubtedly guilty. After the charge of Judge Sutherland, the jury retired, but were unable to agree on a verdict, and the prisoner was remanded.

THE CHARGES AGAINST COMMISSIONER DAVENPORT.

The hearing of the charges against United States Commissioner John I. Davenport by Oswald Ottendorfer and others was concluded yesterday before Judge Woodruff, of the United States Circuit Court. A number of witnesses for the defense and prosecution were examined, but nothing of material importance was elicited. The testimony of the witnesses for the defense went mainly to show that in the cases in which it was alleged that Mr. Davenport had been guilty of abuse of power he had acted in good faith, and in accordance with the law. After the examination of the witnesses, Col. George W. Wingate summed up for the prosecution at considerable length. Mr. Davenport declined to say anything in his defense, and the case was submitted to the Court. Judge Woodruff took the papers and reserved his decision.

BOARD OF APPORTIONMENT.

In the Board of Apportionment yesterday Controller Green was authorized to issue assessment bonds to the amount of $300,000, to redeem bonds falling due on the 10th inst., and also $200,000 worth of bonds to pay contractors for various public works. A resolution was adopted allowing the Fire Department to advertise for pumps for their new steamers, and an application of the Park Department to issue $200,000 Museum of Art stock was laid over. No other business of importance was transacted.

A NOTORIOUS SWINDLER ARRESTED.

Frank Hanley, alias Ennis, who is said to be one of the most audacious swindlers in the City, was arrested yesterday on a bench warrant, at East New-York, by Detective Richard O'Connor, of the District Attorney's office. Hanley has been indicted on the specific charge of having obtained a sum of money from Morris Tasker & Co. on false representations. The prisoner was brought to the District Attorney's office, and committed to the Tombs.

THE HAYDEN EXPEDITION.

GOVERNMENT EXPLORATIONS IN COLORADO.

PROF. HAYDEN'S SURVEYS—IMPORTANT RESULTS OF THE SEASON'S WORK—WONDERS OF ELECTRICITY—HIGHER PEAKS THAN ANY PREVIOUSLY DISCOVERED—CITIES OF THE GIANTS.

From Our Own Correspondent.

DENVER, Col., Thursday, Oct. 29, 1874.

The results of the Government explorations in Colorado, under Prof. Hayden, this season, have been looked forward to with keen interest by scientists everywhere. The surveys of two former seasons in this portion of the Rocky Mountains had revealed so much that is new and wonderful, that the belief has prevailed that this year's work, with its enlarged plans, would bring out something still more remarkable, and contribute facts of fresh and perhaps startling importance to science and history. The different divisions of the survey, which have been out since July, are just returning from the field, and within a few weeks all will be in. The accounts and partial reports thus far prepared, and to which Prof. Hayden and the members of the survey have kindly afforded your correspondent access, show that the season's work has been very successful, justifying in part the great expectations that have been held regarding it.

Prof. Hayden left yesterday for Washington, and others of the party have come and gone, while two or three divisions still remain in the field to close up the work of the year. Several tons of specimens—rocks, petrifactions, ores, bones, relics, &c.—have been carefully packed and are ready for shipment, and the head-quarters of the survey in this city is daily besieged by the curious and speculative to gain a few incidents or a glance at the many curiosities that have been gathered. It is now a good time to speak of the plans of this exploration, its leading spirits, how the work was mapped out, and the general methods of pursuing the Government surveys. I shall also speak of some of its more important results.

THE PLANS FOR THE WORK.

The appropriation for Government Surveys in Colorado this year, under the Interior Department, was $75,000. Last year a like amount was expended for the same purpose, and the year before $25,000. The Hayden party, who have conducted all these explorations, consisted this year of sixty members, who outfitted at Denver, and left here on the 1st of July. The work was laid out as follows:

First Division—A. R. Marvine, assistant geologist, in charge, was assigned to Middle Park, north to the line of the fortieth parallel, south to the banks of the Rio Grande, and west to Green River, the central portion of his work being the White River country. Area, about 8,000 square miles. This division is still in the field, and will return to Denver about Nov. 25.

Second Division—Henry Gannett, topographer, in charge, was assigned to a tract from Grand River south to the northern boundaries of the San Juan division of the survey, west to the Utah line. Area to be surveyed, 6,000 square miles. This party is still in the field, and will return to Denver about Nov. 10.

Third Division—A. D. Wilson, topographer, in charge, took a district comprising about 6,000 square miles, including the San Juan country and the Indian reservation. This division reported at Denver some two weeks ago, has cleared up its work, disbanded, and the members of the party have gone East.

Fourth Division—J. T. Gardner in charge, continued the important triangulations of last season over the entire field, about 17,000 square miles. They will finish their work about Nov. 1.

Fifth Division—Under G. R. Bechler, topographer, was assigned to the important duty of measuring all the roads, trails, passes, byways, to take the panoramic topography of the country, the elevations of the roads, and to note the character of the land, whether agricultural, mineral, or timbered. One important trust was to take the distances between the streams, the velocity, quantity of water, width, and to compute the probable amount of land that could be irrigated by them. This division is now en route to Denver.

Sixth Division—Mr. Jackson, photographer, in charge, was given Long's Peak as a starting point, and instructed to strike zigzag everywhere through the mountains, observing all curiosities, cañons, remarkable formations, antiquities, and to take photographs of them; and also to visit the Indians in the San Juan country, with an interpreter and guide.

Seventh Division—Prof. Hayden, with a special party of scientists, Messrs. Chittenden and Holmes included, left Denver later in the season for the purpose of settling questionable geological problems, and more particularly to make a survey of the Elk Mountain region, and of the coal formations included within a strip of territory twenty miles wide, extending along the base of the mountains from Cañon City north to the Wyoming borders. This party has returned and Prof. Hayden has gone to Washington.

The amount of territory assigned to the entire survey for this season was about 20,000 square miles, a large portion of it heretofore but little visited by scientific men.

THE MEN WHO HAD CHARGE OF THE WORK.

Something of the character and experience of the parties in charge of this important mission, will be appropriate. Dr. Hayden, in charge of the explorations, has had twenty-two years travels in the North-west. As early as 1853 he ascended the Missouri on a steam-boat of the American Fur Company, and after three years research returned with important contributions to the Smithsonian Institute and the Academy of Natural Sciences at Philadelphia. His surveys of the Territories embrace Colorado, Wyoming, New-Mexico, Idaho, Montana, and Utah, extending in uninterrupted work from 1867 to the present time. The total Government appropriations for these surveys have been $260,000. During the same time the War Department has been conducting separate surveys. A party under Lieut. Wheeler has been operating in Southern Colorado this season and has not yet returned from the field. Prof. Gardner has been intimately associated with Clarence King from boyhood, and conducted the surveys of the fortieth parallel. Mr. Wilson was attached to the California survey, and was also with Clarence King. Mr. W. H. Jackson's panoramic views of the mountain peaks have long been famous. In fact all the scientific men connected with this exploration are among the best in the country. Mr. James Stevenson acted as quartermaster and organizer of the divisions. He has but few equals in the peculiar business tact which a knowledge of the country and the wants of explorers requires. Prof. W. D. Whitney, of Yale College; Prof. Lesquereux, and others equally noted, have had part in this season's work. All portions of the survey have been carried forward harmoniously and with evident desire to gain as much knowledge of the region as possible, and to take such notes, profiles, and views as would best convey an intelligent idea of what they had seen.

SOME OF THE RESULTS.

As the greater part of the expedition is still in the field, we are not prepared to give a detailed and methodical account of what has been done. From the parties that have come in, however, and from letters received at head-quarters here, your correspondent is enabled to give some interesting facts. Some of the most important results of this season's survey were accomplished by the party under A. D. Wilson, the topographer and mountaineer. He was accompanied by Dr. F. M. Endlich, of the Smithsonian Institute, as geologist and mineralogist, and Mr. Franklin Rhoda. The party left Denver July 21, proceeding first to Middle Park via Berthoud's Pass, remaining in the vicinity of Grand Lake, which is near the foot of the famous Long's Peak; thence to the Hot Springs, where four days were spent in making views; thence down Grand River to its great cañon, spending two days in and about it. Next up the Blue River, taking in the Blue River Mountains; then over Hoosier Pass, along South Park, and through Trout Creek Pass down to the Arkansas. Then over Puncha Pass into San Luis Valley, via Saguache and Chetopa Pass, to the Los Pinos Indian Agency, where five days were spent in photographing the aborigines. Then to Baker's Park direct, via Antelope Park, where two days were spent in making panoramic views. Then with but two assistants and two pack animals, and joined by Mr. Jackson, he started on a two weeks' side trip into the southwestern corner of the Territory, securing the services, at Rio La Plata, of an old and experienced guide; going down Mancos Cañon, finding ruins through its whole length; then along San Juan River to the Ute Mountains, and down the McElmo to near the Montezuma, reaping rich rewards by the way. Back again into Baker's Park, from where he went and spent five days in the heart of the mountains on foot. Then returned to Colorado Springs via Antelope Park, Del Norte, Musca Pass, and Cañon City. At Colorado Springs they met Dr. Hayden's party, and spent a week along the "Hog-backs," between that place and Denver, where the party disbanded and started East. The total footing is 350 negatives of views never before taken, comprising grand scenery, ruins of ancient villages, savages, peaks of wonderful height, cañons, and many curiosities of Indian and Mexican life. The total distance traveled in fifty-eight drives, was eleven hundred and forty-eight miles, an average of nearly twenty miles per day, which was very rapid considering the nature of the work and the rough and rugged country visited. From this may be gained some idea of the labor and endurance required in making a successful photographic exploration. The results of this trip, as already intimated, were of a wonderful character. Cañons of incredible depth were traversed, peaks of unexpected heights climbed, measured, and examined; immense plateaus covering hundreds of square miles, perfectly level, hundreds of feet above timber line, which is 11,500 feet above the sea level, were found. They also report rich alpine agricultural regions, and geological and mineralogical formations of deep interest to the scientist.

ELECTRICITY IN THE MOUNTAINS.

Among the most interesting phenomena witnessed during the trip in the high mountains were those caused by the presence of large amounts of electricity. Last year the exploring parties had occasion several times to experience slight discomfort from like causes, but the intensity was by far less than during the present season.

Dr. Endlicott relates the following to your correspondent: "For more than six weeks rain was our faithful companion, falling more frequently about noon and afternoon than any other time of the day. Rain in the valleys was turned into snow or hail on the high points usually occupied as stations, and it was there and then we had ample opportunity of witnessing a series of phenomena just as interesting as dangerous. Ascending Station Nine, Uncompahgre Peak, whose altitude is 14,200 feet, we had the first experience of the kind this year, and although we stood upon the summit as early as 7:30 A. M., it was not more than an hour or two before the intensity of the electric fluid made any longer stay impossible. The first indications of an approaching storm can of course be seen or heard from a distance, but not until the characteristic buzzing is heard does the electricity become uncomfortably plentiful at the point of observation. Although by no means an æsthetic comparison, the sound produced by the rapid succession of small discharges closely resembles that created by the frying of bacon. Frequently this noise may not be observed while lying down or reclining in a sitting posture, but will be noticed as soon as the observer rises to a standing position. If not occurring then, it may sometimes be produced by holding a hammer or rifle into the air vertically—anything that will reach a higher stratum of the atmosphere. As the electricity accumulates, however, it will be found that the hair of the head and whiskers assume an abnormal position—stand on end—operating so much to our discomfort that before continuing our investigations each member of the party had his head and face closely sheared. The appearance of every man before this, with bristling hair and beard, was singular and laughable. Soon the buttons and other projecting portions of the clothing commenced buzzing, and decidedly painful sensations followed. At the back of the head and at the elbows a sharp pricking, like that of needles or a sharp knife, was felt. By this time the party came to the conclusion that they were standing on dangerous ground, or rather in dangerous clouds, for they were enveloping us on every side. Those standing on the very summit of the peak and along the sharp ridges leading from it experienced the severest shocks. After beating a hasty retreat, and remaining on the sides of the mountain to continue our observations, it was noticed that after each discharge or flash of lightning a short rest ensued until a sufficient quantity of electricity had again accumulated. During this time we were within a very few feet of places struck by lightning. Those nearest the point struck would feel a heavy shock pass through them. These same phenomena were noticed in our visit to other peaks during these days of continuous storms. At many places we found the rocks glazed where the electric current had passed. The formation of tubes in sand from the same cause is well known."

THE RUINS OF ANCIENT CITIES.

Of equal importance, and, perhaps, of more general popular interest, were the discoveries of the ruins of ancient cities. The party were conducted to these by Capt. Moss, who knows this country better than any other white man living, and whose exploits equal in interest those of the famous scout Kit Carson or old Jim Bridger. It seems that Capt. Moss, who understands several Indian languages, and knows their customs, habits, and favorite retreats, had been placed in possession of facts which led him to believe that down beyond Baker's Park, in the head-waters of the Rio Mancos, about forty miles from the Utah borders, and a little more than that from the New-Mexico line, were some rare and important ruins of an ancient people and ancient cities. The trip was a very tedious one over an almost impassable country. After a week's journeying, a distance of about 100 miles beyond the most westerly San Juan mines they came to a cañon along which, high up in the cliffs, they suddenly got the first sight of the interesting ruins which they sought; and further down were still others. There seemed to be three or four classes of these ruined cities, those on the plains, which would indicate a vast population in former times; others in the bottoms of cañons; and the cliff cities, or those on the summit of the bluffs. All bore evidence of well-advanced civilization that must have died out ages ago. All the relics found seemed to point back centuries, like those found in Arizona and the Goblin cities described by a recent trader in the head-waters of the Gunnison. There were large mounds, in which the piles of bones would indicate that whole families had been buried. With the few remnants of those that were still undecayed were found agricultural, mining, and domestic implements. The size and length of some of the bones showed that they must have belonged to a race of giants. Fragments of old pottery were strewed around, much of it finely glazed and ornamented. But lower down on the plain were the most remarkable remains—parts of towers of well-hewn stone. The base of these was thirty feet in diameter. Their height is a matter of conjecture, for only the crumbling ruins remain. Around all this were indications of thick walls as if to protect the people during a siege. There were also large reservoirs. Many scraps and fragments were gathered up by the party, who remained only a few hours; some forty photographs were taken. Prof. Endlich received portions of the earthenware, and will analyze the paints that mark them. Medicine sacks are also placed in his possession. Jackson's negatives will be heliotyped for illustration in a bulletin descriptive of the character and peculiarities of this extinct race, which will be published soon. It is the opinion of members of the survey that the position of these ruins and the heaps in which bones, implements, and household utensils are found, show that this race, gradually driven to the mountain fastnesses by a superior people, and their ranks decimated, finally were starved out by siege or carried off by an epidemic. In a single mass were found bones, implements of war, of agriculture, relics of art, education, and domestic economy near the foundations of their swallow-like dwellings, made of stone and mud. So important is this whole matter that Prof. Hayden has secured an expert, well traveled, who will proceed at once to the site of these ruins, and spend weeks and months if necessary exhuming and gathering up particles of everything that will throw any light upon the character and customs of this "lost race."

WORK OF THE GARDNER DIVISION.

In a letter to Prof. Hayden, which I have been permitted to quote, Mr. J. T. Gardner writes that his party, who have been exploring the Uncompatgre and Sierra San Miguel Mountains, west of the main range of the Rockies, has been perfectly successful in climbing all the stations in spite of repeated snow-storms. In climbing Uncompatgre Peak they were obliged to break their way through deep snow and in the face of a blinding storm, which lasted for four days. At 1 o'clock reaching a ridge, there stood the top of the peak, but they must cross a deep valley to reach it. Another storm was gathering, and it seemed best to abandon the trip and descend to the nearest timber until the next day. If they did this the opportunity of reaching the summit at all this season might be lost, for a great circle surrounded the sun, it was growing colder and cloudier, and they seemed to have been plunged all at once into midwinter. It was decided to go ahead. Strapping their instrument to the pack-mule, and leaving behind everything not needed, they started. For two hours they were obliged to break a way through the snow for the mule, picking places here and there through the rocks, and then taking the instrument, weighing seventy pounds, on their backs they trudged and struggled forward, reaching the top of the peak in time to take their observations before sunset. The great storm was gathering, the wind was icy cold. Making a rapid descent, as rapid as the blinding storm and deep snow would permit, they succeeded in reaching timber by midnight, where they wrapped themselves in blankets to await the dawn of day. The perils of peak climbing had been presented to them more vividly than ever before, but they were richly rewarded. The observation proved one of the most successful and important of the entire survey. The triangulation was extended far into Utah to the Sierra Lasalle, connecting with one of Powell's stations. Several great peaks in the San Miguel range to the south-west were descried, among them a group of eleven, approaching 15,000 feet in hight, one or two of them thought to be higher than any yet found in Colorado or the whole Rocky Mountain region.

COMPOUNDING A FELONY.

Henry M. Gerscheidt, a German lawyer having an office at No. 20 Centre street, was held for trial at the Tombs yesterday for persuading John Fischer, of No. 568 Seventh avenue, to abstain from appearing as complainant against Georgiana Sutton, whose trial for petit larceny was to take place in the Court of Special Sessions.

THE SAFE CONSPIRACY.

PROGRESS OF THE TRIAL IN WASHINGTON.

ILLNESS OF A JUROR—MR. HARRINGTON'S VISIT TO PHILADELPHIA—TESTIMONY OF COLUMBUS ALEXANDER.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—The trial of Harrington, Whitely, and Williams was resumed this morning. Judge Humphreys stated to counsel that one of the jurors was quite unwell. He would try to remain during the session of to-day, but if there was no objection he would be permitted to go to his home and remain to-night, for the night only. No objection was made.

John E. Burns sworn: Is employed at the Continental Hotel, Philadelphia. Identified the register of the hotel, and turned to the page containing the entry for May 6, 1874, and pointed out the names of Harrington and Somerville. [Harrington here admitted that the signature was original.] Witness said that both names were registered as coming to the hotel at tea-time. Witness identified the transfer register, which showed that Harrington left after taking tea, and that his bill of $6 was charged to Hallett Kilbourne. The night clerk had made a mistake in transcribing Somerville's name, and had entered it as "Beumerville;" the book showed that he left after breakfast on the morning of the 7th.

A telegram was here produced from Somerville to Harrington, bearing date May 6, which was read as follows:

Will be at Continental Hotel at 11 o'clock to-night.
(Signed,) SOMERVILLE.

John Connell sworn: Resided in New-York; had done so for twenty-three years; was acquainted with Mike Hayes; on the 15th of April went with Hayes from Cherry street to the Bleecker street Secret Service Head-quarters; Hayes sent witness up stairs to tell Cunz he wished to see him. Found Cunz and delivered the message, and Cunz came down and met Hayes on the street. Witness did not know their conversation.

Cross-examined by Mr. Davidge: Witness is a plumber. When he is out of business stops around a saloon on Cherry street, where he met Hayes. Had known Hayes at the time about six months.

W. J. Dailey sworn: Resided in New-York. On the 7th of May went with Hayes to a house on Pennsylvania avenue in Newark, which he has since found to be Nettleship's house. Hayes asked witness to go over with him to take notice of what transpired. They remained in the house about an hour and then came out and walked to the cars. Hayes got aboard the cars, and witness followed to the depot, and went with Hayes from there to Somerville's house in New-York. Hayes went into the house and remained over an hour. Hayes left the City a few days afterward, and witness next saw him on the 12th of June, when Hayes came to the house of witness. During the absence of Hayes an arrangement was made by which he could communicate with his wife through the agency of witness.

Cross-examined by Mr. Davidge: Witness had never seen Nettleship before he went with Hayes to his house. Went there to shadow the two, and see what was done.

H. Goldstine sworn: Lived at No. 140 West Cumberland street, Philadelphia; knew Nettleship; used to help him some in reference to counterfeit money. Saw him some time in May, but could not give the exact day. Met him at the Brigham House. Had met him so often there, he could not give the hour. Knew General Monk. Nettleship afterward paid witness $100 by Monk, and at the same time Monk brought an affidavit for witness to swear to. When he swore to it he told the Alderman he could not swear to the exact time named in the affidavit. The object of the affidavit was to show that Nettleship was not in Philadelphia at a certain time in the month of May.

Some of the witnesses called were found to be absent, and the Judge directed the usual recess of the court to be taken in advance of the regular hour, to enable counsel to get matters into shape and ready to proceed, saying that in all kinds of business Monday was the hardest day to get matters running. Recess was accordingly taken.

After recess George Gilbert was sworn. His testimony was as follows: Resides in New-York. Has resided there about ten years. Knows Col. Whitely. Was introduced to him by Gen. Monk at No. 154 Bleecker street, on the 25th of July. Whitely wanted witness to attend to some evidence in his case against the Government. Met Nettleship, who asked witness to get acquainted with William J. Dailey, and see if he could learn anything about Mike Hayes. Went down to Dailey ten or twelve successive days. At first could not obtain any information; finally saw a man there by the name of Becker, who seemed to be acquainted with both Hayes and Dailey, and witness reported the fact to Nettleship, and was directed to bring Becker up to the office. Witness brought him to No. 154 Bleecker street, and introduced him to Nettleship in the presence of Col. Whitely, Nettleship, and Gen. Monk. They had several interviews, but excluded witness, because he was not a Freemason. About a week after that Nettleship and Sullivan came down after witness to find Becker. Witness told them Becker was over at Long Branch, and Nettleship gave witness $10 to go to Long Branch and get Becker to come over to New-York. Witness did so, and brought Becker to the Bleecker street office. Gen. Monk wrote an affidavit and wanted Becker to sign it. Nettleship said he wanted the affidavit signed but did not want to pay any money in advance. Witness knew the contents of the affidavit only by hearsay, but knew it was in relation to Dailey.

Cross-examined by Mr. Davidge—Is a speculator. Was arrested once in 1863, and fined $300 by Judge Dowling for disorderly conduct. Witness was never in the banco business. His friends sometimes called him German Charlie, because he is a German.

W. W. Demaine, sworn: Lives in this city, and is acquainted with Columbus Alexander. Knows Zirruth; met him on the street cars. Did not know his name when he first met him. Zirruth questioned witness as to the price of land on Capitol Hill, saying he wanted to buy a place and open a lager-beer saloon. About a week after this Zirruth called on witness at his house and commenced to talk about the same subject. Witness advised him to wait a while, as an investigation of the District affairs was going on, and matters were somewhat unsettled. Zirruth spoke of knowing something about it, and said that a friend of his had some contractor's books in his possession, and he would like to show them to some one and let the committee know their contents. Witness asked him if they were the books of John O. Evans, and Zirruth said they were. Witness said the committee had already seen them. Zirruth told him the books which the committee had seen were forgeries, but his friend, whom he called Butler, had the original books. Witness was asked if he would undertake to get the books before the committee, and he consented, and a meeting was arranged to take place at the Marble Saloon. Afterward witness did not think it would amount to much and did not keep his engagement. Zirruth came up to see witness to ascertain why he did not come down as agreed. Witness made another arrangement to meet them, and kept the agreement. When they met, Zirruth introduced Butler, and alluded to "those books which he kept." Butler was mad, and said, "I never kept any books. What do you mean?" and then took witness one side and inquired what that Dutchman had told him. Witness informed Butler that if there was any misunderstanding he was under no obligation to tell witness anything about the matter. Butler then said he knew of a set of books kept for John O. Evans which he could furnish to the memorialists if he could get acquainted with some of them. Witness suggested that he should see Columbus Alexander about the matter. Butler desired an introduction, and witness, after going up to see Mr. Alexander about the matter, came back and took him to Mr. Alexander's house and introduced him. Butler desired a private interview with Mr. Alexander, and they went up stairs into the back parlor, where they remained about ten minutes and then returned, and witness and Butler left the house. On the way down, Butler said he would have his friend deliver the books to witness, and witness could deliver them to Alexander. They then separated, and witness did not see Butler after that time. He met him several weeks after the burglary, in the committee room, and recognized him, and learned that his name was Hayes.

Cross-examined by Davidge—Witness had two meetings with Zirruth at his house after meeting him in the street cars.

Columbus Alexander sworn: [Witness is known as one of the memorialists. The original memorial to Congress for an investigation was introduced and put in as evidence.] Witness was very much engaged in prosecuting the investigation before the committee.

Question—Was there a good deal of feeling in the community about the investigation?

Defense objected, and the objection was sustained by the court.

Witness said the books of John O. Evans were produced before the committee about the 13th of April. It was noticed by counsel, by myself, and by others that the books had a very new appearance. On the 22d of April four more books were introduced, all of which had the same new appearance. Witness, being an old printer and book-binder, considered himself an expert about blank books, and took up one of them to examine it, when Mr. Harrington objected, and after a slight examination witness laid the book down; but it was the almost universal belief that the books were new ones, prepared for the occasion, and were not the original books. Shortly afterward Demaine met witness, and told him he could introduce him to a man who could give him some information about the genuine books of John O. Evans. Witness told Demaine to bring him up, as he would like to see him. Demaine did so, and brought to his house Butler, (Hayes.) After the introduction, Butler desired to see witness in private, and was taken up into the back parlor, when he told witness that a friend of his had possession of the original books of John O. Evans, which had been sent out of the city. Witness expressed a desire to get hold of them, and Butler wanted to know how much witness would pay for the books. Witness declined to pay for any testimony; but, if the books were out of town, he would pay for any necessary expressage or expense incurred in procuring them. Witness met Hayes (Butler) again at the Capitol steps on the 18th of April, when he alluded to the matter, and promised to send the books. On the 23d Butler brought another man to witness' house and introduced him as the person who could bring the books to him; neither witness nor any of his family heard the bell ring at his house on the night of the burglary, or anything unusual about the house. Witness heard of the burglary on the morning of April 24, and heard that his name was connected with it, and lost no time in getting to the Capitol. Witness had nothing whatever to do with the burglary in any manner, shape, or form.

This closed the direct examination of Mr. Alexander.

The court then adjourned till to-morrow.

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

SALES AT THE STOCK EXCHANGE—NOV. 2.

SALES BEFORE THE CALL—10 A. M.

200 West. Union..s3. 79½	500 Lake Shore...... 80¾
200 do.......b3. 79⅝	1500 do...... 80⅝
800 do.......s3. 79½	200 do.......b3. 80⅝
600 do.......... 79½	1300 do.......s3. 80½
100 do.......... 79⅜	17 do...... 80¼
200 do.......s3. 79¼	500 do.......c. 80½
12 P., Ft. Wayne.... 92	100 do.......b3. 80½
100 A. & P. Tel...... 18½	1200 do.......s3. 80⅜
100 do.......s3. 18	1000 Union Pacific... 34½
100 do.......c. 17⅞	100 do.......b3. 34⅝
1600 Pacific Mail...... 45⅛	100 do...... 34½
1300 do...... 45¼	500 do.......s3. 34¼
100 do.......s3. 45⅛	600 do...... 34⅜
100 do.......s4. 45	300 do.......s3. 34¼
1200 do.......s3. 45	800 do...... 34¼
800 N. Y. C. & Hud...102¼	100 Ohio & Miss...s3. 28
15 do......102	200 North-west'n .b3. 38
200 do......102⅛	300 do...... 38
30 do.......b3.102	500 do...... 38⅛
100 Rock Island...... 98¼	200 do...... 38
400 do...... 98⅛	200 do.......c. 37¾
100 do...... 98	300 do...... 37¾
200 Erie Railway...... 28⅝	100 do.......s3. 37¾
700 do...... 28½	900 do...... 37¾
300 do...... 28⅜	300 do.......e. 37½
100 St. Paul...... 32¾	100 do...... 37½
100 do...... 32⅞	800 Tol. & Wabash... 29⅞
500 do.......b3. 33	400 do......s3. 29¾
500 do...... 33⅛	600 do...... 29⅝
200 do...... 33	600 do...... 29½
300 do...... 32⅞	100 do.......c. 29½

GOVERNMENT STOCKS—10:15 AND 11:30 A. M.

$5,000 U. S. 5-20 R., '67........12.117½	$2,000 U. S. 5-20 C., '65, new.......116½
45,000 do....b. c.117½	40,000 U. S. 5-20 R., '65, n....b. c.116¼
25,000 U. S. 5s,10-40 R.........12.111⅞	10,000 U. S. 5-20 C., '67........b. c.117¾
2,000 U. S. 5s, '81, R.........12.111½	20,000 do.........117⅞
10,000 U.S.6s,cur.b.c.117⅞	

FIRST BOARD—10:30 A. M.

$3,000 Mo. 6s, L.bds. 95	700 L.S.& M.S.b. c.s3. 80½
1,000 C. & N.W.Con., Coup. G'd bds. 80¾	500 do.......b3. 80⅝
2,000 Mor.& Es.2d.c.102½	1000 do...... 80½
5,000 Erie 4th M.... 96	1400 do...... 80⅝
2,000 Erie 5th M.... 96	200 do.......b3. 80⅝
9,000 H.&St.Jo.8s,C. 78	1000 do.......b3. 80¾
4,000 do...... 78½	1600 do...... 80¾
3,000 Del., L. & W.C.108¾	10 do...... 81
7,000 N.Y.C.1st M.C.109¼	500 do.......b3. 80⅞
5,000 N.Y.C.1stM.R.110	7600 do...... 80⅞
40,000 Harlem 1st,7s, Reg., ex. int...106½	200 do.......s3. 80¾
	500 do...... 80⅞
	700 Un. Pac...b.c.s3. 34¼
20,000 Cen.P.G'd bds. 92⅝	700 do...... 34⅜
9,000 do...... 92¾	100 C. & P. G'td..b3. 87¾
3,000 Un. Pac.1st M. 87⅞	100 do...... 87⅜
4,000 do...... 88	200 do..b. c.b3. 87½
10,000 Un. Pac.S. F'd. 73¾	100 do...... 87½
1,000 do....b. c. 73½	100 C. & N. W.b. c.c. 37⅝
500 P.,Ft.W.&C.2d.105	100 do.......c. 37½
5,000 Mich.C.7s,x.in. 99½	100 do.......b3. 37½
25 Fourth Nat.Bank. 99	100 do.......s3. 37½
80 Metropolitan B'k.133	200 do...... 37⅝
10 Ninth Nat. Bank.100½	400 do...... 37¾
100 Con. Coal..b.c.b3. 45½	200 do...... 37⅞
5 Del. & H. Can.b.c.116⅛	400 do.......s3. 37¾
10 U. S. Ex....b. c. 65½	100 do...... 37⅝
20 Adams Ex..b. c.116	20 Morris & Es.b. c. 98¼
100 do......115½	100 C. & R. I.b. c.s3. 97⅞
35 do......115	500 do...... 97¾
100 W. U. Tel..b. c.c. 79¼	100 do...... 97⅞
100 do.......s3. 79¼	300 do...... 98
100 do...... 79⅜	100 do.......s3. 98
200 do.......s3. 79⅜	100 do.......b3. 98⅛
1100 do...... 79½	100 do...... 98
400 do.......b3. 79½	100 do.......s3. 98⅛
1000 P.M.S.S.C.b.c.s3. 45	100 do.......s3. 98
1700 do...... 45	20 do...... 97¾
500 do.....s10. 45	100 do...... 98
200 do.......s3. 45	100 C., M. & St. P.b.c. 32⅞
800 do...... 45	400 do.......b3. 33
100 do.......b3. 45⅛	100 C.,M.&St.P.Pf.b.c. 50⅝
300 do...... 45⅛	100 do...... 51
100 do.......s3. 45⅛	200 do...... 50¾
100 do.......c. 45⅛	100 T., W. & W..b. c. 29½
100 do.......b3. 45⅛	600 do.......b3. 29⅝
100 do.......b3. 45⅛	15 do...... 30
1000 do...... 45	700 do...... 29¾
200 do.......s3. 44⅞	300 do.......s3. 29¾
300 do...... 44⅞	40 Del., Lack. & W..108½
700 do...... 44¾	10 do.....b. c.108⅝
10 do...... 45¼	400 do...... 108½
28 Am. Express.b. c. 63	200 do...... 108¾
600 N. Y. C. & H.b. c.102¼	1000 do...... 109
200 do.......s3.102¼	100 do.....b3.109
400 do.......b3.102⅛	100 do...... 108⅞
10 do...... 102⅝	600 do...... 109
100 Erie Railway.b.c. 28⅝	600 do...... 109¼
500 do...... 28½	41 P.,Ft.W.& C.G'd. 91⅞
100 Michigan Central. 73¾	150 do...... 92
100 do.....b. c. 74¼	50 do.....b. c. 92¼
100 Pac. R. of Mo.b.c. 36¾	800 O. & Miss.b.c.b3. 28⅛
800 New-Jersey Cen....106	1700 do...... 28⅛
25 do...... 106¼	100 do......b30. 28¼
210 do.....b. c.106	100 do.......s3. 28½
100 do...... 106½	50 O. & Miss.Pf.b.c. 53
100 do...... 106⅜	100 At. & Pac.Pf.b.c. 12

SALES BEFORE THE CALL—12:30 P. M.

$1,000 Del.,L.& W.2d.106	700 Lake Shore...s3. 80¾
500 West. Union...s3. 79¼	100 do.......b3. 80¾
200 do...... 79⅜	100 do...... 80¾
100 do.......b3. 79⅜	200 do.......s3. 80⅝
17 American Ex. 63¼	1000 do...... 80⅝
1000 Pacific Mail.... 44¾	500 do.......b3. 80¾
1900 do.......s3. 44⅝	1000 do...... 80¾
20 do...... 45	100 do.......s3. 80¾
3100 do...... 44⅝	200 do.......b3. 80⅞
100 N. Y. C. & Hud...102¼	700 do...... 80⅞
300 do...... 102⅛	100 Del., Lack. & W...109⅜
500 Erie Railway.... 28⅜	16 do...... 109⅝
200 do.......b3. 28⅜	700 do...... 109¼
100 North-western.... 37⅝	200 do...... 109⅜
200 Union Pacific.s3. 34¼	700 do.....b3.109⅜
1000 do...... 34¼	25 Chic., B. & Q.b3.101
20 New-Jersey Cen.106½	100 Tol. & Wabash... 29⅝
100 Rock Island...... 97⅞	200 do...... 29¾
100 St. Paul Pref.... 50½	600 Ohio & Miss...... 28⅛
230 Ft. Wayne...... 92¼	100 C., C. & I. C....s5. 9¾

GOVERNMENT STOCKS—2 P. M.

$2,500 U. S. 6s, C.,'81.118⅝	$21,000 U.S.5-20C.'67.117⅞
1,000 U. S. 5-20 C., '65...x. int.114½	1,000 U. S. 10-40 C.112½
	10,000 U. S. 10-40 R.112
28,000 U. S. 5-20 C., '65, new....116⅝	2,000 U. S. 5s,C.,'81.111⅝

SECOND BOARD—1 P. M.

$7,000 Tenn. 6s, n. s. 54	200 P.M.S.S.Co.b.c.b3. 44¾
4,000 Tenn. 6s, old, ex coup.b. c. 54	200 do.......s3. 44¾
	400 do...... 44¾
1,000 Cen. P. G. bds. 92¾	1100 do...... 44⅞
1,000 U. P. 7s, L. G.. 85¾	100 do.......b3. 45
7,000 do...... 85½	200 do...... 45
5,000 U. Pac. S. F.... 73½	100 do...... 44⅞
7,000 do...... 73⅝	900 do...... 44¾
1,000 Morris & E.2d.102½	200 N.Y.C.& H. R.b.c.102⅜
1,000 Erie 1st...x in.101¾	600 do...... 102¼
5,000 Erie 3d......100	300 Panama......b. c.115
10,000 Chi. & N.W. C. Cp. G. bds.... 80½	100 Erie R.....b. c.b3. 28½
	200 do...... 28⅜
1,000 M. & St. P. 8s, 1st, LaC. D.... 83¾	300 Un. Pacific...b. c. 34⅜
	200 do.......s10. 34¼
15 Park Bank......138	300 Chi. & R. I...b. c. 97⅞
4000 W. Un. Tel..b. c. 79⅜	200 do.......s3. 97¾
200 do.......b3. 79⅜	100 do...... 97¾
50 do...... 79¼	400 do...... 97⅝
600 do...... 79¼	300 Chi., M.& St.P.b.c. 32⅞
100 do.......s3. 79⅛	300 do...... 32¾
300 L. S.& M. S.b.c.b3. 80⅞	200 Del., L. & W...... 109⅜
100 do.......s3. 80⅞	500 do..b. c. s3.109⅜
700 do.......c. 80⅞	500 do...... 109⅜
1900 do.......b3. 81	300 do.....b3.109½
100 do.......s3. 80⅞	100 T.W.& W.b.c.b30. 30
500 do...... 80⅞	200 S. L., I. M. & S..... 17
200 C. & N. W.b. c.b3. 37¾	75 do...... 16½
300 do.......s3. 37⅝	53 do.....b. c. 17
400 do...... 37¾	100 Ohio & M..b. c. c. 28⅛
300 do...... 37⅞	900 do...... 28⅛
100 do...... 37½	100 H. & St. J. Pf.b. c. 29½
100 N. J. Cen.....b. c.106⅜	

SALES FROM 2:30 TO 3 P. M.

$3,000 U. S. 5-20 C., '65, new.......116⅝	100 North-west......s3. 37⅜
	100 Erie Railway..s5. 28⅜
2,000 do....small.116⅛	500 do...... 28⅜
10,000 U.S.5-20C.,'67.117⅞	700 do...... 28½
4,000 do...... 117¾	200 A. & P. Tel...... 17¾
1,100 do....small.117¼	300 Union Pacific...... 34¼
20,000 U. S. 5-20 R., '65, new....116½	300 do...... 34⅛
	500 do.......s3. 34⅛
95,000 U. Pac. 1st...... 88⅜	500 Lake Shore...b3. 80¾
100 N. Y. C. & H.....102	1100 do.......b3. 80¾
200 do......s3.102	1500 do...... 80⅝
100 do...... 102⅛	100 do...... 80⅝
200 West. Un.....b3. 79¼	200 N. J. Cen.....b3.106½
500 do.......s3. 79⅜	400 Rock Island...... 97⅝
900 do...... 79⅛	100 do...... 97½
100 do......s30. 79	100 St. Paul...... 32¾
400 Pacific Mail...s5. 44⅝	400 Tol. & Wab...... 29⅝
200 do.......s3. 44⅝	200 H. & St. Jos. Pf.... 29¼
600 do...... 44⅝	100 Ohio & Miss..b3. 28⅛
400 do.......s3. 44½	100 C., C. & I. C...s5. 9¾
100 do...... 44½	

MONDAY, Nov. 2—P. M.

The week opened with a very quiet feeling in financial circles, and the early dealings showed but little change in the various markets. Toward the close, however, money suddenly became active and dearer, gold advanced, and stocks were heavy and lower. There were no quotations from London to-day, the Stock Exchange there being closed on account of a Bank of England holiday. To-morrow being election day, and a legal holiday in this State, business will be generally suspended in financial and commercial circles. The Stock, Gold, Produce, and Cotton Exchanges, and the banks, will be closed.

The money market was easy in the early part of the day at 2@3 ⅌ cent. on call, but previous to the close of business there was quite a sharp demand, and call loans advanced to 4½@5 ⅌ cent. Some brokers delayed making up their bank accounts a little later than usual, and this probably caused the flurry in the market. Prime business paper was discounted at 5½@7½ ⅌ cent. The Public Debt Statement shows a decrease of $681,000 for October. The foreign Exchanges were quiet and steady at $4 83¾@$4 84 for prime bankers' 60 days Sterling and $4 87½ for demand. The nominal asking rates are $4 84½ and $4 88. The specie imports at this port for the week were $40,611 in Gold. The speculation in the Gold Room was stronger to-day, and the sales were at $110¼@$110⅜, closing at the outside quotation. On Gold loans the rates paid for borrowing were 1-32 per diem, and 7 to 10 ⅌ cent. per annum and flat.

The transactions on the Stock Exchange to-day in railway and miscellaneous shares aggregated a fraction over 111,000 shares. The bulk of business was in Lake Shore and Pacific Mail, 32,300 shares of the former and 22,000 of the latter having changed hands. Of Western Union only 8,700 shares were sold, of Union Pacific, 7,600, and of North-western Common, 5,300 shares. The course of prices early in the day was somewhat erratic, but in the afternoon a weak tone prevailed, and there was a general decline of ⅛ to ½ ⅌ cent. The most prominent stocks in the downward movement were Pacific Mail and Rock Island. The weakness in Pacific Mail was the result of advices from Rio Janeiro that rough weather there had rendered useless the coffer dam taken out by the steamer City of Peking to repair her propeller in case of accident. The only measures left for the Captain were either to discharge the cargo and "tip" the vessel, or to proceed on the voyage with the broken propeller. It was announced at the office of the company late in the day that the ship would be taken to San Francisco with the two remaining blades of her propeller. Following this was a report that another unsuccessful attempt had been made to float the company's steamer Alaska, ashore near Hong Kong, and that a contract had been made to get her off for the sum of $35,000. As compared with the closing quotations of Saturday, New-York Central and St. Paul Common opened this morning ⅛ ⅌ cent. lower, Pacific Mail ¼ ⅌ cent., and Lake Shore, Erie, North-west Common, and Union Pacific ⅛ ⅌ cent. higher. The remainder of the list was unchanged, with the exception of Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph, which showed an advance of ⅝ ⅌ cent. Before the call North-west Common advanced to 38⅛, and declined to 37½. Lake Shore fell off from 80¾ to 80⅛; New-York Central from 102¼ to 102⅛; Erie, from 28⅝ to 28½; Rock Island, from 98¼ to 98; and Wabash, from 29⅞ to 29⅝. Union Pacific sold at 34½@34⅝@34¼; Western Union at 79½@79⅝@79½; Pacific Mail at 45⅛@45¼@45⅛; St. Paul Common at 32¾@33@32¾@33⅛; Ohio and Mississippi at 28, and Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph at 18½@18. Lake Shore touched 80⅜ at the first call; Rock Island, 97¾; Erie, 28⅜; St. Paul, 32⅞; Wabash, 29½; Western Union, 79⅜, and Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph, 17⅞. Later Lake Shore rose to 80⅞, New-York Central to 102⅜, North-west Common to 37⅞, Rock Island to 98⅛, St. Paul to 33, Ohio and Mississippi to 28¼, Wabash to 29¾, Union Pacific to 34⅜, Western Union to 79½, and Pacific Mail to 45⅛. The last named soon became weak, however, and declined under a liberal selling movement to 44⅝, the general list reacting ⅛@¼ ⅌ cent. in sympathy. Pacific Mail, after making a recovery to 45, receded to 44½, the closing and lowest quotation. Lake Shore rallied to 81 at the second call, but the market as a whole had a drooping tendency during the afternoon. and left off weak in tone. New-York Central declined to 102, Lake Shore to 80⅝, North-west Common to 37⅜, Rock Island to 97⅜, Western Union to 79⅛, Wabash to 29⅝, Union Pacific to 34⅛, and Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph to 17¾. Erie was steady at 28⅜@28½ after 10:30 A.M., and Ohio and Mississippi at 28⅛@28¼. St. Paul Preferred sold at 50⅝@51@50½. Of C., C. and I. C. 200 shares were sold at 9, "seller five." Sales of Hannibal and St. Joseph Preferred were made at 29½ and 29¼, and Iron Mountain at 17 and 16½. Investment shares were strong and more than usually animated. Delaware. Lackawanna and Western led in activity and strength, the price advancing from 108½ to 109⅝. New-Jersey Central sold at 106@106½, Fort Wayne at 91⅞@92¼, Pittsburg at 87⅜@87⅝, Panama at 115, Michigan Central at 73¾@74¼, and Morris and Essex at 98¼. Among express stocks, Adams sold at 115½.

Railroad mortgages were moderately active, the transactions footing up $203,500 for the day. One lot of Harlem First, Sevens, Registered, $40,000, brought 106½, ex-interest; Union Pacific Firsts sold at 87⅞@88⅜ for $42,000, in several amounts; Chicago and North-western Consolidated Coupon Gold Bonds were firm at 80½@80¾; Central Pacifics sold at 92⅝@92¾, Union Pacific Land Grants at 85½@85¾, and Sinking Funds at 73½@73¾. Erie First and Michigan Central 7s sold at 101¾ and 99½ respectively, both ex-interest. In Southern State Securities, Missouri Long Bonds sold at 95 and Tennessees at 54 for Old ex coupon, and the New Series. Government Bonds were noticeably strong and prices well maintained. The demand was larger than the supply, and although prices ruled higher than on Saturday in some instances, few offerings of round amounts were elicited.

The Assistant Treasurer paid out on Government account $755,000 for November interest on public debt, and $780,000 in redemption of called 5-20s. The receipts for Customs amounted to $304,000.

The closing prices of to-day compare as follows with those of Saturday's final sales:

Closing Quotations—Oct. 10.

	Saturday.	Monday.
U. S. New 5s, coup., '81	112¾	111½*
U. S. 5-20s, coup., '62	113⅞	110¾*
U. S. 5-20s, coup., '67	117¾	117⅞
American Gold	110⅛	110⅜
Bills on London, 60 days	$4 83¾	$4 83¾@$4 84
N. Y. Central and Hudson	102⅜	102¼
Chicago and Rock Island	98¼	97⅜
Pacific Mail	45⅞	44½
St. Paul Common	32⅞	32¾
St. Paul Preferred	50½	50½
Western Union	79½	79¼
Lake Shore	80⅝	80⅝
Toledo and Wabash	29⅞	29⅝
North-western Common	37⅞	37⅜
North-western Preferred	53	53
Delaware and Lackawanna	108⅜	109⅜
New-Jersey Central	106½	106½
Panama	114	115
Erie	28½	28½
Ohio and Mississippi	28	28½
C., C. and Indiana Central	9¾	9¾
Harlem	130	130

*Ex-interest.

The extreme range of prices in Stocks and the number of shares sold are as follows:

	Highest.	Lowest.	No. of Shares.
New-York Central	102⅜	102	3,255
Erie	28⅝	28⅜	4,000
Delaware and Hudson Canal	116⅛	116⅛	5
Lake Shore	81	80⅜	32,327
Wabash	29⅞	29½	5,015
North-western	38⅛	37⅜	6,300
Rock Island	98¼	97⅜	4,420
Fort Wayne	92½	91⅞	483
Milwaukee and St. Paul	33⅛	32¾	2,600
Milwaukee and St. Paul Pref.	51	50½	500
Pittsburgh	87¾	87⅜	500
Del., Lack. and Western	109⅝	108½	5,266
New-Jersey Central	106½	106	1,055
Michigan Central	74⅜	73¾	200
Morris and Essex	98¼	98¼	20
Union Pacific	34⅝	34⅛	7,600
Chicago, Bur. and Quincy	101	101	25
C., C. and Indiana Central	9¾	9¾	200
Pacific of Missouri	36¾	36¾	100
Hannibal and St. Joseph Pref.	29½	29¼	300
Ohio and Mississippi	28¼	28	4,500
Ohio and Mississippi Pref.	53	53	50
St. Louis and Iron Mountain	17	16½	328
Panama	115	115	300
Western Union	79⅝	79⅛	8,750
Atlantic and Pacific Tel.	18½	17¾	500
Pacific Mail	45¼	44½	22,030
Consolidation Coal	45½	45½	100
Atlantic and Pacific Pref	12	12	100
Adams Express	116	115½	175
Am. Mer. Union Express	63¼	63	45
United States Express	65½	65½	10
Total			111,059

The latest quotations of prices for Government Bonds are as follows:

	Bid.	Asked.
U. S. Currency 6s	117¾	118
U. S. 6s, 1881, Registered	118	118¼
U. S. 6s, 1881, Coupon	118⅝	118¾
U. S. 5-20s, 1862, Registered	110⅝	110⅞
U. S. 5-20s, 1862, Coupon	110⅝	*111
U. S. 5-20s, 1864, Registered	112	112½
U. S. 5-20s, 1864, Coupon	113⅛	*113¼
U. S. 5-20s, 1865, Registered	113½	113¾
U. S. 5-20s, 1865, Coupon	114½	*114¾
U. S. 5-20s, 1865, new, Registered	116¼	116½
U. S. 5-20s, 1865, new, Coupon	116⅝	116¾
U. S. 5-20s, 1867, Registered	117½	117¾
U. S. 5-20s, 1867, Coupon	117¾	117⅞
U. S. 5-20s, 1868, Registered	117½	118
U. S. 5-20s, 1868, Coupon	117¾	118
U. S. 10-40s, Registered	111¾	112
U. S. 10-40s, Coupon	112¼	112⅜
U. S. 5s, 1881, Registered	111½	111⅝
U. S. 5s, 1881, Coupon	111½	*111⅝
Central Pacific Gold Bonds	92⅝	92¾
Western Pacific Gold Bonds	83½	84

* Ex interest.

The day's operations at the Gold Exchange Bank resulted as follows:

Gross clearances	$3,590,000
Gold balances	1,313,190
Currency balances	1,739,605

And at the Clearing-house as follows:

Currency exchanges	$84,251,054
Currency balances	4,339,099
Gold exchanges	9,268,848
Gold balances	1,469,129

The following were the bids made at the Exchange Board for the various State Securities:

Alabama 5s, '83	30	N. Y. 6s, Gold C.,'87	112
Alabama 5s, '86	30	N. Y. 6s, Gold L.,'83	113
Arkansas 7s, Funded	17	N. Y. 6s, Gold L.,'91	114
Ar. 7s, L.R.& Ft.S. is	10	N. Y. 5s, Gold L.,'75	108
Ar. 7s, Mem. & L.R.	10	N. Y. 5s, Gold L.,'76	108
Ar.7s,L.R.P.B.&N.O	10	N. C. 6s, old, Jan. & July	22
Ar. 7s, M.O.& R.Riv.	10	N. C. 6s, old, April & Oct	21½
Ar. 7s, Ark. Cen. R.	10	N. C. 6s, N.C.R.,Jan. & July	41
California 7s	112	N. C. 6s, N. C. R., April & Oct	41
Connecticut 6s	104	N. C. 6s, N. C. R., C. off, Jan. & July	30
Georgia 6s	75	N. C. 6s, N. C. R., C. off, April & Oct	30
Georgia 7s, Gold bs.	72½	N. C. F'ding Act '66	17½
Indiana 5s	101	N. C. F'ding Act '68	17¾
Illinois Coup. 6s, '77	101½	N. C. new bs., J.& J.	13
Illinois Coup. 6s, '79	101½	N. C. new bs., A.& O.	12½
Illinois War Loan	101½	N. C. sp. tax, class 1	5
Kentucky 6s	100	N. C. sp. tax, class 2	5
Louisiana 6s	21	N. C. sp. tax, class 3	5
Louisiana new bs	21	Ohio 6s, '75	101
La. 6s, Levee bs	27	Ohio 6s, '81	103
La. 8s, Levee bs	23	Ohio 6s, '86	105
Michigan 6s, '78-79	103	Rhode Island 6s	104
Michigan 6s, '83	103	South Carolina 6s	20
Michigan 7s, '90	101	S. C. 6s, Jan. & July	17
Mo. 6s due in '74	100	S. C. 6s, April & Oct	17
Mo. 6s due in '75	100½	S. C. Non.f'dable bs.	5½
Mo. 6s due in '76	98	Tennessee 6s, old	70
Mo. 6s due in '77	97	Tenn. 6s, old, ex C	53¼
Mo. 6s due in '78	95⅞	Tenn. 6s, new bs	70
Mo. 6s due in '79	95	Tenn. 6s. n. bs.,ex C.	53
Mo. 6s due in '80	95	Virginia 6s, old	34
L'g bs. due '81-91 inc.	94¾	Va. 6s, new bs., '66	34
Asy.or Univ., due '92	93	Va. 6s, new bs., '67	34
H. & St. Jo., due '75	97	Va. 6s, Cons. bs	52⅞
H. & St. Jo., due '76	96	Va. 6s, ex matured C	50¼
H. & St. Jo., due '86	93	Va. 6s, ex m. C., 2d s.	41
H. & St. Jo., due '87	93	Va. 6s, Deferred bs	9½
N. Y. R. B'ty Loan	108¼		
N. Y. C. B'ty Loan	108¼		
N. Y. 6s, Can. L., '75	110		
N. Y. 6s, Can. L., '77	110		
N. Y. 6s, Can. L., '78	110		
N. Y. 6s, Gold R., '87	111		

And the following for Railway Mortgages:

Alb. & Susq. 1st Bds.	105½	Buff. & Erie new bds.	97½
Alb. & Susq. 2d Bds.	101	Buff. & State Line 7s.	100
Bos., H. & Erie 1st	22	L. Shore Div. bds	97¼
Ches. & Ohio 6s, 1st	50	M. C. Con. 7s, 1902	x99¼
Chi. & Alton In.	98½	M.C.1st, 8s, 1882,S. F.	109
Joliet & Chicago 1st	105	N. Y. & N. H. 6s	100¼
La. & Mo. 1st Guar.	82	N. Y. C. 6s, 1883	x95¼
St. L., J. & Chi. 1st	96	N. Y. C. 6s, 1887	95¾
Chi.,B.&Q. 8 ⅌ c. 1st	111	N. Y. C. 6s, R. E.	x92
Chi., R. I. & Pac	106¼	N. Y. C. 6s, Sub	x92
Cen. R. of N.J.1st,n.	107½	N. Y. C. 7s 1876	102
Cen.R.ofN.J.C.Conv.	101	N. Y. C. & H. 1st, C.	109¾
Am. Dock & Im.Bds.	97	N. Y. C. & H. 1st. R.	109¾
Mil.&St.P. 7s,G.R.D.	80	H. R. 7s, 2d S.F.,1885	107
M.&St.P.1st,LacC.D.	83	H.R.7s, 3d S. F.,1875	x99½
M.&S.P.1st,I.&M.D.	72½	Harlem 1st, 7s, Coup.	107
Mil.&St.P1st,H.&D.	70	Harlem 1st, 7s, Reg.	106½
Mil.&St.P.1st,C&M.	75	North Missouri 1st	80¼
Chi. & N. W. S. F.	100	Ohio & M. Con. S. F.	94
Chi.&N.W.Con. Bds.	85½	Ohio & Miss. Con	92
Chi.&N.W.C.G.Bds.	80½	Ohio & Miss. 2d, C.	75
Gal. & Chi. Ext.	101½	Cent. Pac. gold bds	92⅝
Chi. & Mil 1st	92	C. P. State Aid bds.	101
Del., L. & W. 7s, Con.	108½	West. Pacific bds	83½
Morris & Essex 1st	105½	Un. Pacific 1st bds	88
Morris & Essex 2d	102½	U. Pacific L. G., 7s	85¾
Mor. & Essex Const.	94	U. P. Inc., past due.	89
Mor.&Ess. 7s of 1871.	97½	Union Pacific S. F.	73½
Erie 1st, Extended	101½	Pac. R. of Mo. 1st	80½
Erie 3d, 7s, '83	99	Pac. R. of Mo. 2d	69¼
Erie 4th, 7s, '80	96	Pac. R. 7s, g. by Mo.	100
Erie 5th, 7s, '88	96	P., Ft. W. & C. 1st	109
Long Dock Bds	100½	C. & P. Con. S. F.	x99
Buf.,N.Y.& E.1st.'77.	88	Cleve. & Pitts. 3d	x99½
Han. & St. Jo. L. G.	100	Cleve. & Pitts. 4th	91
Han.&St.Jo.8s,Conv.	78½	Col., C. & Ind. 1st	67
Cedar F. & Minn.1st.	80	Col., C. & Ind. 2d	20
Ind., Bloom.&W.1st.	45	St. L. & Iron M. 1st.	85
Mich. So. 7 ⅌ c., 2d.	x99½	A. & T. H. 2d, Inc.	x71
M.S.N.I.S.Fd. 7 p.c.	102	B. & S. I. R. 1st, 8s	92
C. & T. Sink. Fund	102	T., P. & W., E. D.	80
C. & Tol. new bds	97	T., P. & W. C., 7s	50
C.,P.& Ash. old bds.	100	T. & W. 1st St.L.div.	70
C.P.& Ash. new bds.	96	Tol. & Wabash 2d	x69
Detroit, M. & T. bds.	98	Gt. West. 1st, 1888	86¾

And the following for the City Bank Shares:

American Exchange	111¼	Manhattan	150
Central National	100	Market	120
Chatham	137	Merchants'	119⅞
Chemical	1500	Merchants' Exch'ge	106½
City	300	Metropolitan	133
Continental	88	Nassau	104
Corn Exchange	120	New-York	124
First National	200	Ninth National	100
Fourth National	98	North America	94
Fulton	145	Park	136½
German American	85	Peoples'	140
Hanover	100	Republic	104
Irving	128	St. Nicholas	107

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

NEW YORK, Monday, Nov. 2, 1874.

COFFEE—The market has been very quiet, but quoted firm. The offerings of Rio have been quite limited, the stock in first hands having been confined to the 7,000 bags recently received by the J. Sergeant. The week's receipts of Rio and Santos at this port have been 11,000 bags; sales, 4,000 bags (previous to arrival.) The stock of Rio at the outports this evening comprises 5,000 bags at Charleston, 3,500 bags at Savannah, and 8,015 bags at Galveston. Other descriptions have been quoted firm, but inactive. We quote invoices thus: Rio, ordinary, 16¼c.@16½c.; fair, 18c.@18¼c.; good, 19¼c.@19½c.; prime, 20¼c.@20½c., gold, ⅌ ℔., 60 days' credit; Rio, in job lots, 15¾c.@21½c., gold; Java, invoices, 24c.@28c.; Maracaibo, 16½c.@19½c.; Porto Rico, 17½c.@19½c.; Costa Rica, 17c.@19½c.; Mexican, 18c.@19½c.; San Domingo, 16½c.@17c.; Laguayra, 17½c.@19½c.; Ceylon, 17c.@19½c.; Savanilla, 16c.@19c.; Curacoa, 16½c.@18c., and Jamaica, 17c.@18½c., gold, ⅌ ℔.

COTTON—A very light movement has been reported for early delivery, the business having been checked in part by the firmer views of holders. The inquiry from all sources has been limited. Sales have been reported since our last of 951 bales, (of which 477 bales were placed on Saturday evening,) including 311 bales to shippers, 393 bales to spinners, and 247 bales to speculators. The following are the quotations in New-York, as based on the old standard, and on Cotton in store, running in quality not more than half a grade above or below the grade quoted: Ordinary, 12¾c.; Good Ordinary, 14c.; Strict Good Ordinary, 14⅛c.; Low Middling, 14½c.; Middling, 14⅞c.; Good Middling, 15¾c. ⅌ ℔. The business for forward delivery has been moderately active at an advance of 1-16c.@⅛c. ⅌ ℔. Sales have been reported since our last of 24,700 bales, of which 6,400 bales were on Saturday evening, and 18,300 bales to-day, with 4,500 more bales at the calls on the basis of Low Middling, with November options closing at 14 11-16c.@14 23-32c.; December, 14 27-32c.@14⅞c.; January, 15⅛c.@15 5-32c.; February, 15 7-16c.; March, 15 25-32c.; April, 16 1-16c.; May, 16 9-32c.@16 5-16c.; and June, 16 9-16c. ⅌ ℔., closing firm. The receipts at this port to-day were 6,670 bales, including 1,104 bales from Norfolk, 1,343 bales from Savannah, 1,239 bales from Charleston 828 bales from Wilmington, 1,184 bales from New-Orleans, 22 bales from Baltimore, and 950 bales ⅌ railroad. The receipts at the shipping ports to-day were 29,416 bales, and thus far, this week, 48,576 bales, against 52,571 bales same time last week. The receipts at all the ports since Sept. 1, 1874, have been 701,381 bales, against 536,158 bales same time the previous year. Consolidated (one day) exports to Great Britain 24,540 bales; to the Continent, 1,258 bales; stock in New-York, 80,773 bales; consolidated stock at the ports, 401,787 bales. The following quotations are based on Cotton according to the new classification:

New-York Quotations, based on American Standard of Classification.

	Uplands.	Alabama.	N. Orleans.	Texas.
Ordinary	12⅛	12⅛	12¼	12¼
Good Ordinary	13¾	13¾	14	14
Low Middling	14¼	14⅜	14⅝	14⅝
Middling	14⅝	14¾	15	15
Good Middling	14⅞	15	15¼	15¼
Middling Fair	15¼	15⅜	15⅝	15⅝
Fair	15¾	15⅞	16⅛	16⅛

FLOUR AND MEAL—There has been a very moderate inquiry reported for State and Western Flour, chiefly for small lots, to meet immediate wants, at rather easier prices for most descriptions, other than desirable lines of shipping extras, which have been in comparatively limited supply and held rather more confidently. The sales since our last have been 11,150 bbls. of all grades, including No. 2 Flour at $3@$3 75, chiefly at $3 25@$3 60; Sour Flour at $4@$5 65; inferior to Fancy Superfine State and Western at $3 85@$4 50, chiefly at $3 90@$4 for poor, and $4 25@$4 50 for fair to choice; inferior to very good Extra State, $4 75@$5 10, mainly at $4 90@$5; very good to very fancy do. and City Mills Extra at $5 10@$5 80, mostly at $5 35@$5 65; very poor to very choice shipping Extra Western, $4 70@$5 10, mainly at $4 85@$5; poor to choice round-hoop Ohio at $4 75@$5 10; poor to choice Minnesota Extra for shipping, at $4 90@$5 75; Western Trade and Family Extras, Spring Wheat stock, $5 10@$5 75; Western Trade and Family Extras, Red and White Wheat stock, $5@$7 25; Western White do. Extras, $5 50@$8; St. Louis Extras, $5@$8 25; Extra Genesee, $5 25@$7 50; Minnesota Extras, patent stock, $5 50@$8 25, with some very fine brands quoted much higher. Included in the sales have been 3,100 bbls. shipping stock on the basis of our quotations....Southern Flour has been weak in price, and in comparatively slack demand, chiefly in a jobbing way. Sales have been reported since our last of 800 bbls., in lots, at $4 65@$6 25 for very poor to choice Shipping and Trade Extras, and $6 25@$8 for ordinary to choice Family Extras....Canada Flour wholly nominal....Rye Flour has been quite moderately sought after within the range of $4@$5 25 for fine to very choice Superfine. Sales, 240 bbls., chiefly at $4 90@$5 25 for Superfine ⅌ bbl....Corn-meal has been fairly active at about previous figures, ranging from $4 20@$4 75 for inferior to very choice Yellow Western; $4 40@$4 65 for Jersey, and $5@$5 10 for Brandywine. Sales have been reported of equal to 1,300 bbls., including 500 bbls. Brandywine at $5, and 220 bbls. Golden Ear at $4 75 ⅌ bbl....Corn-meal, in sacks, has been selling in lots at from $1 55@$2 ⅌ 100 ℔s....Oat-meal has been quiet within the range of $7 25@$8 50 ⅌ bbl....Buckwheat Flour has been moderately inquired for within the range of $3@$3 75 ⅌ 100 ℔s.

GRAIN—Spring Wheat has been more confidently sought after, mainly on export account, though in good part for strictly milling; and, under lighter offerings of good to strictly prime samples, prices have been quoted 1c.@2c. ⅌ bushel higher, closing buoyantly. Winter Wheat has also been in more request, chiefly for shipment, at full rates for the better qualities, which have been offered reservedly. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 152,500 bushels at $1 24@$1 36 for poor to extra White Western, chiefly at $1 35@$1 36 for Extra Michigan, from cars, afloat and to arrive, and $1 27 for No. 1 do.; $1 20@$1 24 for Amber Western; $1 12@$1 20 for poor to choice Red Western, mostly within the range of $1 14@$1 18 for ordinary to very good; $1 09@$1 18 for poor to choice No. 1 Spring, mostly at $1 18 for choice Minnesota, to arrive, and $1 16@$1 18 for very good to choice Milwaukee; $1 06@$1 08 for about fair to choice New No. 2 Milwaukee Spring, chiefly at $1 07 for average stock, afloat, $1 13 for choice No. 2 Duluth Spring; $1 05@$1 06 for new No. 2 North-west Spring; $1 03@$1 06 for ordinary to very choice new No. 2 Chicago and Spring, mostly at $1 06 for very choice, and $1 04 for about average stock, afloat; $1 01@$1 02 for No. 3 Spring; $1@$1 17 for ungraded Spring; and $1 07@$1 15 for old No. 2 Spring....Corn has been in quite moderate demand for home use and shipment, with prices quoted lower and weak. Sales have been reported since our last of 81,500 bushels at 90c.@91½c. for sound old Mixed Western, in store and afloat, chiefly at 91c. for prime, afloat, and 90c. for do. in store, 92c.@92½c. for choice do., in lots; 81c.@86c. for New Mixed Western, car lots, the latter for choice. And for forward delivery, of prime old Mixed Western, 24,000 bushels, last half of November option, reported sold, at 91½c. ⅌ bushel....Rye inactive, within the range of 88c.@92c. ⅌ bushel....Barley has been in good demand and quoted at [illegible] a bushel higher [illegible] the instance of the better qualities, which have been offered much less freely. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 29,000 bushels Canada West, at $1 47, closing with $1 47½ reported bid, and up to $1 50 asked; 5,000 bushels Jefferson County at $1 25; 9,500 bushels, about four-rowed State, at $1 33; and 2,000 quarters French, and 2,000 quarters German, to arrive, on private terms. ....Barley Malt has been in limited request within the previous nominal range....Canada Peas quiet but steady; quoted at $1 07@$1 08, in bond....Oats have been in quite active request, and quoted a shade firmer, with sales reported since our last of 103,000 bushels at 57c.@61c. for very poor to choice Mixed Western, chiefly at 60½c.@61c. for prime to choice Chicago, and 60c. for very good Toledo, afloat; 59c.@62c. for White Western, and 57c.@59c. for very poor to good Mixed State....Feed has been quiet within the range of $21@$32 ⅌ ton....Hay and Straw essentially unchanged....Stock of Grain in store at this port, 3,377,411 bushels of Wheat, 1,802,737 bushels Corn, 17,592 bushels Rye, 76,834 bushels Barley, 132,076 bushels Malt, 821,380 bushels Oats, and 1,006 bushels Peas. These figures show a further considerable increase in the aggregate of Wheat, Barley, and Oats, and some further reduction in that of Corn in store.

GUNNY BAGS AND BAGGING—Have been in light demand and reported weak as to values, with Bags quoted at 11¾c.@12c.; Calcutta Bagging at 9½c.@9¾c.; Domestic Bagging at 12c. Sales have been confined to 200 rolls Domestic Cloth at 12c. Stock of Calcutta Bags here, 1,350 bales; and of Bagging, 6,700 bales.

METALS—There has been less activity noted in Ingot Copper, at unchanged prices, with sales reported of 400,000 ℔s., Lake, in lots, at 22⅛c.@22¼c., cash, and 22½c. for November and December options. Copper products have been in moderate request, with New Sheathing quoted at 28c.; Old, 21c.@22½c.; Yellow Metal Sheathing at 21c.; Copper Bolts, 30c.; Yellow Metal do. at 23c. ⅌ ℔....Scotch Pig Iron has been quiet, but steady; 400 tons, just received, had been sold previous to arrival. The business has been mostly in small lots at quoted figures. Eglinton quoted at $37@$38; Glengarnock at $39@$40; Coltness at $41@$42. American Pig Iron has been offering freely and quoted weak in price, on a very moderate movement, comprising sales of 70 tons within our range. Other kinds of Iron dull. We quote: American Pig, $27 50@$30; No. 2 do., $26@$28; Forge, $24@$26; English Rails at $48 50@$50, gold; American Rails, at works, $55@$58; Old Rails at $30@$34; Wrought Scrap, $30@$32 ⅌ ton; Swedish Bar, assorted, $115@$120, gold; Refined Bar, $67 50@$75; Russia Sheet Iron at 15c.@15¼c., gold....Pig-lead has been in rather slack request, with ordinary foreign Pig quoted at $6 75@$6 87½, and American at $6 25@$6 35, gold; Bar at 8¾c.; Sheet and Pipe at 8¾c.... Spelter has been in light demand and quoted at 6¾c., gold, for foreign, and 6¾c.@6⅞c. for ordinary domestic, for prompt and forward delivery....American Steel continues inactive at unchanged rates....Regulus Antimony has been salable and firm on the basis of 12c., gold, ⅌ ℔....Shot quoted firm at 9c.@9½c. ⅌ ℔. ....Pig-tin has been very dull, and quoted somewhat nominal as to price. Straits quoted at 21c., gold; English at 20¾c.@21c., gold; Refined English, 21¼c., gold; Banca, 25c., gold. Tin Plates have been inactive, but about steady; 250 bxs. Charcoal Terne sold at $8 50, gold. We quote I. C. Charcoal at $9 50@$9 87½; I. C. Coke, $7 25@$8; Charcoal Terne at $8 50@$8 75; Coke Terne, $6 87½@$7 25....Zinc has been in some demand, on the basis of 9c., gold.

MOLASSES—No further additions have been made to the available stock of foreign, which, to-day, comprised, in first hands, 2,938 hhds., (of which were 2,330 hhds. Porto Rico, 298 hhds. English Island, and 310 hhds. Cuba Muscovado,) against 5,933 hhds. same date last year. Holders of desirable grades have been claiming full prices, while the demand has been comparatively limited, and no invoice dealings have been reported. In a jobbing way, equal to about 130 hhds. have been disposed of within our range. New crop New-Orleans is quiet, pending the auction sale of 175 bbls. announced for Wednesday, Nov. 4. Small lots have been placed on the basis of our quotations. Old crop New-Orleans moving slow and quoted irregular. We quote: Cuba, Muscovado Refining (nominally) at 40½c.@41½c. for 50 test; Grocery do. (nominally) at 44c.@50c.; Cuba Centrifugal (nominally) at 36c.@38c.; Porto Rico, 46c.@70c., the latter for fancy; Barbados, 48c.@50c.; Demerara, 40c.@60c.; New-Orleans, old crop, 60c.@73c.; do., new crop, 80c.@85c. The main call for Syrups has been for the cheaper grades, which have been offering sparingly. Sugar Syrup quoted within the range of 45c.@75c., the latter for fancy; Molasses Syrup within the range of 40c.@50c. ⅌ gallon. Sugar-house Molasses has been in fair demand on the basis of 35c. for hhds., and 38c. for bbls.

Stock of Molasses in New-York Nov. 1.

	1873. Hhds.	1874. Hhds.
Clayed Cuba	520	......
Cuba, Muscovado	1,487	310
Porto Rico	2,123	2,330
English Island	1,808	298
New-Orleans, equal to	....	*33
Grand total	5,938	2,971

* 100 bbls.

NAVAL STORES—Resin has been in less demand and quoted easier in price, with sales reported of 400 bbls. Strained at $2 35; 40 bbls. No. 2 at $2 70, and 200 bbls. No. 1 at $3 50@$4 50 ⅌ 280 ℔s....Tar and Pitch dull at former figures....Spirits Turpentine quiet, with merchantable quoted at 35c.@35½c.; sales since our last 100 bbls. at 35c. ⅌ gallon.

PETROLEUM—Has been generally inactive and rather weak in price. Crude, in bulk, dull at 5c.@5⅛c. ⅌ gallon... Refined quoted here at 11⅛c.@11¼c. At Philadelphia, nominal....Refined, in cases, 16¾c.@17c....City Naphtha at 9¾c.@10c. ⅌ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been quoted firmer, but irregular in price, on a restricted trade, with sales reported, for early delivery, of 250 bbls. Western Mess at $20, cash; 50 bbls. do., in lots, at $20 25; 50 bbls. Prime Mess at $20 25, quoted at $19 25@$20 25 as the range, and 50 bbls. Extra Prime at $17 50, quoted at $16 50@$17 50 as the range of uninspected and inspected stock. And for forward delivery, of Western Mess, 250 bbls., November option, at $20 ⅌ bbl....The stock of Pork in the packing-yards to-day was 16,405 bbls., (including 12,292 bbls. old and 4,113 bbls. new,) against 18,768 bbls. Oct. 1, 1874, and 36,685 bbls. Nov. 1, 1873. The receipts of Pork in October were 13,156 bbls. The shipments in October were reported as 15,519 bbls., against 16,741 bbls. in September, 1874....Dressed Hogs have been firm and in good request at 8c.@8½c. for City....Cut-meats have been in moderate demand at about former quotations, with sales reported of 175 bxs. Clear Bellies at 12⅛c.@12¼c.; 10,000 ℔s. Pickled Bellies, in bulk, at 10½c.; small lots of fresh Shoulders at 6¼c.; Hams at 9c.@9½c., and Bellies at 9½c.; 500 Pickled Shoulders at 8¼c.; 400 Smoked Shoulders at 9¾c.; 1,000 Pickled Hams at 10¾c.@11c.; 1,250 Smoked Hams at 13c. Dry-salted Shoulders, boxed stock, quoted at 6⅞c. for forward delivery, but without important dealings.....Bacon has been quoted rather stronger in price, on lighter offerings, and a fair demand; sales, for early delivery, of 175 bxs. City Long Clear, on the basis of 10½c. And for forward delivery, of Long and Short Clear, 500 bxs., December and January options, at 9¼c. ⅌ ℔.... Lard has been in less request, and quoted a shade easier in price, with sales reported for early delivery, of 50 tcs. choice new Western Steam at 14c.; small lots of City do. at 13½c.@13⅝c.; No. 1 City at 13c., and 800 tcs. Refined, for the West Indies, at 14c., with Continental lots quoted at 14¼c. And for forward delivery of Western Steam, 800 tcs., November option, at 12½c.@12¾c., closing at 12½c.@12⅝c.; 500 tcs., December, at 11⅞c.; 1,500 tcs., seller the remainder of the year, at 11⅞c.@11 15-16c., with seller six months quoted at 11¾c.@11 13-16c. ⅌ ℔....Beef has been lightly dealt in, wholly in a jobbing way, within the previous range. We quote New at $11 50@$13 for Extra Mess, and $10@$11 for Plain Mess, uninspected and inspected....Tierce Beef has been nominal at $20@$21 50 for Prime Mess; $22@$23 for India Mess; $25@$26 for Extra do., ⅌ tierce. Beef Hams inactive at $20@$23 for Summer and Winter cured Western, the latter for very choice....Stock of Beef in the packing yards to-day 7,180 tcs. and bbls., (including 1,768 tcs. and bbls. old, and 5,412 tcs. and bbls. new, against 3,613 tcs. and bbls. Oct. 1, 1874, and 15,492 tcs. and bbls. Nov. 1, 1873....The receipts of Beef in October were 6,845 pks....Butter has been irregular, with the better grades of stock in pretty fair request at about previous figures, and the poorer qualities difficult to place. We quote the range on firkins, tubs, and pails from 25c.@40c. for ordinary to very choice State and near-by products; 40c.@45c. for very choice to fancy; 19c.@30c. for fair ordinary to strictly prime Western, and 31c.@33c. for choice to fancy....Cheese has been moderately inquired for, and quoted quite firm on the better qualities. We quote: State Factory at 12½c.@16¼c. for fair to fancy, chiefly at 13½c.@16c. for good to fancy; State Dairy, 7c.@15c.; Western, 6c.@15c., ⅌ ℔.

RICE—Has been quite moderately sought after, and chiefly in a jobbing way, at about previous prices. Carolina, ordinary to choice, quoted at $6 75@$8; Rangoon, free, at $6@$6 37½, and Patna, free, at $7@$7 50 ⅌ 100 ℔s.

SALT—There has been a fair demand noted for the leading kinds at previous rates. Liverpool Ground quoted at $1@$1 10; Liverpool Fine at $1 65@$2 85, from store; Turk's Island, &c., from store, 35c.@40c.; St. Martin, 35c.@40c.

SALTPETRE—Has been very quiet but quoted firm at 5½c.@5⅝c., gold, free. Stock here 12,600 bags, and at Boston 3,800 bags.

SEEDS—Clover has been in comparatively limited demand, yet quoted rather steadier in price; two car-loads were reported sold at 9 5-16c. ⅌ ℔....Flax and Timothy quiet at former quotations....Calcutta Linseed has been without further movement of importance, but has been held firmly within the range of $2 35@$2 40, gold, ⅌ 56 ℔s. Stock of Calcutta Linseed here, 13,000 bags; at Boston, none. And of Bombay, none here or at Boston.

SOAP—Has been inactive since our last, with Castile quoted at 9¼c.@9⅝c., currency; Colgate's Pale at 7½c.; Family, 8c., and W. F. Taylor's do. at 6½c., less usual discount.

SPICES—Have been generally held with firmness on a moderate movement, chiefly in a jobbing way. Mace quoted at $1 18@$1 25 for common to prime; No. 1 Nutmegs, $1 12@$1 14; Cassia, 24c.@25c.; Cloves at 43c.@43½c.; East India Pepper at 21½c.@22c.; White Pepper at 27½c.; Pimento at 12¼c.@12½c.; Ginger, 11½c.@12c. ⅌ ℔.

STARCH—There has been a moderate inquiry noted for supplies, with Western Corn quoted at 5c.@6c.; Potato quoted at 6½c.@7c. for new, and 7c.@7½c. for old. Wheat, in bbls., 6¾c.@7c. ⅌ ℔.

SUMAC—Has been in generally light demand since our last, with Virginia quoted at $52 50@$62 50.

SUGARS—Raw have been dull and more or less nominal as to values. The demand from refiners has been very limited, and from the trade unimportant. The offerings have been fair, but the principal holders have been unwilling to make concessions. Sales have been made, to-day, of 81 bxs. Derosne at 9 1-16c.; and 30 hhds. Scotch Refined, in bond, at 5⅝c., gold. And, on Saturday evening, 292 hhds. Demerara, in bond, at 6c., gold; 1,152 bxs. Clayed at 8⅞c.; and 3,500 bags new crop Pernambuco by the Galatea, (the first sale of this description,) at 8½c. ⅌ ℔. The stock of Raw Sugars in first hands to-day, 65,671 hhds., 67,233 bxs., and 89,647 bags, the latter including 61,844 bags Manila, 14,371 bags Brazil, 2,000 bags Java, 5,670 bags Cuba, and 5,762 ceroons San Domingo. Stock same date last year, 73,441 hhds., 44,730 bxs., and 312,798 bags. Also, 3,095 hhds. Melado. We quote (nominally) fair Refining, 8⅜c.; good do., 8⅝c.; prime do., 8¾c.; fair to very choice Grocery, 8⅞c.@9½c. No. 12 Box Clayed stock at 9c.; Centrifugal stock at 8¾c.@9½c.; Manila bags, 7¾c.@8¼c.; Molasses Sugars at 7⅝c.@8⅜c.; Melado, 5½c.@6¾c. ⅌ ℔. Refined Sugars have been dull and quoted a shade lower, with Crushed quoted at 11c.@11⅛c.; Powdered at 10¾c.; Granulated at 10¾c.; A's at 9¾c.@10⅛c., and Yellow at 8½c.@9⅝c. ⅌ ℔.

TALLOW—Steady, but rather quiet; sales equal to 68,000 ℔s., about good to strictly prime, at 8⅝c.@9c. ⅌ ℔....Of Stearine, 25 tcs., deliverable Nov. 20, reported sold at 15c. Best City quoted at 16¼c.; Western at 15¾c.@16c.

TEAS—Have been in light demand, in regular trade lines, within the previous range; 1,600 half chests Japan, 700 pks. Ping Sueys, and 350 half chests Congou sold on private terms. We quote: Gunpowder, common to choicest, 36c.@$1 25; Hyson, common to choicest, 28c.@85c.; Young Hyson, common to choicest, 26c.@$1 20; Hyson Skin, common to fine, 20c.@26c.; Twankay, common to fine, 20c.@26c.; Oolong, common to choicest, 26c.@$1; Souchong, common to finest, 25c.@80c.; Congou, common to finest, 25c.@80c.; Uncolored Japan, common to finest, 37c.@85c. ⅌ ℔.

TOBACCO—A fairly active business has been reported in this line since our last, chiefly in Kentucky Leaf, at firm prices. Sales, 1,000 hhds. Kentucky Leaf at 10½c.@25c.; 59 cases 1873 Connecticut Seed-leaf at 8c.; 55 cases 1872 Massachusetts and 146 cases 1873 Ohio on private terms; 100 cases sundry growths at 8c.@55c.; and 100 bales Havana at 80c.@$1 15 ⅌ ℔. Messrs. M. Rader & Son make the receipts at this port in October 12,079 hhds. Domestic and 3,792 bales Spanish; the deliveries, 4,528 hhds. Domestic and 7,162 bales Spanish; and the stock in first hands to-day 49,186 hhds. Domestic, 11,098 bales Spanish. And they sum up the exports from the port in October as comprising 4,953 hhds., 4,311 cases, 1,407 bales, 862 ceroons, and 194 pks. stems; also, 720,308 ℔s. Manufactured.

Domestic Tobacco Trade of the Port in October.

	Total Hhds.
Stock on hand Oct. 1, 1874	41,635
Received since	12,079
Total	53,714
Delivered since	4,528
Stock on hand Nov. 1, 1874	49,186
Same time, 1873	16,838

Spanish Tobacco Trade of the Port in October.

	Havana, Bales.	Cuba, Bales.	Yara, Bales.
Stock Oct. 1, 1874	18,325	100	123
Received since	3,629	....	172
Total	21,954	100	295
Sales and reshipments to Oct. 31, 1874	8,614	....	55
Stock Nov. 1, 1874	13,340	100	240
Stock Nov. 1, 1873	22,668	54	1,501

For the foregoing statistics we are indebted to Messrs. J. S. Gans & Sons.

WHISKY—Quoted easier in price, on a moderately active inquiry. Sales have been reported of 450 bbls., in lots, at 99c.@99½c. per gallon.

WOOL—The business opens, this week, rather tamely, but on a firm basis as to values. Manufacturers are operating only as they need supplies for prompt use. Holders are not urgent in their offerings, and insist on full prices for desirable grades of stock. Philadelphia buyers are said to be purchasing quite freely in the Boston market, at the current rates; 250,000 ℔s. Domestic Fleece are reported as having been thus taken, for Philadelphia, on the basis of 50c.@52c. ⅌ ℔. for medium. Sales have been reported here since our last of 12,000 ℔s. burry Fall California at 20c.; 7,000 ℔s. slightly burry Spring do., private terms; 29,000 ℔s. Spring do. at 28c.@30c.; 3,000 ℔s. Fall do. at 22½c.; 100 bales Spring do. at 32½c.@33c.; 25,000 ℔s. choice Fall do. at 28c.; 32,000 ℔s. Spring do., on private terms; 6,000 ℔s. Wisconsin fleeces at 50c.; 10,000 ℔s. combing Ohio fleeces at 65c.; 4,000 ℔s. unwashed Western fleeces, on private terms; 5,000 ℔s. medium unwashed fleeces at 40c.; 2,000 ℔s. fine unwashed fleeces at 35c.; 10,000 ℔s. heavy unwashed fleeces, on private terms; 5,000 ℔s. Tub fleeces at 58c.; 4,000 ℔s. Mexican at 23c.; 10,000 ℔s. Super at 46c.@48c.; 30 bags do., 6,000 ℔s. Extra, on private terms; 3,000 ℔s. scoured Texas at 77½c. ⅌ ℔.

FREIGHTS—There has been a more active movement noted in the way of berth freights, on a generally steady basis as to rates. The demand for accommodation has been mainly for room for Grain, Cotton, Provisions, Flour, and Resin. The chartering business has been comparatively dull. Grain and Petroleum tonnage has been in moderate request, and some inquiry has been noted for vessels for the Cotton trade, but the bids have been generally under the views of ship-owners, checking negotiations. ....For Liverpool, the engagements reported since our last have been, by sail, 500 bales Cotton at ¼d. ⅌ ℔.; 500 bbls. Flour at 1s. 9d. ⅌ bbl.; 16,000 bushels Wheat, in bags, at 5d. ⅌ bushel; 1,500 Staves on private terms; 75 hhds. Tallow at 20s. ⅌ ton; and, by steam, 1,130 bales Cotton at 9-32d.@11-32d. ⅌ ℔.; 2,500 bbls. Flour at 2s. 6d. ⅌ ℔.; 50 tcs. Beef, on private terms; 30,000 bushels Grain, including 4,000 bushels Wheat, at 6d.; 10,000 bushels do. at 5¾d., and 16,000 bushels do., in bulk, (a two-boat-load bin,) at 5½d. ⅌ bushel; 250 hhds. Tallow at 22s. 6d.; 2,800 bxs. Bacon at 25s.; 900 pks. other Provisions at 25s.@30s. ⅌ ton, and 250 bags Seed, on private terms. Also, two ships, 1,230 and 1,163 tons, with Wheat, reported from San Francisco, on private terms. ....For London, by steam, 16,000 bushels Wheat, in bulk, at 6d. ⅌ bushel; 100 tuns Sperm-oil at 40s.; 1,000 bbls. Flour at 2s. ⅌ bbl.; 100 bales Hops (via Southampton) at ½d. ⅌ ℔.; and 1,500 bxs. Cheese (via do.) at 45s. ⅌ ton....For Glasgow, by sail, 1,250 bbls. Resin at 2s. ⅌ 280 ℔s. Also, a British ship, 699 tons, placed on the berth, hence, for general cargo....For Bristol, by steam, 20,000 bushels Wheat at 6d.@6¼d., chiefly at 6d. ⅌ bushel....For Cork and orders, a ship, 799 tons, and a bark, 870 tons, with Wheat, reported from San Francisco, on private terms....For a Continental port, direct, a German brig, 234 tons, hence, with about 1,550 quarters Grain at 5s. 4d. ⅌ quarter. ....For Bremen, by steam, 700 bales Cotton at 7⅞c. ⅌ ℔.; 800 tcs. Lard at 30s. ⅌ ton; 200 hhds. Tobacco at 45s.; 300 tcs. do. at 30s....For Hamburg, by steam, 500 tcs. Lard at 42s. 6d.; and 200 bags Clover-seed at 40s....For Oporto, a British brig, 357 tons, with equal to about 2,300 quarters Grain, from Philadelphia, in shippers' bags, at 16c., gold.....For Lisbon, a Norwegian bark, 468 tons, hence, with about 20,000 bushels Grain, in bags, at 13¾c., gold, ⅌ bushel, and other general cargo at proportionate figures....For the north side of Cuba, a schooner, with Shooks, from Portland, reported at 16c.; a schooner, with Lumber, from Pascagoula, at $8, and a schooner, from New-York, out and back, (two trips,) reported at $5 50 and $3 50....For St. Jago, a brig, about 2,800 bbls. capacity, hence, with general cargo, reported at $1,500 gold....For St. Thomas, a schooner, about 3,500 bbls. capacity, reported from Boston, at $1,200....For Hayti and back to Boston, a schooner, 128 tons, (several trips,) reported at $1,400 ⅌ trip....For Richmond, Me., a schooner, with Lumber, from Darien, reported at $8 50....For Charleston, a schooner, with Oats, from Prince Edward's Island, at 12c. ⅌ bushel....For Boston, a schooner, with Salt, reported from St. Martin's, at 11c.; a bark and schooner, with do., from Magna, at 11c....For New-York, a schooner, with Lumber and Timber, from Pensacola, reported at $9@$10; and a schooner, with Salt, from Turk's Island, 12c., with option of Boston.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Monday, Nov. 2, 1874.

On yesterday forenoon, at One Hundredth Street Yards, trade in Beeves was moderate from 6c.@12¾c. ⅌ ℔., the top Steers to hand being held for Monday's market, weights 4¾ to 9½ cwt. On this forenoon, at Harsimus Cove, trade had advanced a trifle on a comparatively light run, prices 7c.@12½c. ⅌ ℔., with top quality Steers on private terms, weights 5 to 10 cwt.; from 54 to 58 ℔s. has been allowed to the cwt., net. Milch Cows sold with their Calves from $42 50 to $81 ⅌ head; Veals sold at 7c. ⅌ ℔.; Calves at 5¼c. ⅌ ℔., and from $10 to $13 ⅌ head. Sheep were free of sale at low rates, and so were Lambs. Sheep sold from 4c.@5¾c. ⅌ ℔.; Lambs, 6¼c.@7¾c. ⅌ ℔. There were several car loads of Sheep unsold at noon; the quality of the flocks on sale was generally coarse. Live Hogs sold at 6½c. ⅌ ℔.; City Dressed from 8c.@8¼c. ⅌ ℔. Trade became less active on these advanced rates.

SALES.

Ulery & Cary sold for Ulery & Goff 119 Kentucky Steers, from fair to good, from 11¼c.@12¾c. ⅌ ℔., weight 8 cwt. T. C. Eastman sold for self 47 coarse Illinois Steers at 9¾c. ⅌ ℔., weight 6¾ cwt.; 34 common Illinois Steers at 10½c. ⅌ ℔., weight 6¾ cwt.; 64 fair Kentucky Steers at 11¼c. ⅌ ℔., weight 7¼ cwt., strong; 62 Ohio Steers, from fair to good, from 11c.@12½c., weight 7½ cwt.; 16 good Ohio Steers at 12½c. ⅌ ℔., weight 9½ cwt. W. Thompson sold for Hasbury 27 Texan Steers at 8c. ⅌ ℔., weight 6 cwt., strong; for Jones, 20 Indiana Steers held on sale; for B. Coon, 20 Texan Steers held on sale; sold for Baker, 38 head of mixed Cattle at 6c. ⅌ ℔., weight 4¾ cwt.; for D. Thompson, 60 Texan Steers at 6½c. ⅌ ℔., weight 5¼ cwt. strong; for self, 102 common Illinois Steers at 10¼c. ⅌ ℔., with 50c. off ⅌ head, weight 6½ cwt. scant; 30 choice Illinois Steers held on sale, 110 Illinois Steers held on sale. J. Seary sold for Reynolds & Co. 35 Texan Steers at 6c. ⅌ ℔., weight 5 cwt. C. J. Fagan sold for for W. V. Wood 30 common Illinois Steers at 10c. ⅌ ℔., weight 6¾ cwt. Burchard & Merritt sold for Bedford & Kennedy, 237 Kentucky Steers, from common to good, from 10c.@12½c. ⅌ ℔., weight 7¾ cwt.; for Reynolds & Co., 42 Texan Steers at 6¼c. ⅌ ℔., weight 5 cwt. scant; 74 Texan Steers at 7¼c. ⅌ ℔., weight 5½ cwt.; on commission, 35 poor Indiana Steers at 9c. ⅌ ℔., weight 6 cwt. D. Waixel sold for Morris, Waixels & Co., 72 Texan Steers at 8¾c. ⅌ ℔., weight 6 cwt.; 32 common Indiana Steers at 10½c. ⅌ ℔., weight 7 cwt. M. Goldschmidt sold for same firm 80 Cherokee Steers, from 7c.@7¼c. ⅌ ℔., weight 5 cwt. At same yards were sold 2 Cows at $42 50 ⅌ head; 2 Cows at $45 ⅌ head; 3 Cows at $62 50 ⅌ head; 4 Cows at $81 ⅌ head.

At Weehawken Yards—H. Westheimer sold for M. B. Doty 34 poor Michigan Steers at 8c. ⅌ ℔., weight 5¾ cwt.; 288 Texan Steers at 8¼c.@8⅜c. ⅌ ℔., weight from 5¾ cwt. to 6 cwt.; 17 Bulls at $3 35 ⅌ cwt.

At Harsimus Cove—C. Khan sold for Khan & Baker 169 Kentucky Steers and Oxen mixed, from 10½c.@12½c. ⅌ ℔., weights from 6 cwt. to 10 cwt.; for R. Baker 85 common Indiana Steers at 10c. ⅌ ℔., weight 6¼ cwt.; for J. Tadum 44 Kentucky Steers, from 11c.@12½c. ⅌ ℔.; weight 7½ cwt.; for T. Bear 36 poor Indiana Steers at 9½c. ⅌ ℔., weight 5¾ cwt. H. Westheimer held on sale for Smith & Roberts 72 Ohio Steers. Bray & Fitch sold for Graff & Co. 69 Texan Steers at 7½c. ⅌ ℔., weight 5 cwt.; 16 poor Ohio Steers at 9½c. ⅌ ℔., weight 7 cwt.; 50 Kentucky Steers, from poor to good, from 9½c.@12¼c. ⅌ ℔., weight 6¾ cwt. Martin Fuller & Co. sold for Morrison & Co. 47 Kentucky Steers, from fair to good, from 11c.@12c. ⅌ ℔., weight 6¼ cwt., scant; for Holmes & Co., 18 poor Indiana Steers at 9c. ⅌ ℔., weight 6½ cwt. Held on sale for Smith & Roberts 51 Ohio Steers; for Stalier, 19 Ohio Steers; for Phillips, 19 Ohio Steers. Coney & McPherson sold for S. Brown, on private terms, 74 good Kentucky Steers; for L. Meyer, 112 Virginia Steers on private terms; for J. C. Bourne, 128 Kentucky Steers, from fair to good, from 11c.@12¼c. ⅌ ℔., weights from 7 cwt. to 8 cwt.; for J. C. Dideman, 150 Kentucky Steers, from common to good, from 10½c.@12c. ⅌ ℔., weight 7¼ cwt. (these cattle had remained over since our last daily report); for T. G. Dixon, 94 Kentucky Steers, from fair to good, from 11c.@12½c. ⅌ ℔., weight 7½ cwt. Held on sale for Greaves & Schackency 34 Kentucky Steers; for Bell & Schackency, 103 Kentucky Steers; for G. Haines, 19 mixed Kentucky Cows, Heifers, and Steers. The herds shipped by Morris Waixels & Co. were disposed of as follows: W. C. Dudley sold 36 poor Illinois Steers at 6¼c. ⅌ ℔., weights from 5½ cwt. to 5¾ cwt. D. Waixel sold 204 poor Colorado Steers, from 8c.@9c. ⅌ ℔., weight, 6 cwt.; 113 mixed Texan and Colorado Steers, at 8c.@9c. ⅌ ℔., weight, 6 cwt. M. Lauterbach sold 147 Texan and Colorado Steers, from 7c.@8c. ⅌ ℔., weight, 5 cwt. F. Samuels sold 162 Cherokee Steers, at 7½c. ⅌ ℔., weight, 5 cwt.; 108 poor Colorado Steers, from 9c.@9¼c. ⅌ ℔., weight, 5¾ cwt. J. N. Pidcock sold 203 Illinois Sheep, weight, 18,170 ℔s., at 4½c. ⅌ ℔.; 698 Kentucky Sheep, weight, 50,530 ℔s., at 4¾c. ⅌ ℔.; 208 Indiana Steers, weight, 16,030 ℔s., at 5c. ⅌ ℔.; held on sale 7 cars of Sheep. C. Hoover held on sale 1 car of Sheep. P. Kase held on sale 4 cars of Sheep, C. Khan held on sale 3 cars of Sheep.

At Fortieth Street Sheep Market.—Judd & Buckingham sold 452 Ohio Sheep, weight 33,670 ℔s., at 4¼c. ⅌ ℔.; 228 Ohio Sheep, weight 17,570 ℔s., at 4⅝c. ⅌ ℔.; 210 Ohio Sheep, weight 18,810 ℔s., at 4⅞c. ⅌ ℔.; 214 Ohio Sheep, weight 18,890 ℔s., at 5c. ⅌ ℔.; 40 State Sheep, weight 4,000 ℔s., at 4¾c. ⅌ ℔.; 86 State Sheep, weight 8,260 ℔s., at 5c. ⅌ ℔.; 85 State Lambs, weight 4,670 ℔s., at 7½c. ⅌ ℔.; 128 State Lambs, weight 9,780 ℔s., at 7¾c. ⅌ ℔. P. Lerch sold 213 Sheep, weight 19,180 ℔s., at 4¾c. ⅌ ℔.; 198 Sheep, weight 16,040 ℔s., at 4 5-16c. ⅌ ℔.; 201 Sheep, weight 16,790 ℔s., at 4⅝c. ⅌ ℔. T. H. Reid sold 65 Ohio Hogs, weight 12,860 ℔s., at 6⅛c. ⅌ ℔.

At Forty-eighth Street Sheep Market.—S. McGraw sold 18 Sheep, weight 1,940 ℔s., at 5c. ⅌ ℔.; 31 Lambs, weight 1,990 ℔s., at 5c. ⅌ ℔. J. Kirby sold 55 Sheep, weight 7,100 ℔s., at 4c. ⅌ ℔.; 212 Sheep, weight 17,180 ℔s., at 4⅜c. ⅌ ℔.; 452 Sheep, weight 38,760 ℔s., at 4½c. ⅌ ℔.; 133 Sheep, weight 11,330 ℔s., at 4¾c. ⅌ ℔.; 170 Sheep, weight 17,220 ℔s., at 5¼c. ⅌ ℔.; 20 Sheep, weight 2,740 ℔s., at 5¾c. ⅌ ℔.; 137 Lambs, weight 8,080 ℔s., at 6¼c. ⅌ ℔.; 142 Lambs, weight 8,660 ℔s., at 7c. ⅌ ℔.; 106 Lambs, weight 6,890 ℔s., at 7½c. ⅌ ℔.; 144 Lambs, weight 10,830 ℔s., at 7¾c. ⅌ ℔.; 5 Veals, weight 1,070 ℔s., at 7c. ⅌ ℔.; 39 Sheep and Lambs, mixed, weight 3,190 ℔s., on private terms. Hume & Elliot sold 107 Sheep, weight 8,810 ℔s., at 4c. ⅌ ℔.; 98 Sheep, weight 8,110 ℔s., at 4½c. ⅌ ℔.; 103 Sheep, weight 7,760 ℔s., at 4¾c. ⅌ ℔.; 499 Sheep, weight 41,360 ℔s., at 5c. ⅌ ℔.; 116 Sheep, weight 9,810 ℔s., at 5⅛c. ⅌ ℔.; 95 Sheep, weight 8,260 ℔s., at 5¼c. ⅌ ℔.; 178 Sheep, weight 16,020 ℔s., at 5½c. ⅌ ℔.; 34 Lambs, weight 2,000 ℔s., at 6½c. ⅌ ℔.; 44 Lambs, weight 2,880 ℔s., at 6¾c. ⅌ ℔.; 241 Lambs, weight 15,810 ℔s., at 7c. ⅌ ℔.; 125 Lambs, weight 8,710 ℔s., at 7¼c. ⅌ ℔.; 26 Illinois Calves, weight 7,930 ℔s., at 5¼c. ⅌ ℔.; 8 State Veals, weight 1,740 ℔s., at 7c. ⅌ ℔.; 3 grass Calves at $10 ⅌ head; 24 grass Calves at $14 ⅌ head.

RECEIPTS.

Gross arrivals at One Hundredth Street Yards for week ending Nov. 2, 1874—2,697 head of horned Cattle, 12 Cows, 534 Veals and Calves, 194 Sheep and Lambs.

Gross arrivals at Forty-eighth Street Sheep Market for week ending Oct. 31, 1874—16,940 Sheep and Lambs, 53 Cows, 505 Veals and Calves.

Fresh arrivals for yesterday and to-day at same yards—4,857 Sheep and Lambs, 22 Cows, 244 Veals and Calves.

Gross arrivals at Fortieth Street Hog Yards for week ending Oct. 31, 1874—27,318 Hogs, 4,759 Sheep and Lambs.

Fresh arrivals for yesterday and to-day at same yards—8,330 Hogs, 4 Calves, 2,830 Sheep and Lambs.

Gross arrivals at Harsimus Cove for week ending Oct. 31, 1874—4,884 head of horned Cattle, 9,485 Sheep and Lambs, 14,177 Hogs. Fresh arrivals at same yards for yesterday and to-day—2,474 head of horned Cattle, 3,452 Sheep and Lambs, 4,469 Hogs.

CHICAGO, Nov. 2.—Cattle dull; prices nearly nominal; fair to extra Steers, $4@$6 50; Stockers, $2 25@$3 25; through Texans, $3; receipts, 2,600; shipments, 1,600. Live Hogs dull; prices lower; packers holding off on account of warmer weather; receipts, 22,000; shipments, 8,000; poor to choice, $5 25@$6 40, mostly at $5 60@$6 for fair to good. Sheep dull at $2 50@$4 50; receipts, 400.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 2.—Cattle active at $4@$7 25. Sheep dull at $4 50@$5 50. Live Hogs in fair demand at 9¼c.@10c. Receipts—3,500 head Cattle; 15,600 Sheep, and 6,500 Hogs.

THE STATE OF TRADE.

CHICAGO, Nov. 2.—Flour steady; fair to choice Shipping Extra Spring, $4@$4 50. Wheat higher and in fair demand; No. 1 Spring, 88c.; No. 2 do., 84½c.@84¾c. cash; 84¾c. November; 85⅜c. December; No. 3 Spring, 79½c.; Rejected, 75c.@76c. Corn active and higher; No. 2 Mixed, 71¾c.@72c. cash; November, 70⅝c.; 67c. bid all the year; Rejected, 59c.; Ear, 60c. Oats steady; No. 2, 46⅜c. cash; November, 46c.; 45c.@46c. bid all the year; Rejected, 41c.@41½c. Rye quiet and unchanged. Barley firm and in fair demand; No. 2 Spring, $1 10@$1 10½, cash; November, $1 10; No. 3 Spring, 99c. Pork dull and a shade lower at the opening, but closed firmer; new Mess, $17 50, cash; February, $17 20; $16 50, seller all the year. Lard firm and in fair demand; $11 35, seller all the year; $11 55 for February. Bulk Meats quiet and unchanged. Whisky firm at 93c.@97c. Lake Freights—Corn to Buffalo, 4½c. On the open board this afternoon Wheat closed higher at 85⅛c. for November; 85c.@86c. for December. Corn strong and higher; November, 72½c.; 67¾c. bid all the year. Oats firmer; for November, 46⅞c. Receipts—4,000 bbls. Flour, 75,000 bushels Wheat, 40,000 bushels Corn, 46,000 bushels Oats, 4,000 bushels Rye, 69,000 bushels Barley. Shipments—7,000 bbls. Flour, 143,000 bushels Wheat, 128,000 bushels Corn, 178,000 bushels Oats, 1,000 bushels Rye, 22,000 bushels Barley.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 2.—Cotton easier; Low Middlings, 14c.@14⅛c. Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat—Western active and higher; Southern quiet and steady; No. 1 Red Western, $1 20; No. 2 do., $1 15; No. 3 do., $1 10; Rejected, $1 08; Red Maryland, $1 15@$1 23; Amber do., $1 25@$1 28; White do., $1 10@$1 20; Corn quiet; White Southern, 90c.@93c.: Yellow Southern, 83c.@84c.; Mixed Western, 83c.@84c.; Choice White, 80c.@85c. Oats firmer; Southern, 60c.; Mixed Western, 59c.@60c.; White do., 61c.@62c. Rye quiet at 95c.@$1. Hay unchanged. Pork unchanged. Bulk Meats—None offering; Shoulders, 7¼c.; Clear Rib Sides, 11c.@11¼c. Bacon—Shoulders strong at 8¾c.; Clear Rib Sides dull and heavy at 12½c.@12¾c. Sugar-cured Hams, 14c.@15c. Lard, 14½c.@14¾c. Western Butter very dull; receipts and demand light; sales at 30c.@31c. Petroleum dull; nominally 5c. for Crude. Coffee firm at 18c.@20½c. Whisky dull; nominally 99½c.@$1.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 2.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat firmer; No. 3 Red Fall, 93½c.@94½c.; No. 2 Red Winter, $1 05½@$1 06. Corn firmer; No. 2 Mixed, 75c., on track, cash; 66c., December; 66¼c.@66½c., January. Oats nominally 50c.@50½c., cash; sales at 51c. all the year. Barley unchanged. Rye firmer at 85c.@89c. Whisky quiet at 98c.@99c. Pork lower at $20@$20 25. Dry-salted Meats—A good jobbing trade; packed lots, 7⅛c.@7¼c. for Shoulders; 10¼c.@10½c. for Clear Rib Sides; 11c.@11¼c. for Clear Sides. Bacon quiet; jobbing and order lots, 8c. for Shoulders, 12¼c.@12½c. for Clear Rib Sides, 13½c.@14c. for Clear Sides. Lard unchanged. Live Hogs firm and higher; Bacon, $5 70@$5 80; Butchers', $6@$6 50. Cattle firm, but only low grades offering, feeders the principal buyers; common to good through Texans, $1 81@$3 20. Receipts—8,000 bbls. Flour, 18,000 bushels Wheat, 2,000 bushels Corn, 10,000 bushels Oats, 15,000 bushels Barley, 1,000 bushels Rye, 6,500 Hogs, 1,500 Cattle. Shipments—10,000 bushels Wheat, 5,000 bushels Corn.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 2.—Grain in Store—358,310 bushels Wheat, 157,088 bushels Corn, 67,237 bushels Barley, 8,176 bushels Rye. Lake and Rail Imports for the last forty-eight hours—10,517 bbls. Flour, 142,200 bushels Wheat, 45,200 bushels Corn, 35,900 bushels Oats, 38,227 bushels Barley. Canal Shipments—242,003 bushels Wheat, 6,338 bushels Corn, 59,655 bushels Oats. Rail Exports—58,562 bushels Wheat, 42,390 bushels Corn, 27,300 bushels Oats, 500 bushels Barley, 3,360 bushels Peas. Canal Freights—Wheat, 9½c.; Corn, 8½c.; Oats, 6c. Flour—Western-ground Spring, $5 75@$6; Bakers', $6 75@$7; Amber, $6@$6 25; White, $6 50@$7 50. Wheat steady but dull; sales No. 1 Milwaukee Spring at $1 10; No. 2 do. do. held at 98c.@99c.; No. 2 Chicago Spring at 94c.@95c.; Red Winter, $1 11@$1 12. Corn lower; sales 20,000 bushels at 81½c.@82c. Oats dull; sales No. 2 Western at 54c.@55c. Rye nominal at 96c. Barley firm; Western, $1 20@$1 25; Canada, $1 30@$1 35. Barley-malt steady; Western, $1 40@$1 45; Canada, $1 45@$1 50. Balance unchanged.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 2.—Clover-seed dull and weak at 8c.@9¼c. Timothy nominally $2 60. Flaxseed, $1 90. Flour dull; Superfine, $4@$4 25; Wisconsin and Minnesota Family Extra, $5 50@$6, State, Indiana, and Ohio do., $5 62½@$6 25; High Grades, $6 50@$7 50. Wheat in moderate request; Red, $1 16@$1 17; Amber, $1 19@$1 21. Rye firm at $1 07. Corn firmer; Yellow, 90c., Mixed Western, 89c.@90c.; new Yellow quoted at 70c.@73c. Oats in improved demand; White, 61c.@62c.; Mixed, 58c.@58½c. Petroleum nominal; Refined, 10⅜c.@10⅞c.; Crude unchanged. Whisky steady at $1 01. Butter firm; New-York State and Bradford County choice, 38c.@42c.; Western prime, 32c.@34c.; do. choice Rolls, 30c.@33c. Cheese quiet; New-York fancy and Western fine grades, 16c.@16½c.; New-York prime, 14½c.@15½c.; Western prime, 14c.@15¼c. Eggs unchanged.

OSWEGO, N. Y., Nov. 2.—Flour steady; sales, 2,100 bbls. Wheat quiet; No. 1 Milwaukee Club held at $1.11; No. 1 White Michigan, $1 26; Extra White Michigan, $1 30. Corn firm; New, 85c.; Old, 88c.@89c. Barley firm but quiet; sales, 20,000 bushels Canada at $1 40. Corn-meal, $37 for Bolted, $36 for Unbolted, ⅌ ton. Mill-feed unchanged; Shorts, $21; Shipstuffs, $23; Middlings, $30, ⅌ ton. Canal Freights—Wheat, 7c.; Corn and Rye, 6½c.; Barley, 6c. to New-York; Barley, 5¼c. to Albany, 9c. to Philadelphia; Lumber, $2 75 to the Hudson, $3 50 to New-York. Lake Receipts—116,700 bushels Wheat, 90,100 bushels Barley, 351,000 feet Lumber. Canal Shipments—30,000 bushels Wheat, 82,000 bushels Barley, 7,690 bushels Peas, 1,058,000 feet Lumber.

TOLEDO, Nov. 2.—Flour steady. Wheat steady; No. 2 White Wabash, $1 16½; No. 3 do., $1 11½; No. 1 White Michigan, $1 12½; Extra do., $1 17; Amber Michigan, $1 05½; No. 1 Red, $1 10; No. 2 do., $1 03¼; November, $1 03; December, $1 05; No. 1 Amber Illinois, $1 15. Corn quiet; High Mixed, 76c.; new do., 67c. Oats dull and lower; No. 2, 48½c.; White, 50½c. Freights steady; to Buffalo, 3c.; to Oswego, 6c. Clover-seed, $5 30. Receipts—27,000 bushels Wheat, 40,000 bushels Corn, 6,000 bushels Oats. Shipments—1,000 bbls. Flour, 33,000 bushels Wheat, 68,000 bushels Corn, 39,000 bushels Oats.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 2.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat firm and in fair demand; No. 1, 95¼c.; No. 2, 86¼c.; November, 85¼c. Oats quiet and nominal; No. 2, 47c. Corn dull and neglected; No. 2 Mixed, 73c.@79c. Rye nominal; No. 1, 90c. Barley firmer; No. 2 Spring, in store, $1 11½@$1 12; November, $1 10½; No. 3 Spring, in store, 98½c. Freights—Wheat to Buffalo, 5c.; to Oswego, 8c. Receipts—7,000 bbls. Flour, 11,000 bushels Wheat. Shipments—14,000 bbls. Flour, 24,000 bushels Wheat.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 2.—Flour steady; Family, $4 90@$5 10. Wheat quiet and steady; Red, $1 03@$1 08; Corn quiet; New, 60c.@62c. Oats quiet and unchanged. Rye steady at 93c. Barley firm; No. 2 Spring, $1 20. Butter steady. Provisions—Nothing doing; prices nominally unchanged. Whisky steady at 96c. Live Hogs firm and active; receipts, 2,800 head; good light to medium heavy, $6 35@$6 50; good, $6 60@$6 75; extra, $7; shipments, 200 head.

DETROIT, Nov. 2.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat steady; Extra, $1 17½; No. 1 White, $1 14; Amber Michigan, $1 06. Corn dull and lower at 80c. Oats dull and lower at 50c. Receipts—23,000 bushels Wheat; 3,000 bushels Corn. Shipments—2,000 bbls. Flour, 51,000 bushels Wheat.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 2.—Wheat quiet and unchanged. Corn dull; old Shelled, 74c.@75c. Oats steady and unchanged. Petroleum steady; Standard White in car lots, 9½c.; State Test, 11½c.; small lots, 1c.@2c. higher.

MEMPHIS, Nov. 2.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Corn firm and scarce; offering at 95c. Oats quiet and weak; offering at 62½c. Pork in fair demand, and firm at $24. Lard dull and declining at 14½c.@15c. Bulk-meats and Bacon scarce and firm.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 2.—Flour steady at $3@$6 25. Wheat steady at 95c.@$1 10. Corn steady; Ear, 50c.; new Shelled, 60c.; old do., 68c.@70c., in elevator. Oats steady at 48c.@50c., in elevator. Rye, 83c. Barley, $1 12.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 2.—Nothing doing in Wheat. Rye dull at 90c., from store. Corn quiet but held higher; new Western Mixed quoted 85c. and old 92c. Barley firm; sales 9,500 bushels Two-rowed State, in store, at $1 21. Oats dull at 58c.@61c.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 2.—Breadstuffs unchanged. Bacon quiet and unchanged. Sugar-cured Hams, 12c.@14c. Pork nominal. Bulk Meats and Lard nominal. Whisky, 96c.

THE COTTON MARKETS.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 2.—Cotton, fair demand; buyers offering inside rates; Middling, 14⅛c.@14¼c.; Low Middling, 13⅝c.@13¾c.; Good Ordinary, 13⅜c.; net receipts, 4,743 bales; gross, 5,113 bales; exports to Great Britain, 2,151 bales; coastwise, 1,993 bales; sales, 1,500 bales; stock, 56,350 bales.

SAVANNAH, Nov. 2.—Cotton quiet and steady; Middling, 14c.; net receipts, 5,884 bales; gross, 5,886 bales; exports to Great Britain, 2,675 bales; coastwise, 1,148 bales; sales, 2,153 bales; stock, 80,370 bales.

GALVESTON, Nov. 2.—Cotton quiet and weak; Middling, 14¼c.; net receipts, 2,900 bales; gross, 2,983 bales; exports coastwise, 2,250 bales; sales, 1,300 bales; stock, 39,994 bales.

MOBILE, Nov. 2.—Cotton quiet; Middling, 14c.; net receipts, 3,799 bales; exports coastwise, 1,568 bales; sales, 1,000 bales; stock, 21,546 bales.

NEW-ORLEANS, Nov. 2.—Cotton holiday; estimated net receipts, 600 bales; stock, 77,718 bales.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 2—12:30 P. M.—Cotton—The market is a shade easier. Middling Uplands, 7⅝d.@7¾d.; Middling Orleans, 8⅛d.@8¼d. The sales of the day have been 12,000 bales, including 2,000 bales taken for speculation and export.

2 P. M.—Cotton—Sales on the basis of Middling Uplands, nothing below Good Ordinary, shipped October and November, at 7 9-16d.; do., do., deliverable November and December, at 7½d.; do. nothing below Low Middling, shipped November and December, at 7⅝d. Breadstuffs—The market is quiet. Provisions—Cheese, 71s. 6d. ⅌ cwt. for the best grades of American fine. Lard, 60s. 9d. ⅌ cwt.

3 P. M.—Cotton—Of the sales to-day 6,500 bales were American. Sales on the basis of Middling Uplands, nothing below Low Middling, deliverable January and February, at 7⅝d.

5 P. M.—Cotton—Sales on the basis of Middling Uplands, nothing below Low Middling, shipped October and November, at 7⅝d.; do., do., shipped December and January, at 7 11-16d.; sales on the basis of Middling Orleans, nothing below Low Middling, shipped November and December, at 7 13-16d. Breadstuffs—Corn, 36s. 3d.@36s. 6d. ⅌ cwt.

6:30 P. M.—Refined Petroleum 9d.@9½d. ⅌ gallon. Spirits Petroleum 10d. ⅌ gallon.

LONDON, Nov. 2—Tallow, 46s.@46s. 3d. ⅌ cwt.

5 P. M.—Paris despatches quote Rentes at 62f. 25c. Evening.—Spirits Turpentine 27s. ⅌ cwt.

ANTWERP, Nov. 2.—Petroleum, 23½f. for fine pale American.

UTICA CHEESE MARKET.

UTICA, N. Y., Nov. 2.—Five thousand boxes of Cheese were offered here to-day, and 2,500 boxes sold, at 15¼c.@15¾c. The market was dull.

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDARS FOR WEDNESDAY.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Held by Donohue, J.

Nos.	Nos.
46—Pendleton vs. Cooke.	188—McVey vs. Cantrell.
74—Wilson, &c., vs. Tuttle, &c.	190—Taddiken vs. Cantrell.
75—Same vs. Same.	193—Ward vs. Le Baron.
83—Morange vs. Vogel.	208—Woodruff vs. Buckman.
100 Brigham vs. Kingston and S. R. R. Co.	218—Schappert vs. Sulzer.
103—Cornell vs. Litchfield.	219—Roberts vs. Harnett
107—Beasley vs. The Mayor of Brooklyn.	229—Foster vs. Hanson.
113—Chamberlain vs. Fox.	230—Oppenheimer vs. Von Biela.
125—Goodheart, Jr., vs. Goodheart.	234—Durant vs. Adirondack Co.
128—Matter of Casey.	240—Matter of Stewart.
129—Matter of Levy.	243—Crump vs. Kennard.
133—Chase vs. Lord.	251—Newman vs. Newman.
137—Matter of Foley.	253—Raymond vs. The Mayor, &c.
162—Sonneborn vs. Lavarello.	258—Hyman vs. Grand Trunk R. R. Co.
165—Matter of Townshend.	265—Green vs. Bates.
166—Rosenberg vs. Auburn Manufacturing Co.	267—Hunter, &c., vs. Maxwell.
179—Browning vs. James.	

Call 268—Hyde, Executrix, vs. Buckley, &c.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Held by Van Brunt, J.

Demurrers.

Nos.	Nos.
25—Austin vs. Schuyler et al.	69—Willard vs. O'Connell
38—Barunts vs. Bieler.	70—— vs. ——
	71—— vs. ——

Issues of Law and Fact.

Nos.	Nos.
5—Holloway vs. Stevens et al.	124—Hogan et al. vs. Mahon et al.
23—Marx et al. vs. Goodwin et al.	125—Liddle vs. Rider et al.
42—Murphy et al. vs. Wheeler et al.	126—Joyce vs. Burke.
43—Murphy et al. vs. Dickinson et al.	127—Smith vs. Morgan et al.
44—Murphy et al. vs. Gamble.	128—Watson vs. Hockstaetter.
80—Pool vs. Stevens.	129—Sherassen et al. vs. Worth et al.
101—Worth vs. Lapaugh et al.	130—Baker vs. Hogel et al.
103—Atkin vs. Atkin.	131—Ahern vs. Goodspeed et al.
104—Andes vs. Douglass.	132—Smith vs. Franklin et al.
105—White vs. Coulter et al.	133—Beach vs. Collis, Jr., et al.
106—Eells vs. Best et al.	134—Jeremiah et al. vs. Jeremiah.
107—Erie Railway Co. vs. Gould, Impl'd.	135—Kucks vs. Whitaker.
108—Sanders vs. Poor et al.	136—Sprague vs. Lazarl.
109—Freeman vs. Smith.	137—Dammann vs. Butterfield et al.
110—Erie R. Co. vs. Barr.	138—Mather vs. Mather.
111—Knapp vs. Kingsland et al.	139—Spears et al. vs. The Mayor, &c.
112—McCabe vs. McCarthy et al.	140—Balke vs. Klebeish et al.
113—Moore vs. Young et al.	141—Churchill vs. Kirwin et al.
114—Marshall vs. Hirschfield et al.	143—Angell, Ex'r, et al. vs. Crawford, Jr., et al.
115—Whiton et al. vs. Spring.	144—Caldwell vs. Grinnell.
116—Moore vs. Young et al.	145—Castree, Ex'r, vs. Simmons et al.
117—Devine vs. Bird et al.	146—Ward vs. Connolly.
118—Goldstein vs. Juch.	147—Kelly, Sheriff, vs. Whiting et al.
119—Hallock et al. vs. Miller.	148—Wilkin, Ex'r, vs. Cram.
120—Wood vs. Earley et al.	149—Bostwick vs. Frankfield.
121—Fellows vs. Smith et al.	428—Ackerman et al. vs. Appleton et al.
122—Clark vs. Deacon.	
123—King vs. Duryea.	

SUPREME COURT CIRCUIT—PART I.

Adjourned for the Term.

SUPREME COURT CIRCUIT—PART II.

Held by Brady, J.

Nos.	Nos.
384—Ford vs. Kelly, Sheriff.	3086—Ten Eyck vs. Whittaker.
2300—Man, Receiver, &c., vs. Conklin.	3088—Lawton vs. Helfenstein.
2190—Averill Chemical P. Co. vs. Am. Cen. Ins. Co. of St. L.	3090—Cable vs. Marvin et al.
2192—Averill Chem. P. Co. vs. Fire Ass'n of Philadelphia.	3092—Moses vs. Young.
3064—Phillips et al. vs. Mayo.	3094—Rogers vs. North American M. R. P. Co.
3078—East River National Bank vs. Long.	3096—Partridge vs. Youngs.
3082—Sands et al. vs. Starbuck.	3102—Walsh vs. Clancy.
	3106—Mott vs. Van Amburgh et al.
	3130—Obrig et al. vs. Roberts et al.
	3132—Brown vs. Lane.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—PART III.

Held by Van Vorst, J.

Nos.	Nos.
3639—Gelcoke vs. Quintell.	1747—Covert vs. Beaman, Ex'r.
1951—Walsh vs. Mead.	1553—Hollister vs. Englehart, &c.
1959—Watson vs. Dimock.	1899—Owens vs. Cassidy.
457—Bronson vs. Frothingham.	1911—Colt vs. Golden Bronze H. Co.
2001—Baldwin vs. Smidt.	1679—Steinrich vs. Bussing et al.
1499—O'Donnell vs. The Mayor, &c.	657—Davison, Trustee, &c., vs. The Mayor, &c.
1213—Lowenthal vs. The Mayor, &c.	3675—Jackson vs. The Mayor, &c.
1465—Bates et al. vs. Barber et al.	1711—Von Schoening vs. King et al.
1651—Allis vs. Phillipsburg Manuf'g Co.	1105—Claflin et al. vs. Munzesheimer.
1285—Dean vs. Brennan, Sheriff.	
1907—World Mut. Life Ins. Co. vs. Cohn.	

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART I.

This court will not be held during the November Term.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART II.

Adjourned to meet on Thursday at 11 A. M. Jurors and calendar will be called in Part I.

COMMON PLEAS—GENERAL TERM.

Held by Daly, C. J.—Larremore and Daly, JJ.

Nos.	Nos.
66—Bowne vs. O'Brien, Sheriff.	77—McGraw vs. Morgan et al.
69—Thompson vs. Lumley et al.	92—Lehman et al. vs. Richards.
71—Hill vs. Burke, impl., &c.	

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—PART I.

Held by Robinson, J.

Nos.	Nos.
1035—Krymborg vs. O'Brien.	1711—Hayward vs. Brennan.
606—Hexter vs. Brennan.	924—Christal vs. Driggs.
195—Klohr vs. O'Brien.	1921—Lyddy vs. Mayor.
1219—Cashberg vs. Dailly.	1009—Houston, Admr., vs. Washburn.
1221—Sanchez vs. Dailly.	2174—Gillespie vs. Mayor.
1223—Herman vs. Oberle.	2082—Cullen vs. Mayor.
2019—Johnson vs. Mayor.	2055—McClosky vs. Mayor.
69—Bender vs. Everard.	2156—Cohen vs. Goldstein.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—PART II.

Adjourned for the term.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART I.

Held by Spaulding, J.

Nos.	Nos.
471—Dick vs. Woodman.	488—Douglass vs. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company.
474—Hagen vs. Carlin.	489—Morrow et al. vs. The Westchester Institute.
477—Cohen vs. Kissell.	490—Johnson vs. Farley.
478—Hill et al. vs. Marquet.	491—Speetman vs. Levy.
484—Garbarani et al. vs. Dondero.	492—Straub vs. Baumis et al.
485—Comstock vs. The New-York Varnish Company.	493—Dickinson vs. White.
486—Hyde vs. Siccardi.	494—Trenor vs. Eldridge.
487—Palmeter vs. Wagner.	

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART II.

Held by McAdam, J.

Nos.	Nos.
1307—Hilsee vs. House.	1476—Saxton et al. vs. Ormsby.
278—Hicks vs. Horton.	1593—Stillwell vs. Morris.
1329—Devy et al. vs. Jenkins.	1302—Recqua vs. Judkins.
——Trowbridge vs. Feldman.	495—Murphy vs. Mattern.
4453—Clarke vs. Cloghorse.	496—Dunn vs. Tammany.
2574—Miller vs. Merwin.	497—Amneldt vs. Doscher.
288—Phelps vs. Fijnk.	498—Hebberd et al. vs. Bayliss.
289—Phelps vs. Rogers et al.	

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART III.

Held by Shea, C. J.

Nos.	Nos.
86—Dolsen vs. Laidlaw.	499—Campbell vs. Brown et al.
1037½—Williams vs. Sackett.	502—Foster vs. Burr.
1337—Beamp et al. vs. Wolton et al.	503—O'Brien et al. vs. Dempsey.
233—Batjer vs. Desendorf.	504—Jarrett vs. Lucca, impleaded.
1372—Clark et al. vs. Burns, impleaded, &c.	505—Jarrett vs. Lucca.
39—Copeland vs. Finn.	506—Healy vs. Lucca.
1449—Reilley et al. vs. Stage.	501—Storm vs. Hornberger.
1587—Duryee vs. Tweed, Jr.	

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Held by Sutherland, J.

Cornelius Richardson, robbery.	John Burns, burglary.
William Parker, robbery.	James Healy, grand larceny.
Thomas Gallagher, robbery.	Patrick Tigh, larceny from the person.
Cosello Bartolomeo, robbery.	Corydon A. Alvord, Jr., forgery, third degree.
Rachel Zeh, felonious assault and battery.	

DECISIONS.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

By Judge Donohue.

Rouss vs. Aronson; Clough vs. Tuttle; Friedman vs. Friedlander; Hutchinson vs. Jewell; Patrick vs. Lemist; Graham vs. Tullach; Green vs. Germania Insurance Company; Jansen vs. Barr; McCullough vs. Dutch; Gilchrist vs. Carrington; Barker vs. Pardee; See vs. Simpson; Wallace vs. Bates; Creveling vs. Daly; Connor vs. Hammigan; Hurzman vs. Augerman; Bhende vs. MacKinley; Reid vs. Burnes; Wertgate vs. Boylan; Goelet vs. Libby; Oakley vs. Hamaus; Dudent vs. Heath; May vs. Donovan; May vs. Besier; Rorbach vs. Wiltsie; The Chatham National Bank vs. Lachemeyer; Wert vs. Priest; In the matter of McMahon; Wagner vs. Pessernecker; Cooke vs. Biest; Bisley vs. Buckley; Westervelt vs. Decker; Kelso vs. Green; Greene vs. The Hanover Insurance Company; Marquand vs. Marsh Land Company; Greene vs. Niagara Insurance Company; Bell vs. Braisted; Manufacturers' and Builders' Bank vs. Cushman; Cook vs. Price; Richardson vs. Vanderpool; Miller vs. Manwaring; Frank vs. Kambach; Voorhies vs. Merritt; Clausen vs. Yost; motion granted.

Schappert vs Sulzer; Livingston vs. White; motions denied.

Donnolly vs. Young; Livingston vs. White; Howard vs. Dunsenbury; Vanderburg vs. Hallock; motion denied.

Ross vs. Senior; The Citizens' National Bank of Waterbury vs. Hamiel; memorandums.

In the matter of Darley; Weber vs. Weber; Bend vs. Quicksilver Mining Company; Hendricks vs. Ingersoll; orders granted.

By Judge Barrett.

Smith vs. Donolon, (Nos. 1 and 2;) memorandum.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

By Judge Van Brunt.

Levy vs. Levy; Bronson vs. Bronson; Spring vs. Hubbard; findings settled.

Jones et al. vs. Butler et al; Post vs. Weil; opinions.

By Judges Van Vorst and Speir.

Fellows vs. Muller et al; order modified by striking out the second defense, and otherwise reversed; no costs to either side. Opinion by Judge Van Vorst.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

By Judge Van Vorst.

Smith et al. vs. Smith; the order was settled in conformity with decision; [illegible]

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, NOV. 3, 1874.

AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

BOOTH'S THEATRE.—Guy Mannering—Miss Charlotte Cushman, Mr. George Vandenhoff.

WALLACK'S THEATRE—Romance of a Poor Young Man—Mr. H. J. Montague, Miss Ada Dyas.

PARK THEATRE.—The Gilded Age—Mr. John T. Raymond, Miss Gertrude Kellogg.

UNION SQUARE THEATRE.—The Hunchback—Miss Clara Morris, Mr. Frederick Robinson.

FIFTH AVENUE THEATRE.—The School for Scandal—Miss Fanny Davenport, Mr. Charles Fisher, Mr. George Clarke.

LYCEUM THEATRE.—Genevieve De Brabant, (Opera Bouffe)—Miss Emily Soldene and company.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.—Vaudeville and Variety Entertainment.

BARNUM'S ROMAN HIPPODROME.—Equestrianism, Athletics—Menagerie—Museum—Open afternoon and evening.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE HALL.—Grand Exhibition of Art and Agriculture. Day and evening.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.—The Deluge; or, Paradise Lost—Kiralfy Brothers, Miss Julia Seaman, Grand Ballet.

BOWERY THEATRE.—Scouts of the Plains—Soldier's Return.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.—Dramatic Performance afternoon and evening. Curiosities.

COLOSSEUM.—Paris by Night—Miscellaneous. Afternoon and evening.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.—Minstrelsy and Negro Comicalities—Messrs. Birch, Wambold, and Backus.

BRYANT'S OPERA-HOUSE.—Minstrelsy—Negro Delineations, &c.—Mr. Bryant, Mr. Seymour.

STEINWAY HALL.—Personations and Songs by Mr. Frederick Maccabe.

ROBINSON HALL.—Variety Entertainment.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES is the best daily family paper published; it contains the latest news and correspondence; all objectionable advertisements are rigidly excluded; and it has a constantly increasing circulation among the most respectable classes of the community.

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TO ADVERTISERS.

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☞Advertisements for The Weekly Times must be handed in before 10 o'clock this evening.

NOTICE.

We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot, under any circumstances, return rejected communications, nor can we undertake to preserve manuscripts.

Some persons have a vague idea that "hard times" will come again no more if the Democrats win the elections to-day. Of course, not one of them could give a reason for holding such an opinion. How on earth "hard times" are to be mended by putting John Morrissey and "Jimmy" Hayes in power, it would puzzle even Hercules Tilden to make out. Any one with a grain of sense or foresight must see that what is likely to happen on the heels of a Democratic victory is this: Bondholders everywhere will take the alarm, our securities will come tumbling in upon us from abroad, there will be a great disturbance in the financial markets at home, real estate will decline still further in consequence of the fear of high taxes and fresh robberies, and business generally will receive a severe shock. These are the most probable fruits of a Democratic victory, and if the people wish to gather them, they have only to go to the polls this morning and vote for Tilden, "Jimmy" Hayes, and John Morrissey.

The people of New-York are invited to-day to strike down one of the best Governors they have ever had, for the sole purpose of "punishing Grant!" But then the hired "organs" at Washington and elsewhere—and, by the bye, even Gen. Grant must begin to see by this time how much harm they have done him—say that Gov. Dix is not in high favor at the White House. How are these conflicting theories to be reconciled? The wisest course is to make sure of a good Governor for the State, and leave national politics to take care of themselves till next year and the year after. One job at a time. At present, the first duty of the voters is to keep the Tammany rogues out of office, and they ought not to be turned aside from discharging their duty because the rogues are hiding themselves behind a respectable figure-head. The only safe vote to cast is a vote for Dix.

When it was proposed to perpetuate the memory of William M. Tweed by erecting a bronze statue on the Tweed Plaza, Edward J. Shandley was so warm an admirer of the ex-Boss that he declared it would be neither generous nor handsome to permit a few gentlemen to have the honor of subscribing the amount required for the work. "I am in favor," said Shandley, "of giving the whole people an opportunity of evidencing their esteem for Mr. Tweed, as a friend, a statesman, and a philanthropist." Shandley is now the candidate of Kelly and Morrissey for Alderman in the Fourth Senatorial District. This is what is called "reforming the Tammany Democracy."

> "Honest John Kelly indorses Samuel J. Tilden for Governor. If for no other reason, Democrats should vote for him."

A Sunday organ of the new Tammany Ring thus speaks of Morrissey's partner, in the face of the report that on Saturday night "Honest" John Kelly spoke at a First Ward meeting presided over by the notorious immigrant-swindler and ex-convict, Charley Moore. Webster's definition of honesty is evidently not "indorsed" by "reformed Tammany."

Mr. Tilden is running on John Kelly's ticket, and pretends that he destroyed the old Tammany Ring. But one link in it he did not destroy, for "Jimmy" Hayes, a tool and comrade of Tweed in the old Board of Tammany Supervisors, is on the same ticket with Tilden. Tilden's alleged hatred of corruption does not scare Hayes, and Hayes' notorious corruption does not disturb Tilden. Why?

The Democrats are making a desperate effort to give their Assembly ticket all the strength they can in the City of New-York. They hope to overcome the Republican majority in the State Senate, and to send a Democrat or a Liberal to the Senate of the United States. It is known that both Hoffmann and Fenton aspire to a seat in that body. Those who do not want such men in the United States Senate will do well to vote for the Republican candidates.

If the men who sought pardon from prison from Gov. Dix and failed to get it could vote, Tilden would receive many more votes in this City than he will get to-day. If the men who were pardoned out under the Tweed régime were where they ought to be, Tilden would receive so many less votes. Whatever may be said of Mr. Tilden personally, the law-breakers hope for his success, because it will be the success of old Tammany under a new mask.

Mr. Douglas Taylor, Commissioner of Jurors, replies to-day to a letter which we recently published, signed "A Merchant." It appears to us, as impartial umpires on the occasion, that Mr. Taylor has effectually put "A Merchant" upon the topmost shelf, and given him something to think over in the last paragraph of his letter which "A Merchant" and all his class have been too much in the habit of forgetting. If "A Merchant" has any cause of complaint against Mr. Taylor, we can now only allow him to make it in our columns when he signs his letter with his own name.

In the Fourth Senatorial District, Mr. John Robinson, a respectable man, is opposed in his candidacy for Alderman by "Patsey" Lysaght, whose only claim upon the suffrages of the voters consists in the fact that he sells liquor without license, and in open violation of law.

The voters of the First Assembly District who admire honesty in a candidate should see to it to-day that "Nick" Muller, the Tammany candidate, is overwhelmingly defeated. It is sufficient to say of Muller that no man has ever gone to the Legislature from this City with a worse record.

"Billy" McCarthy, Kelly and Morrissey's candidate for Alderman in the Eighth District of this City is at present under two indictments for fraud. His opponent is Mr. S. M. Simonson, who, as a member of the Board of Assistant Aldermen, made an honest record.

Democratic taxpayers, who may not see any difference between the three candidates for the Mayoralty, ought not to lose sight of the fact that Mr. W. H. Wickham is the mere tool of Kelly and Morrissey. Should he be elected, these two unsavory politicians will be the real successors of William F. Havemeyer. Mr. Wickham has been too ready to do their bidding already to make it at all doubtful that he will be any less pliant a tool in the Mayor's chair than he was as the Chairman of the Apollo Hall Democracy. It is never unsafe to doubt the honesty of a "Reformer" who sells out to Tammany while his mouth is yet hot from the words with which he denounced it. The price paid was the nomination for the Mayoralty.

The declining influence of the Tweed Ring was strong enough to secure the appointment of Orlando L. Stewart to the post of Assistant District Attorney. He is now the candidate of the Kelly-Morrissey Tammany Ring for Assembly in the Twentieth District. The Republican candidate is Mr. Jacob Hess. Mr. Stewart should be elected to stay at home.

MR. TILDEN ON "PERSONAL CHARACTER."

During the present canvass, Mr. Tilden has been so identified with the attempts of his "organs" to make out a case for him—in other words, he has been so notoriously active in bribing the press—that he cannot complain if he is held responsible for the opinions which are now put forward in his name. In the days when Mr. Tilden connived at all sorts of election frauds in behalf of the Tweed Ring, it was a common thing to silence the newspapers by payments of large (or small) sums of money. The *Herald* had eleven or twelve of its "intellectual department" on the City pay-rolls, and the *World* lived altogether upon the money which Tweed furnished it. These are *facts*, not idle statements. Mr. Tilden is true to the traditions of his party. He has taken a leaf out of the book of his old friends, the Tammany Ring. And hence, during the last week, almost every City journal has been filled with his advertisements, and throughout the State his money has been poured out like water. This campaign, whether successful or unsuccessful, will not cost Mr. Tilden a cent less than $300,000.

Yesterday, his chief organ, the *World*—Mr. Greeley's paper playing an obedient second-fiddle, price $50,000—published in an "editorial" the following concise summary of the whole duty of a Democrat:

> "We should be very loath in all cases, and for all possible offices, to recommend men to vote for a Democrat of private character and ability inferior to those of his competitor. Yet we are free to say that at this time in all elections to Congress, in all elections to the State Legislature, in all elections, in fact, of which the result may anywise influence the course of national politics, PERSONAL CHARACTER IS ONLY THE SECOND, AND PARTY FIDELITY IS THE FIRST, CONSIDERATION. A man who rightly estimates the value of the principles which were announced in the Syracuse platform will vote for the representative of these principles whenever they are called in question. Only when they are not called in question will he feel himself at liberty to consult his personal preference."

We quote this passage at length, for several reasons. In the first place, it is the most impudent defense of political prostitution ever published by an American newspaper. In the next place, it shows precisely how much the Democrats value true principle, and what estimate they set upon personal character. In the third place, it will give the people some idea of what the Democrats would actually do if they once regained power; they would put men in office, not even with a pretense of their fitness, but on the sole test of "party fidelity." We beg our readers to remember the above short and simple theory of a man's duty in public life, as explained by Mr. Tilden's own private and personal organ. We, for our parts, undertake never to forget it. When next the Democratic papers abuse Republicans for thinking more of party interests than of personal fitness or character, we shall put the above sweet little quotation under their noses.

Whether a candidate is a rogue or an honest man does not concern you as a voter—all that you have to consider is, does he belong to your party? Such is the doctrine advocated in the City of New-York, before one of the most intelligent constituencies in the world, by Mr. Samuel J. Tilden, or his pocket newspaper, for it comes to the same thing. And it is a doctrine which has been put into practice, not only by the *World* people, who never had any personal character to lose, and who therefore can afford to do without it, but by the Democratic party of the State. Associated with Mr. Tilden at this moment, is "Jimmy" Hayes. He is a fellow-candidate for office, nominated by the same men—for Kelly and Morrissey secured the nomination of both Tilden and "Jimmy." Now Hayes is quite as much a thief as ever Tweed was—he signed the very warrants which put the stolen money into Tweed's pocket. No one knew this better than Mr. Tilden, for he went carefully over all the warrants during the trial of Tweed—that was the *only* practical service which he rendered to the Reform movement. He examined the warrants with the eye of a shrewd "railway lawyer and politician," and knew who signed them, and who took the money. Did he or did he not know that "Jimmy" Hayes signed lots of those warrants? If he did know it, why did he consent to have Hayes put forward with him in this election? Because he could not help himself. That is the true answer. And if he could not help himself at this critical moment, when he would give his whole fortune to be elected Governor, how could he fight against Morrissey and Kelly when once the election was over, and when there was no further necessity for throwing dust in the eyes of the public?

We have no desire to make party capital out of such questions as these. We have very often given offense to party leaders because we declined to assert what we knew to be untrue, or to defend what we knew to be unjust. We claim the freedom to exercise our own opinions on public men and public affairs, since this journal, unlike many others, has never received bribes or subsidies from any man or party. No one has a right to dictate to us what we shall say in these columns. When we defend a Republican, it is because we heartily believe him to be an honest and a capable man, and when we attack a Democrat, it is because we do not believe that he is either the one or the other. We are, therefore, all the more free to say now that the nomination of Hayes, substantially on the same ticket with Mr. Tilden, is sufficient to condemn both in the eyes of all honest men. It does not, indeed, prove that Mr. Tilden is a rogue, but it *does* prove that Mr. Tilden cannot prevent the rogues of his party from getting the upper-hand of him. It proves that he is still what he was during the whole period of Tweed's power—the supple tool of men stronger and more determined than himself. The people may possibly vote for him to-day, although it is scarcely conceivable; but if they do so, there will be another Tammany Ring for us to destroy two years hence, and upon that occasion we shall assuredly dispose of Mr. "Hercules" Tilden at the same time.

A SAMPLE OF THE "WORST ELEMENTS."

The Tammany candidate for Congress in the Tenth District does not seem to have found out yet which ticket he is running on. In a letter of his, printed in the *Post* last night, he gravely called the opposition which he had to face "a determined effort on the part of the worst elements of New-York politics to regain place and power." Either Mr. Hewitt must himself be a gentleman of great verdancy, or he must think that the voters of New-York are largely tinged that way. Not to mention the scalawags who abound on the Aldermanic and Assembly tickets of his party, what does he think of Morrissey's own particular candidate, "Jimmy" Hayes? Mr. Hewitt may have a fellow-feeling with persons who struggle out of their legal liability to pay taxes in this City, but we imagine that very few people professing to be honest will find in a transaction like the following a good reason for electing a man who assisted in it to one of the most responsible offices in the County:

[Extract.]

Vol. 1., Page 187, Proceedings of Board of Supervisors, 1869.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE.

Resolved, That the personal tax for 1869 assessed against John Morrissey for fifty thousand dollars, ($50,000,) be *reduced* to ten thousand dollars, ($10,000)—he having been absent during the time allowed for correction of taxes, and that being all upon which he is liable to be taxed.

W. M. TWEED,
ANDREAS WILLMANN,
JAMES HAYES,
Committee on Annual Taxes.

This little service is, doubtless, one of the many excellent reasons which John Morrissey had for dictating the nomination of Hayes; but is it a good recommendation for a position which involves the custody of the huge mass of the records of legal titles to the property of the citizens of New-York? If a "worse element" ever existed in our politics than the "old Board" of Supervisors, we should like to hear of it. If a less scrupulous man than Jimmy Hayes occupied a seat in that Board, contemporary history has failed to take note of him. Tweed's opportunities for plunder were certainly superior to those of Hayes, but the record of the votes of the latter show that he assisted to "put through" some eight millions of fraudulent bills against the City. Hayes is said to be rich, and what wealth he has he made in politics. Put that and that together, and the moral difference between Tweed and Hayes becomes not very perceptible.

THE DUTY OF NEW-YORK.

The question which is more important to the voters of this City than any other is, shall we replace the old Tammany Ring by a new one just as bad? We do not believe that the men who combined to overthrow the rule of Tweed really desire to see John Kelly and John Morrissey set up in the position from which Tweed was driven with so much difficulty. Yet that is what will be done if the Democratic ticket carries the day in the State; and every man who sustained the Reform movement in 1871, and who now fails to vote against the Tammany ticket, will share the responsibility for such a disaster. It only needs a moment's comparison to see how completely the Kelly Ring is the counterpart of the Tweed Ring. The one selects Tilden as a figure-head, as the other maintained Hoffman. The one seeks shelter behind respectable nobodies like Wickham, as the other did in its day behind numerous gentlemen, whom we, in mercy, forbear to mention now. The one has the support of the Regular Democratic organization, with Schell at its head, as the other always had. Kelly forms an alliance with the roughs and gamblers, led by Morrissey, in the exact spirit of Tweed; and "Jimmy" Hayes, one of Tweed's boldest and meanest coworkers, is nominated for one of the most responsible and lucrative positions in the City Government. And—what our readers may not be in a position to see, but what everyone who is familiar with the politics of the city sees at a glance—the same dangerous classes that ruled the city under Tweed are now working to regain power through the supremacy of Kelly and Morrissey.

And against whom are these men combined? Mainly against Gov. Dix. It is natural that any corrupt combination of politicians should wish to get Gov. Dix out of the way. He has been a great stumbling block in the path of all rogues. He is not only honest in profession, but in action, and he is as sagacious and laborious as he is honest. This is the reason why he cannot be "used" by politicians. He knows what good government is, and he knows how to employ the powers of his office to secure it. A few years ago, the office of Governor was looked on with something very like contempt. It required a man like Gov. Dix to show what could really be done with it. His energy and tact, his executive talent and great knowledge of public business, united to his natural dignity and the high reputation he has won in other fields of service, have enabled Gen. Dix to add very greatly to the influence of the office. The result is that he has "toned up" the entire system of the State. With the aid of Controller Hopkins, he has brought order out of confusion in the finances of the State; he has guarded all the executive departments with great care; he has constantly guided and assisted the Legislature; he has worked early and late, and with success, to put new vigor into the Militia system; and he has, above all, taught the violators of the law that no clemency of his would be interposed to save them from just punishment.

The choice that is presented to-day, is perfectly clear, and the decision largely depends on this City. If the Reform element here stands by Dix, he can be elected. If it surrenders indirectly to Tammany, Tammany may succeed. We are of the candid opinion that if any one who stood with us in the fight against the old Tammany Ring fails to vote for Dix, he will be helping to undo the work then accomplished. Can New-York afford this?

OUR BUSINESS MEN.

There is no class more deeply interested in the result of to-day's vote than our merchants, whatever may have been their previous political associations. The Democratic organs seek to hide the real tendencies of their party by a clamor about revenue reform and free trade; but since the Ohio and Indiana elections, they are very quiet about the intentions of their party touching the currency and the national credit. Yet there are two points more important to our merchants than all the revenue legislation conceivable, for these points touch not only the foreign trade, but that vast internal trade of which New-York is the centre, and which depends for its safety and profitableness absolutely on a sound and steady currency, and on an unsuspected public credit.

The truth is that the inflationists and repudiators have a great influence in the Democratic Party, and must constantly increase it. The victories in Ohio and Indiana were their victories. They claim them, and the press of both parties on the same grounds concedes their claim. If the Democrats carry the next House of Representatives, these are the men who will be most prominent in the party councils. They are already welcomed as leaders in the path of success by Mr. Tilden and his associates. As we have already pointed out, Mr. Tilden rejoices in their triumph, and expects that they will rejoice in his—if he gets one. When asked to attend a meeting to celebrate the Democratic gains in Ohio, he says "it would give me great pleasure to be with you on so interesting an occasion." He calls their victory "the new revolution," commenced in Ohio, which the Democracy of New-York are getting ready to take part in. In the same vein Mr. S. S. Cox, writes: "There is no one east of the Alleghanies who takes more delight and pride in the splendid success which Ohio lends." These expressions leave no doubt as to the way in which the Ohio and Indiana principles will be received here in case of a general success. On the evening we have referred to, Mr. Lewis D. Campbell, who presided over the meeting, made some very significant allusions to this point. "These glorious victories," he declared, "are but the foretaste of those to come. In two years from now we shall be engaged in a contest to decide *which of the prominent citizens of Ohio or Indiana shall be called to the Presidency to assume the helm of State.*" Nothing could be plainer than this. The Democrats of Ohio and Indiana claim to have now the right to the Democratic nomination to the Presidency, and they have no doubt that it will be accorded to them. The inflationists and repudiators *know* that they can control the Democratic Party, and that men like Tilden and Cox cannot and will not prevent them. Their financial views will be forced on the party now as they were in 1868, when Seymour was compelled to run on their platform.

We need not point out at this late day what the success of these men means. Every intelligent man in this City knows that it would pave the way to disaster and disgrace. A vote for Tilden and the Democratic ticket helps to advance those results. A vote for Dix and the Republican ticket helps to prevent them.

THE ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

A very discreditable attempt is being made to divert the votes of merchants from Mr. Bailey on account of his opinions respecting the Revenue laws. It seems that he occasionally devotes a leisure hour to correspondence with a newspaper in Portland, and some quotations from his letters appear in a morning print. Of course only such paragraphs are cited as tend to convey the impression that he was hostile to revenue reform. The selections do not sustain this inference. On the contrary, they show that Mr. Bailey strenuously defended the Government from any purpose to abet the spoliation of merchants, and earnestly advised the merchants against the payment of a single dollar in the way of compromise. This seems to us an extremely sensible view of the subject, and if it had been adopted by all the importers who were levied upon without just cause, the informers would not have prospered by their practices of extortion.

In the same letter, extracts from which have been paraded, there occurs the following paragraph, which we commend to the perusal of the commercial voters of the Eleventh District as expressing sentiments which are replete with practical common sense:

> "It is of importance that any statute which unnecessarily harasses commerce should be promptly modified or repealed. For the accomplishment of this object the merchants are entirely sure of the cooperation of the Administration. There is no occasion to resort to violent denunciations or pathetic appeals. The remedy lies in the realm of fact not fiction. To point out the incongruities and defects of our present tariff laws and to propose simple and comprehensible amendments thereof is the manifest duty of the leaders in the movement to reform this great element of national income. There are three fundamental principles to be kept in view in the prosecution of this work: First, a thorough collection of duties; second, the rendering of all possible facilities to commerce; and third, the protection of the honest importer from the rivalry of less scrupulous competitors."

We have only once more to express the hope that Mr. Bailey will to-day receive the votes of every honest voter in the Eleventh District. The dishonest ones may vote for "Colonel" Willis, and welcome.

THE ALDERMEN.

On their ticket for Aldermen at Large, Kelly and Morrissey present J. W. Guntzer, the keeper of a liquor saloon who conducts his business in open defiance of the law and who was counted in five years ago as the Ring candidate for Alderman of his district; a steady adherent of the old Ring and a trading politician of the worst type, in the person of Magnus Gross; the editor of an obscure Irish weekly, fed on Ring pap, and the "historian" of Tweed's own club—the Blossom—in the person of W. L. Cole; and a Democratic intriguer, dragged into politics by Oakey Hall, and now proprietor of a Jewish weekly of no standing, Samuel A. Lewis. It would be something like an insult to the Republican nominees to institute any comparison between them and a set like this. Aldermen Vance and Billings are men of high character and well approved record in public business. As Vice President of the German American Bank and President of the Eagle Steamship line, Mr. Kuhne represents just that element of the business community whose active influence in politics is so much desired by every taxpayer; and in Mr. George H. Forster the Republicans present a young, energetic, and intelligent lawyer, whose presence in our local legislature would help greatly to elevate the tone of its proceedings and the character of its often contradictory resolutions. If the people fail to elect men like these in preference to the nominees of Kelly and Morrissey, all we have got to say is that they deserve to be swindled.

From the Senate districts Tammany presents as candidates for Aldermen other three liquor-dealers of the baser sort—Lysaght in the Fourth, Harney in the Fifth, and Seery in the Seventh. The first and last of these were members of Tweed's Board of Assistant Aldermen in 1870, as were also Reilly, of the Sixth District, and McCarthy, of the Eighth. Of E. J. Shandley—thieves' candidate for Register in 1871, and defender of Tweed to the last moment—it is not necessary to speak. It will thus be seen that nine out of the entire fifteen Aldermanic candidates presented by Tammany Hall are unmistakable political "survivals" of Ring rule. It should hardly be necessary to point out the infinite superiority of a man like Alderman Morris to his opponent Harney; a respectable and intelligent German tradesman like Mr. Baaden, to a nominee like Ex-Ring confederate Reilly; of an eminent lawyer and cultured gentleman like Ex-Judge Howland to an opponent like "Pete" Seery; or a merchant of respectable standing like Mr. H. C. Robinson to a political adventurer like McCarthy. In none of its nominations for local office has the Republican organization shown so much care in selecting really strong men as in those for the Board of Aldermen. The policy of the Kelly-Morrissey party has been precisely the reverse of this. Almost without exception, their Aldermanic candidates represent a direct attack on the good name of the City and a shameless avowal of the intention to govern through the same agencies and in most cases the very same men who helped Tweed to power and to plunder.

THE ASSEMBLY DELEGATION.

The division of Democratic counsels which exists in fifteen out of the twenty-one Assembly Districts should incite the Republicans to poll the largest possible vote, so as not only to retain the districts carried last year, but to regain those which were lost in 1873. In the Fifth District, Mr. Leake will this year have to face the united Democratic vote, and will, therefore, need all the support his friends can give him to secure his re-election. The people of the Seventh District have an excellent chance of doing honor to themselves and the City by sending Mr. Frederick W. Seward to the Assembly, and we trust they will not fail to embrace the opportunity. Mr. Solon B. Smith's election in the Eighth District ought to be a certainty, as should also Mr. William H. Gedney's in the Ninth. We trust that the latter very estimable and able gentleman will not fail to receive the rousing Republican majority which this district ought to yield. With a division in the German Democratic vote of the Tenth District, Mr. Strong's friends have every inducement to work for him up to the very last moment. Nothing but the most shameful Republican apathy can defeat Mr. McAfee in the Eleventh District, and if the Democratic vote in the Twelfth District is at all equally divided between their two candidates, Mr. Archbold has a fair chance of election. Mr. Blackie will doubtless be elected in a district so strongly Republican as the Thirteenth, and the very lively Democratic fight in the Sixteenth ought to secure the election of Mr. Holmes. He is incomparably the best of the three candidates running in the district, and if the voters in that part of the City honor ability and purity of character rather than political time-serving they will certainly elect Mr. Holmes. If the Liberal Democratic nominee in the Seventeenth District can draw off even a thousand of the regular Tammany vote, Mr. Berryman may succeed in winning the district for the Republicans. In spite of the peculiarly bitter and not over scrupulous opposition which is being made to the re-election of Mr. Bernard Biglin in the Eighteenth District, he only needs the unwavering support of those who have had no reason to repent trusting him in the past to be again returned to the Assembly. In the Twentieth District, the Republicans have found a specially strong candidate in Mr. Jacob Hess. His opponents are a Ring politician and a rum-seller. It will be no credit to the district if he is not preferred to nominees of that character. The Republicans in the Twenty-first District are entirely united on a very worthy and able candidate, Mr. Granville P. Hawes. The friends of Mr. Haw—the earlier nominee—will unquestionably work in good faith for the return of Mr. Hawes. He is opposed by the faction which elected Genet last January, and by the supporters of the Liberal Democratic candidate. The voters of the district can, and we think will, wipe out the shame of Genet's return by sending Mr. Hawes to represent them in a body which cannot have too many of such men in its ranks.

CANDIDATES FOR CONGRESS.

Before giving a vote for Smith Ely, Jr., let the electors of the Seventh Congressional District reflect on this man's record and associations in the "old Board of Surpervisors." The friend and confederate of Tweed, Roche and Hayes in that gang of infamous memory, Mr. Ely ought to be sent back into the political obscurity whence he has been dragged by the wire-pullers of the new Ring. Mr. Charles S. Spencer has the support of the mass of German voters who abound in that part of the city, and deserves the vote of every respectable man in the district which has been insulted by the candidacy of Mr. Ely.

Almost the only danger that Mr. John D. Lawson runs in the Eighth District arises from the over-confidence with which his friends may be disposed to regard his election. Even though Mr. Lawson carried the district, under slightly different boundaries, in 1872 by 4,000 majority, this is a very dangerous time to take anything for granted, and we should regret to see any encouragement given to the enemy even by a diminished majority for Mr. Lawson. Of Mr. Isaac H. Bailey's claims to the support of every man who values character and fidelity in the public service we have repeatedly spoken, as well as of the absolute unfitness of his opponent to challenge comparison with him on any point whatever. The new Eleventh District will, we trust, make a good start on its political record by giving Mr. Bailey a majority worthy of his claims upon the people of this City.

In the Ninth District, where the Republicans have made no nomination, we should imagine that no Republican would hesitate in preferring Mr. Hardy to the Tammany nominees, Messrs. Richard Schell and Fernando Wood. In the Tenth, where Mr. Hewitt is serving the new Ring with weapons which a man of his character should disdain to use, the Republican vote will and ought to be cast largely on the side of Mr. James O'Brien. Of the "worst elements" which are again coming to the surface of our politics, Mr. Hewitt is, whether consciously or not, the real representative in this contest, and respectable voters in the Tenth Congressional District are not likely to forget that fact to-day.

TILDEN'S ONLY CHANCE.

The only way in which Mr. Tilden can be elected is by the votes of weak-kneed Republicans. As to Democratic votes, there are not enough of them to elect him should every one of them be polled, although what might be effected by repeating is, of course, quite undeterminable. But there are possibly—we hope not surely—a few uneasy souls, not so firm in faith and purpose as Republicans should be about these times, who have allowed themselves to be disturbed by the third-term clamor and the cry of Cæsarism. These people, some of them at least, fear that if Gen. Dix is re-elected Gen. Grant will be renominated; and although there is not the slightest chance of the latter event ever happening, yet they are half inclined to rush into the arms of John Morrissey & Co. under the influence of a wild and foolish scare.

There are not many such weak brethren, we hope; but even a very few are too many; for there is need that every Republican vote should be polled to-day; never greater need, because the election of Mr. Tilden means the restoration, sooner or later, directly or indirectly, of the Tammany Ring to the control of the City, and then of the whole State. This Mr. Tilden himself, if he were elected, would be utterly powerless to prevent. Such is the hold of Tammany upon the Democratic Party, and such the hold which the Ring, scotched but not killed, has upon Tammany, that the success of the Democrats means—well, it means Boss Tweed and his gang again. We all know this, Democrats as well as Republicans, and feel it "in our bones," as the old women say. Let any man talk quietly with his neighbor upon the subject, and he will find that they will soon come to the conclusion, if they have not already reached it, that with the Democrats in power, it would be impossible to prevent Tweed's Ring getting us all under their thumbs again, and their hands in our cash boxes.

Can there be any Republican who is foolish enough to vote for Mr. Tilden under such circumstances on any ground whatever? For, granting all to be true of "Hercules," that his warmest friends, personal and political, claim for him, (and a good deal of it is not true, as we all know,) no one believes, or can reasonably pretend to believe, that he will make a better Governor than Gen. Dix, of whose administration the whole State has been proud, irrespective of party—so upright, so firm, so wise has it been. What motive, then, can there be for the substitution of Tilden for Dix, except to substitute the Democrats and the Ring for the Republicans and honesty? It would accomplish just that and nothing more; and what Republican would have the guilt of complicity in such an event upon his conscience? We hope not one.

As to the third-term bugbear, it ought to be put aside at once and forever. Can any one tell to his own satisfaction in what way Gen. Dix's re-election is to bring about Gen. Grant's renomination? If it were said that it might be likely to bring about his own nomination for the Presidency, in that there might be some semblance of reason. But what his election will mean is simply this: the continuation of reform in our State and City politics; while every vote for his opponent is one for Tammany misrule and Ring plunder.

THE LADIES' CANDIDATE.

One reason for the re-election of Gen. Dix has not been enough insisted upon, and yet it is worthy of serious consideration—we mean his firm course in regard to Foster, the car-hook murderer, and other criminals of the same stripe. The influence that was brought to bear upon Gen. Dix to procure Foster's pardon was very great indeed, much greater than the public in general had any idea of. This he resisted, not doggedly, not with prejudice, not even with feeling; but, after examining the question carefully as it was presented by Foster's advocates and powerful friends, after seeking the best counsel upon the subject, besides the counsel of his own humane, judicial mind, he took his stand firmly, and said that the sentence of the law must be executed. The effect of this decision was most salutary. It made every woman feel that the law was on the side of her defenders; it made every ruffian know that although he might perhaps shoot and maim creatures of his own kind with something like impunity, that if in the course of his amusements he was, although without deliberately murderous intention, the cause of the death of a man who would not allow him to insult a woman, he had no hope of safety from the gallows by pardon while Gen. Dix was Governor. Gen. Dix's firm stand in this matter had a very appreciable effect upon the manners of such ruffians, (nine-tenths of whom will vote to-day for the three T's—Tammany, Tweed, and Tilden,) when they are out of their own peculiar haunts. The election of the Tammany ticket means greater impunity for such besotted brutes, every one of whom has one hold or another upon some influential Democratic politician. Gen. Dix deserves, and should get, the influence of every woman in the State for his re-election. Two years more of the protection of his rule is well worth their having.

SERVICE ON JURIES.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Every person drawn as a juror considers himself personally aggrieved and at liberty to write to The Times hasty and ignorant statements about any "official," even those who like myself are above and beyond the insinuations of anonymous slander. Why does "Merchant," who is half right as to the law exempting far too many persons, and entirely correct in regard to the desire of all to evade their duty, falsely assert that I say "he is liable for a full term of one month in each year," when it is well known that, anxious to relieve the over-pressed juror in every way, I had the law passed to make twelve days in each jury year the utmost extent of service? Has the Commissioner "failed" to enlarge the lists? Ask the courts where litigation has more than doubled in four years.

What insulting innuendo is intended in asking what everybody knows or ought to know by this time, "What becomes of the fines received?" Every cent is and always has been rigidly accounted for by the Commissioner, who has paid every year the balance—over clerk hire and legal expenses allowed—to the County Treasurer, as published by that officer. No one dollar of the amount goes to the Commissioner, and the whole account, exactly specified, is examined and audited by the Mayor, Recorder and City Judge. In the returns of nearly $50,000 to the County and in every way possible those facts have already been made public.

Do the rich never serve? Ask the Judges and Clerks of the State and District Courts what sort of juries they have had since the new law passed, in their thirty monthly jury terms requiring annually over 30,000 jurors to be drawn. "What is the amount annually received by the Commissioner of Juries?" Four thousand eight hundred dollars a year salary from the Controller, and not a cent more from any source whatever!

Why don't "Merchant," if he is a gentleman, properly inform himself before "rushing into print." Let "Merchant" and others cease evading jury duty, and refusing to let their subordinates serve; let special jury legislation be stopped, exempting every year some fresh class of persons from jury duty; let rapid transit and low rents bring back our residents; stop the trial of insignificant cases in the smaller courts before a jury; make liable the professional people, election officers, and the thousands of our most intelligent citizens who have been legislated out of the jury-box, and allow the Commissioner (who understands, and tries to perform, his duties) to carry out the laws unimpeded, and your "Merchant" need serve but once in "five," perhaps in ten years.

DOUGLAS TAYLOR,
Commissioner of Jurors.

NEW-YORK, Monday, Nov. 2, 1874.

QUARANTINE RAISED AT MOBILE.

MOBILE, Nov. 2.—The quarantine in force between Mobile and Pensacola was raised to-day by official proclamation of the Mayor. The weather is very dry in this section of the State, no rain having fallen for six weeks.

WASHINGTON.

THE MONTHLY PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.

WHY THE DECREASE IS SO SMALL—A DEMOCRATIC "ORGAN" IN CONTEMPLATION—THE NEWS FROM LOUISIANA—THE FEDERAL OFFICES IN BOSTON.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—Last year the increase of the public debt during the month of October was over $3,000,000. This year, during the same month, the decrease has been above $600,000. While this reduction is not very great when compared with some months preceding the panic of last Autumn, it is very favorable when the general condition of the finances and the business of the country during the year is taken into consideration. That the decrease was no larger last month is due almost entirely to the lightness of the Customs receipts. The receipts from internal taxation have continued fully up to their usual standard, and it has been repeatedly observed that the consumption of tobacco and whisky, and, consequently, the revenue derived from the tax levied upon them, is greatest when the business of the country is depressed. The decrease of Customs receipts is not regarded by the officers of the Government as a very grave public calamity when it is caused by small importations and diminished consumption of foreign wares. There has been during October no unusual or extraordinary payments of money from the Treasury.

DEMOCRATIC PREPARATIONS TO "BLEED" THE NATIONAL TREASURY.

The Democratic politicians have been seized with a new infatuation to have an "organ" in Washington, and are only awaiting the favorable news which they expect from the elections to-morrow to begin active operations. If the next Congress should have a Democratic majority, the new paper will start within a few weeks. If the Democrats should not control the next House, but should make very large gains, so that they would feel encouraged to renew their labors for the canvass of 1876, then the new paper will probably be set agoing, though the money will not be forthcoming with quite the same alacrity. It is said among those who are interested in the project that Mr. Columbus Alexander—not unknown to fame—the person whom the safe burglary was invented to disgrace and ruin, will have the management of the financial affairs. The paper is not expected to support itself, but it is supposed Northern Democrats will contribute to sustain it for the influence it is expected to exert in breaking up the Republican Party. The last Democratic experiment here, *The Patriot*, was founded with similar expectations, and Tammany Hall, through Boss Tweed, contributed $25,000 to found and support it. It collapsed with the fall of the New-York Ring, since which time the opposition have had no intentional aid from newspapers at the capital.

THE LOUISIANA ELECTION.

Brief dispatches from Louisiana say that the election has passed quietly. Beyond this no information as to the result has been received here. It is believed, however, that the Republicans have elected four or five of the members of Congress and a majority of the Legislature; but it is regarded of far less consequence that there should prove to have been a Republican victory than that the election should have been honestly and peacefully conducted, and that both parties should accept the decision in good faith.

CIVIL SERVICE REFORM IN BOSTON.

It is reported from Boston that the arrangements for carrying the civil service competitive system into operation in that city are so perfected that the rules will be faithfully and fairly executed. One board will make all the examinations. Collector Simmons thinks he could make the appointments for the Custom-house just as well on his own judgment, but makes no opposition to a trial of the system. The Postmaster and Assistant Treasurer will both give the new system a fair support, so that it may be put to a very thorough and honest test. The formal orders and announcements will be made in a few days.

Dispatch to the Associated Press.

THE UNIFICATION OF TONNAGE.

The Treasury Department has issued a circular to Collectors of Customs and others, asking them to bring to the attention of masters and owners of American vessels likely to pass through the Suez Canal, the fact that the imperial Government of Turkey and the Suez Canal Company have adopted the suggestion of the International Tonnage Commission, held at Constantinople in the year 1873, in regard to the unification of tonnage, and the deduction of one franc per ton from the regular canal dues, in the case of all vessels which are measured according to the Moorsom system, now in use in this country, and which are provided with a special certificate by competent authority, exhibiting the gross tonnage of the ship, and the deductions therefrom authorized by the regulations of the commission. In order that the owners of American vessels may take advantage of the reduction of the ordinary rates of dues, under the circumstances mentioned, the Treasury Department has prepared a form for a special certificate, which will be furnished by Collectors when applied for by masters or owners of such vessels proceeding abroad.

THE PACIFIC COAST DEFENSES.

Gen. Humphreys, in his report, asks for the following, among other appropriations for the Pacific coast, for the year ending June, 1875: For the fort at Fort Point, $50,000; fort at Lime Point, $50,000; fort at Alcatraz Island, $50,000. No appropriations are asked for batteries at San José and Angel Island, the fort at San Diego, and for the removal of Rincon Rock. An appropriation of $20,000 is asked for defenses at the mouth of Columbia River. The Board of Engineers for the Pacific coast has completed the examination of the project for the protection of the rear of the permanent sea coast defense at Fort Point, Lime Point, and at Alcatraz Island, and the examination of San Diego Harbor, for the purpose of ascertaining the amount of sediment brought into the harbor by the floods in San Diego River. In regard to their examination of the Sacramento, San Joaquin, and Tulare Valleys, in California, with reference to the irrigation of the valleys, the engineers say the cost of such irrigation would be very great, but the value of the lands would thereby be increased many times. The work should not be undertaken without aid from the General Government or State Government, and there should first be an experimental survey.

FIVE-TWENTY BONDS CALLED FOR REDEMPTION.

The Secretary of the Treasury, in the thirteenth call for the redemption of five-twenty bonds of 1862, says: "I hereby give notice that the principal and accrued interest of the bonds hereinbelow designated, known as five-twenty bonds, will be paid at the Treasury of the United States, in the City of Washington, on and after the 2d day of February, 1875, and that the interest on said bonds will cease on that day. That is to say, coupon bonds known as the fourth series, act of Feb. 25, 1862, dated May 1, 1862, as follows: Coupon bonds, $50, No. 4,201 to No. 4,961, both inclusive; $100, No. 6,201 to No. 10,500, both inclusive; $500, No. 5,001 to No. 7,000, both inclusive; $1,000, No. 14,901 to No. 20,000, both inclusive; total, $5,000,000. The amount outstanding (embraced in the numbers as above) is $5,000,000 of coupon bonds." This, together with previous calls, reaches a total of $55,000,000 called for redemption since Aug. 1, 1874, being the amount of five per cent. bonds of the loan of July 14, 1870, and Jan. 20, 1871, absolutely subscribed for under the proposals of July, 1874.

THE POSTAL FREE DELIVERY SYSTEM MORE THAN SELF-SUPPORTING.

An official statement prepared for the forthcoming report of the Postmaster General shows that the free delivery system was extended to thirty-nine additional offices during the last fiscal year, and is now in operation in eighty-seven cities; 2,049 carriers were employed, who during the year delivered 211,199,665 letters, together with about 20,000,000 postal cards, and 56,500,000 newspapers; the total number of pieces handled, including collection, exceeded 500,000,000, at an average cost of about three and a half mills per piece. The average cost last year was three and four-fifths mills per piece. The percentage of increase in the total cost of service, as compared with the previous year, is twenty-six and a half; but receipts from local postage have, during the same period, increased forty-five per cent. This branch of the postal service, therefore, continues to be more than self-supporting.

COUNT VON ARNIM'S UNDER SECRETARY.

The German Legation has received no information whatever concerning the arrest of the alleged Under Secretary of Count Von Arnim in St. Louis, nor has any communication been received at the Legation from Bismarck on that subject. The Minister, Mr. Schlozer, pronounces the statement concerning the German Government and the alleged action of the Legation here to be without the least foundation in fact.

ACQUITTAL OF GEN. PALMER.

The court-martial convened some time since at Fort Sanders for the trial of Col. (and Brevet Gen.) Innis N. Palmer, commanding that post, found him "not guilty" on each of the nine charges and specifications presented by Gen. Ord, with the trifling exception of one, in which there was found an irregularity in his failure to notice slanderous reports about himself. The court, however, distinctly declared itself "satisfied that Col. Palmer felt that he was acting for the best interests of the Government, and especially of the troops under his command."

THE TORPEDO SYSTEM OF HARBOR DEFENSE.

The Board of Engineers, in their report on the subject of torpedoes for harbor defense, say that in their opinion the system is satisfactory, and that stores for applying it should be collected at the depot at Willett's Point.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE ITALIAN OPERA.

Although the performance of "Aïda" is so familiar as to need no notice at our hands, it should be mentioned here that Verdi's latest opera was repeated last evening, at the Academy of Music, by the same artists who appeared in it on the second night of the present season. "Aïda" has had a large measure of success; Verdi's operas stand alone among the achievements of modern Italian composers in respect of a hold upon the public, and the result of the Khédive's commission—although we believe it is not intended to sing it again this year—seems certainly destined to have a permanent place in the current répertoire. To-morrow the single French work which enjoys similar favor will be recited. "Mignon" is to present Mlle. Albani in the titular rôle and Mlle. Heilbron will personate *Filina*, while Signori De Bassini and Fiorini and Miss Cary are to complete the ensemble.

ENGLISH OPERA BOUFFE.

The Soldene English Opera Bouffe Company last evening effected their début in this country. They appeared at the Lyceum Theatre, in "Géneviève de Brabant," and were received with every token of favor by an audience which filled the house to repletion. So vivacious, bright, and inoffensive an entertainment is rarely offered. It is opera bouffe capitally sung, briskly acted, and freed from all its coarseness, and to the attractiveness of ordinary representations of this sort it adds, by means of rich scenery and gorgeous dresses, the charm of spectacle. The applause which accompanied yesterday's recital showed that all these excellences were recognized, and that the new frame for a familiar picture was accepted as a welcome novelty. It will, of course, be inferred that in some respects the revised edition of "Géneviève de Brabant," by gaining a few advantages loses others. The nastiness of the French dialogue can be easily spared, but, in the suppression of many indelicate incidents and phrases, the "point" of a good many "situations" is blunted, and the adapter has not always succeeded in being as funny as he is inoffensive. It is, however, pleasant to reflect that nobody need abstain from hearing Offenbach's jolly music on the ground of morality, and to repeat that, in the matter of singing, scenery, and costume, the work of the Soldene troupe deserves unqualified commendation. Miss Soldene is, naturally enough, the principal artist of her company. Her voice is round and powerful, her execution skilled and tasteful, and she is a handsome woman, and an actress of intelligence and experience. Miss Soldene personated *Drogan*, and sang not only the music set down to that roguish young gentleman, but a *tyrolienne* by Holzel, and two or three interpolated numbers. Next in importance to this lady is Miss Agnes Lyndhurst, who portrayed *Géneviève* nicely, and after this artist are to be mentioned Miss Lizzie Robson, who depicted *Brigitte*, Mr. Edward Marshall, who was *Grabuge*, one of the two well-known *gendarmes*, and Mr. J. P. Rae, who played *The Burgomaster*. Except Miss Soldene, none of the performers rose much above the plane of clever acting; but the most successful efforts of the evening were to be credited, in our judgment, to those whose names we have supplied. As already implied, the rendering of "Géneviève" was smooth and exhilarating. The serenade was redemanded, so was a purely operatic quintet added to the forest scene, and the duet of the men-at-arms was sung six or seven times, while a general recall followed the final fall of the curtain. While the Soldene company has done its share toward providing an agreeable entertainment by gathering about Miss Soldene a score of young and pretty faces, a full chorus, and a large assortment of the gayest and most picturesque dresses ever worn on the stage, the management has caused Mr. H. W. Calyo to illustrate "Géneviève," with several fresh sets in which the delicate fancy and refined touch of that gentleman are clearly discernible. The programme remains unchanged throughout the present week.

WOOD'S THEATRE.

Oliver Doud Byron made his appearance at this establishment last evening, in the drama entitled, "Across the Continent," a piece so full of incident and stirring adventure that the announcement of its representation never fails to draw a large audience. Mr. Byron last night appeared as usual as the hero of the piece, and was efficiently supported by the quaintly humorous Mr. Sheldon in the character of *Adderly*, and by a numerous company. A change of performance is announced for the middle of the week. At the daily matinées Miss Sophie Miles, and Messrs. Sheldon, Aldrich, and Connor act "Six Degrees of Crime."

THE OLYMPIC.

The attractions of this theatre are by far too numerous to be noticed in detail. We can only refer to the performances of the Faust family of English acrobats, who perform some novel, varied, and daring feats, and who made their first appearance before an American audience last evening; and to the "character acting" of Mr. Gus Williams, Mr. Sam Rickey and Master Barney. The opera of "Géneviève de Brabant" is also given in a compressed form by Miss Alice Harrison and troupe, and the "Living Fountain," a really artistic tableau, which seems to lose nothing of its attractiveness by repeated showing, is exhibited nightly. Miss Emma Hoffman has been engaged to appear in "character songs" next week, and a long list of striking novelties is in readiness.

BARNUM'S.

Mr. Barnum's Hippodrome was opened to the public for the season last evening. The many-sided entertainment peculiar to this colossal place of amusement was offered to a very large audience, the magnitude of which indicated that the interest of Metropolitan sight-seers in Mr. Barnum's enterprises has in no way been lessened. A detailed notice of the performance is reserved.

THE ASSAULT ON MR. ANTHONY COMSTOCK.

The condition of Mr. Anthony J. Comstock, who was so dangerously stabbed by Charles Conroy on Saturday night last, was very critical last evening, and but slight hopes were entertained of his recovery. The circumstances of the attempted assassination were that Mr. Comstock, as agent of the New-York Society for the Suppression of Vice, as well as agent of the United States Government for preventing the transmission of obscene matter through the mails, had arrested Conroy at Newark N. J., and assisted by Mr. Hopwood, a clerk in the Newark Post Office, was taking him to the jail in that city. As Mr. Comstock opened the carriage-door for his prisoner to alight at the jail, Conroy stabbed him in the head twice, inflicting frightful wounds, the last stab cutting a gash from the temple to the chin, laying open the flesh to the bone, and severing four of the facial arteries. Mr. Hopwood rushed to the assistance of Mr. Comstock, and with the assistance of the guard at the jail overpowered the prisoner and locked him up. Mr. Comstock's wound was dressed at once, but in a bungling manner, so that when he arrived home in Brooklyn, several hours afterward, the blood had not ceased to flow. Conroy lives in Brooklyn, E. D. Comstock has been on his track for some time, and at last, with the aid of Hopwood had hunted him down. Mr. Hopwood yesterday made the charge against the miscreant of an attempt to kill Comstock, and if the injuries of the latter prove fatal, the last crime added to those of which he has been well known to be guilty for so long a period, will most likely end his career of vice.

THE LOUISIANA ELECTION.

NO DISTURBANCES UP TO 1 P. M.—FAIR PROSPECT FOR FOUR REPUBLICAN CONGRESSMEN.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—J. M. Edmunds, Secretary of the Union Republican Congressional Committee, has received the following telegram:

NEW-ORLEANS, Nov. 2.—The election was progressing quietly at noon. The colored vote was registered at upward of 14,000 majority in the State. The White League intimidation will lose us several thousand colored votes. Four of the six Congressional Districts have colored majorities. The First and Second Districts have small white majorities, but we expect to carry one if not both of them. Four Republicans will certainly be elected.

(Signed,) S. P. PACKARD,
President State Republican Committee.

NEW-ORLEANS, Nov. 2.—In New-Iberia, Franklin and Shreveport the election is progressing quietly. No disturbance had occurred up to 1 o'clock P. M. The negroes are voting strongly with the whites. United States troops are encamped within thirty yards of the polls at Franklin.

THE STATE CLAIMED BY THE REPUBLICANS BY 10,000, AND BY THE DEMOCRATS BY 3,000 TO 5,000.

NEW-ORLEANS, Nov. 2.—The election passed off quietly. No official returns have yet been received, but the indications are that the city has gone Conservative by 12,000 to 13,000 majority. Many prominent Conservatives claim 15,000 majority in the city. It is generally believed Gibson has defeated Sypher for Congress in the First District. The Conservatives claim the election of Ellis in the Second District, though the vote will be very close. The Democrats claim the State by 3,000 to 5,000. Yesterday the Republicans estimated they would carry the State by 20,000, and now the most sanguine only claim it by 10,000, and others by a small majority.

The vote for Congressmen in the Third, Fourth, Fifth, and Sixth Districts will be very close, from present indications.

All points heard from report a heavy colored vote for the Conservatives, estimated at twenty per cent. of the colored vote polled.

Telegrams from fourteen stations in the parishes report that the election passed off quietly.

Gov. Kellogg to-night thinks the Republicans will carry the State by a good majority, and elect four, probably five, and possibly six, Congressmen.

Gov. McEnery thinks the Conservatives will carry the State by a small majority, and elect three Congressmen.

A POLL-BOOK AND BALLOT-BOX STOLEN.

FARMVILLE, La., Nov. 2.—The poll-book and ballot-box of Farmville and the poll-book of the original registration of Union Parish were stolen on Sunday night from the Sheriff's Office. The election is progressing at this poll under the advice of Judge Trimble, who will maintain the legality of the polling in case of contest between local candidates.

THE RESULT IN SHREVEPORT.

SHREVEPORT, La., Nov. 2.—Business was fairly suspended here to-day. The election passed off in the most quiet manner. The ballots are now being counted. The Conservative ticket is ahead in Spring Ridge, Summer Grove and Morningsport. The vote on the State ticket in the city is very close, not more than 200 majority either way. The election of the entire Conservative city ticket is conceded. The Conservatives claim the parish by from 300 to 500 majority. Many negroes voted with the white people. Many Republican admit that the arrests of the merchants was bad policy, as many who had not taken part in politics since the war closed their places of business and engaged actively in the canvass. One ward in De Soto Parish reports a heavy Conservative majority. A special dispatch to the *Times*, from Homer, says that Claiborne Parish will give from 500 to 700 Conservative majority. A special to the same paper from Minden claims 300 Conservative majority in Webster. The *Evening Telegram*, (Republican,) says: "We are satisfied that there has been a full and free election, and that both parties will abide by the expressed will of the people through the ballot-box."

INDICATIONS OF A CLOSE VOTE—THE CONGRESSIONAL DELEGATIONS.

NEW-ORLEANS, La., Nov. 2—Midnight.—No returns have yet been received of the city vote, but enough is known to warrant the statement that the Conservatives have certainly not less than ten, and possibly fifteen thousand majority.

The reports from the parishes are meagre, but show Conservative gains over the vote of 1872.

The indications are that the vote in the State will be close. The Conservatives claim four Congressmen. The Republicans admit the loss of but one.

No disturbance is reported from any quarter.

PENNSYLVANIA.

THE STATE CERTAIN FOR THE REPUBLICANS BY 15,000.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 2.—The Republican managers of this city closed an exceedingly exciting and thorough canvass to-night. As a result of their labors they are confident that the city will give 12,000 majority for the State ticket; that the State ticket will be elected by a majority of 15,000, and that every man upon the city tickets, including Col. Marr, will be elected by a majority of thousands. At these figures thousands of dollars have been wagered to-night, and the leaders and the party are confident of to-morrow's voting. This is Philadelphia's greeting to the country.

PREPARING FOR THE ELECTION IN PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Nov. 2.—The different ward executive committees are in session to-night preparing for the contest to-morrow. Fears are entertained that the triangular fight in the Fifth Congressional District will result in a loss to the Republicans of a member from that district. The fight is between A. C. Harmer, the regular nominee; Leonard Myers, Independent, and John Robbins, Democratic. The indications are that Chapman Freeman, Republican, will be elected in the First District, and Messrs. O'Neill, Republican, in the Second; Randall, Democrat, in the Third, and Kelley, Republican, in the Fourth.

HAYTI.

JEALOUSY OF FOREIGNERS—THE NEW CONSTITUTION ON THIS POINT.

The new Constitution of the Republic of Hayti, just promulgated, allows no foreigner to hold immovable property in Hayti, and prescribes that in case of losses by civil or political disturbances no indemnity can be claimed from the State, either by citizens or foreign residents, who can only have recourse to the courts to recover damages from the parties by whom the losses were caused.

THE MANITOBA MURDER—SENTENCE OF LEPINE TO BE HANGED.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 2.—A special dispatch from Fort Garry to the *Press* states that Lœpine was sentenced in the Court of Queen's Bench, the Judge having denied a motion for a new trial. Lepine is to be hanged on the 29th of January, for complicity in the murder of Scott, a Canadian, by Riel's Provisional Government. It is generally anticipated at Fort Garry that the punishment will be commuted by Lord Dufferin.

THE MAILS FROM EUROPE.

The White Star steam-ship Oceanic, from Liverpool Oct. 22, and Queenstown Oct. 23, reached this port yesterday morning. We are under obligations to the management of the line once more for European journals later by three days than those by the Bremen steamers. The Inman steam-ship City of Brooklyn, with the regular mail bearing the above dates, reached this port last night.

TILDEN AND TAMMANY.

HOW TILDEN STOOD BY THE OLD RING.

HE NEVER DESERTED IT UNTIL ITS OVERTHROW SEEMED ASSURED—THE FRUITLESS APPEALS MADE TO HIM TO OPPOSE TWEED.

In order that the public should understand Mr. Samuel J. Tilden's connection with Tweed and the old Tammany Ring, we reproduce the following extracts from articles which appeared in THE TIMES during the months of September and October, 1870. These show how the appeals made to him to oppose Tweed & Co. were disregarded; how he supported the old Ring until its downfall was made apparent by the exposures of its rascalities by THE TIMES, and then, and then only, he came forward in the rôle of a reformer. If he had done so at an earlier date he could, doubtless, justly claim credit for his disinterestedness; but he lent the influence of his name and position to Tammany, and connived at all its fraudulent practices so long as it remained unshaken in its power.

From the New-York Times, Sept. 23, 1870.

Mr. Tilden is just the kind of Democrat to whom one would look, either for active exertions in the purification of the party, or the total abandonment of it as soon as its purification seemed hopeless.

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He is as much disgusted with the City Government as any of us, and probably knows more of its horrors than most of us; he cannot have lived and labored in the earlier days of the Democratic Party in this State without being troubled beyond measure by the character of the men who now lead in its councils. He knows that they cheat and lie and steal, and he knows that they rely for the perpetuation of their power on the fidelity and exertions of jail-birds—and on the perpetration of frauds, such as, until lately, only jail-birds were guilty of.

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Nevertheless, Mr. Tilden—such as we see him and know him—was one of the most prominent performers in the late farce at Rochester. He is Chairman of the State Committee, and thus has more to do than any one else with the working of the machine. He knows that the Tammany Committee supplies all the steam, and that the State Committee is only a sham; that he, its Chairman, is only an ornamental subordinate, and that whatever he does has to be done subject to the approbation of William M. Tweed. So far from being disgusted with his position, he seemed to delight in it. He not only went to Rochester, but he delivered the speech of the occasion, and had his watch stolen by one of the minor members of the party.

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We suppose no reasonable man entertains the slightest doubt that the City and State could be rescued from their present deplorable condition if the repectable men of the Democratic Party chose to make the effort. How little chance there is of their making it may be guessed from this performance of Mr. Tilden's. When, in the present posture of our affairs, an old lawyer of his standing gets up, and at a political convention warns us against the Prussian military system and the French Cæsarism, and says nothing of Tammany Hall—is shocked by King William and Bismarck, and isn't at all troubled by Tweed, or Sweeny, or O'Brien, or Barnard, or Hoffman—it is quite evident that honest men must find some other way of political salvation than the Democracy can offer us. It is evident, too, that the Democracy is every day losing more and more rapidly all semblance to a political organization, and assuming more and more the character of a simple band of plunderers. Indeed, the holding a "convention" is already almost an insult to the intelligence of the people of the State. Even the Greek brigands are obliged to hold their "conventions" in holes and corners, and dare not come down to Athens to preach morality.

[It is needless to say that Mr. Tilden continued is support Tweed & Co. for a full year after this article was published.]

From the New-York Times, Oct. 13, 1870.

We have already used Mr. Tilden as an illustration of the uselessness of expecting any vigorous efforts for reform from the Democratic Party. When a man like Mr. Samuel Tilden is content to go up to Rochester and act as fugleman for Tweed in a convention "largely made up of City thieves and bullies," the case seems, it must be admitted, very hopeless. But some unsophisticated Democrat may still flatter himself that, although individual politicians may prove faithless, he can always look, if the worst comes to the worst, to the party press for enlightment as to the real character of the men who ask him to intrust his purse and his person to their keeping.

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Now, it looked after all this as if Tweed's reign was near its end—as if honest and intelligent Democrats, like Mr. Samuel Tilden, were going to rise up against him and dethrone him; and there ran through the community a thrill of excitement such as nothing in City politics had been able to produce in many a long day. But now mark what followed. Tweed went up to Albany, overthrew his opponents, the "Young Democracy," and then came back and turned his attention to the *World*. What happened between him and it during the Summer months nobody but the parties chiefly concerned know, and probably nobody will ever know. Suffice it to say that all opposition to Tweed and the Tweedites, on the part of the *World*, ceased as if by magic. Outsiders can only guess at the nature of the process by which this "silence deep as death" was secured.

From the New-York Times, September, 1870.

The *World* comes to the defense of Mr. Tilden for presiding over the assemblage of knaves, who met the other day in Rochester, and who robbed each other on the way home. It contends that if Mr. Tilden spoke of centralization in connection with the King of Prussia and Count Bismarck, it was only because centralization was the theme which is or ought to be just now most interesting to the citizens of this State, and the King of Prussia and Count Bismarck are showing what kind of thing it is. * * * As long as the United States possess no standing army, and confine themselves, as the *World* must acknowledge they still do, to the performance of only a very small number of the duties with which other Governments are usually charged—as long as their courts have jurisdiction of only one small class of crimes, and Congress confines its practical work to a small portion of the legislation of the country—centralization must at best be a very slow process. Mr. Tilden and the *World* will hardly deny that, considering the extent of the country, the character and habits of the population, the enormous mass of interests which are still managed by the towns, counties, and States, and the complete dependence of the General Government on the several States for its armed force, it will take, on a very moderate calculation, from 100 to 150 years to establish "imperialism" in the United States.

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In fact we do not see how any rational man, not to speak of erudite authorities like the *World* and Mr. Tilden, can possibly look for an Emperor in Washington, supposing us to travel in that direction as fast as any nation has ever done, before the year 2000, at the very earliest.

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We accordingly invite the *World*, Mr. Samuel J. Tilden, and all others whom it may concern, to dismiss imperialism from their minds for the present, and turn their attention to the government of this City and this State as it now is; to the mode in which the Governor, Aldermen, and Common Councilmen are elected; to the kind of men who fill those offices; and to the manner in which they fill them. These are present and pressing subjects of consideration. They are before us now, and have been before us for some time, and deeply concern every human being living in the State of New-York. We also respectfully urge these gentlemen to dismiss from their minds, for the present, the King of Prussia, the Chancellor of the North German Confederation, the Emperor of Russia, the Sultan of Turkey, the Khan of Bokhara, and all other foreign Princes and potentates.

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No Caliph, or Kahn, or Cæsar has ever risen to power or opulence more rapidly than Tweed I. Ten short years ago, this monarch was pursuing the humble occupation of a chair-maker in an obscure street in this City. He now rules this State as Napoleon ruled France, or the Medici ruled Florence, not by the same machinery, but with much the same results. He names the Governor of the State just as certainly as Napoleon named the Prefect of the Seine. His "civil list" bears a larger proportion to the State revenues than Napoleon's bore those of France. His immediate personal followers are a more despicable and unclean herd than has ever surrounded the paltriest Asiatic despot. And there he sits to-day, pocketing our money and laughing at us.

Whatever be the tendency that brought about this state of things, the *World* must admit it has been a pretty rapid movement, and we repeat that, in the presence of this state of things, it was outrageous—we use the word deliberately—for a man of Mr. Tilden's standing—whom men of character meet every day in social intercourse, and who professes to be and is a man of honor—to go to Rochester and open the proceedings of the pack of rascals who went through the forms of a political convention in that city last week. We say it was an insult to his friends and neighbors, and to every honest man in the City. He knows he sat there simply as a cover for fraud and robbery of the worst kind. He ought not, after having done it, to be able to drive past Tweed's new house and garden on Fifth avenue without blushing and banging his head. He knows where the ex-chair-maker got the means of paying for that mansion; and knowing it, how could he dare to sit in a "convention," the sole object of which was to put fresh plunder in the recreant mechanic's pockets, and protract the reign of a pack of cheats over his fellow-citizens.

From the New York Times, Oct. 4, 1870.

The Controller has issued no report for two years and a half.

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In a great City like this, where the taxes are so heavy, and the amount raised per annum so enormous, no proper amount of expenditure is ever given to the people. The Controller, if he keeps any books, does so for the satisfaction of the "Ring" only, and the public are not allowed to know anything whatever about them.

There never was devised a more dishonest or more audacious cover for wholesale swindling than this. And yet, knowing these facts quite well, a man like Mr. Samuel Tilden is not ashamed to be seen presiding over a packed convention, composed of men of such proclivities that they try to pick their own Chairman's pocket of his watch as he leaves the room.

From the Times, Sept. 30, 1870.

On Mr. Tilden falls part of the shame of Tweed's Fifth avenue mansion, and of the frauds and swindles by which the price of that delectable abode was raised. We deny *in toto* that the Ring is composed simply of the half a dozen rich rascals who direct the politics of Tammany Hall. Every man who goes about with them, as their political associate, even if he confines his co-operation simply to declamation about "centralization" or "imperialism," or Cuba, or San Domingo, or the currency, or the debt, and says no word at all of State politics, occupies toward them a position strictly analogous to that which the fence occupies to the thief. He helps them to dispose of their "swag" and destroy the evidences of their guilt, and lends to them disguises in which they can exhibit themselves in public, or get entrance to decent men's houses.

From the New-York Times, Sept. 28, 1870.

* * * * * * *

And yet, in the face of all this, Mr. Samuel Tilden, a Democrat of a school which Tweed and his friends cannot even understand, comes before the community to preach about "centralism" and "imperialism" in government. Will he tell us of any despot in the world at this moment who is practically more unchecked than Mr. Tweed, or who is making money faster, and all by a system of "centralism" in local government? The new palace of our king in Fifth avenue is an astounding proof of what may be accomplished by a bold man when he has to do with a public incapable of protecting itself.

* * * * * * *

"If the policy of centralization continues," said Mr. Tilden, in presiding over the Paphian revels at Rochester, "we shall reproduce on this continent precisely what we see to-day upon the European Continent." So far as this City is concerned, we need not wait half a century for the consummation. A million of people are placed under the absolute sway of an irresponsible conclave. If this is not centralism, what is? "It means the worst government," says Mr. Tilden, "that human invention ever devised or that human craft ever applied." He is quite right, only he does not seem to have been aware that he was describing the monstrous abuse which has grown up under the hands of the very men who sent him to preside over that disgusting political extravaganza at Rochester.

* * * * * * *

Is this what Mr. Tilden means by returning to the good old times of Jefferson and Jackson? In these days people have no redress left to them when they are robbed. They might as well have been born on the estates of a feudal baron. The wrong-doers, so far from being severely punished, are in some measure popular; they show their faces unblushingly in social gatherings, and gentlemen of character and honor, like Mr. Samuel Tilden, condescend to become their mouth-pieces at political conventions. We must go back to the worst days of Rome or Venice to find any parallel to the system of government under which New-York is carried on at this moment.

WHAT THE PEOPLE ARE ASKED TO VOTE FOR.

THE SPONGE AND RAG MONEY.

The following quotations from the Democratic platforms of Ohio and Indiana show upon what issues the elections in those States were carried. The people of New-York are to-day invited to confirm the same "programme:"

INDIANA, JULY 15, 1874.

First—That we are in favor of the redemption of the five-twenty bonds in greenbacks, according to the law under which they were issued.

Second—We are in favor of the repeal of the law of March, 1869, which assumed to construe the law so as to make such bonds payable exclusively in gold.

Third—We are in favor of the repeal of the National Banking law and the substitution of greenbacks for the national bank currency.

Fourth—We are in favor of a return to specie payments as soon as the business interests of the country will permit.

Fifth—We are in favor of such legislation from time to time as will adjust the volume of the currency to the commercial and industrial wants of the country.

OHIO, AUG. 26, 1874.

"We are in favor of such an increase of the circulating medium as the business interests of the country may from time to time require."

That "not less than one-half the Customs duties should be payable in legal-tender notes by the United States, commonly called greenbacks."

That "we are in favor of abolishing the franchise of the national banks as soon as the same can be safely and prudently done, and that the notes so withdrawn by the banks be substituted by the Government with a legal-tender currency."

"That the Democracy of Ohio reiterate their declaration that the five-twenty bonds, by the letter and spirit of the law and the general understanding of the community, were payable in legal-tender notes, and the act of March, 1869, which pledged the faith of the nation to their payment in coin, was an unnecessary and wicked sacrifice of the interests of the tax-paying laborer for the non-tax-paying bondholder; that, without equality of taxation, there can be no equality of rights, and the exemption of the public bondholders from bearing their due proportion in supporting the Federal Government and maintaining the laws, is unwise and unjust."

THE PUBLIC DEBT.

REDUCTION DURING OCTOBER, $681,434—THE MONTHLY STATEMENT.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—The following is a recapitulation of the public debt statement:

Debt Bearing Interest in Coin.	
Bonds at 6 per cent	$1,182,183,250 00
Bonds at 5 per cent	538,525,200 00
Principal	$1,720,708,450 00
Interest	36,736,064 48
Debt Bearing Interest in Lawful Money.	
Certificates of indebtedness at 4 per cent	$678,000 00
Navy Pension Fund, at 3 per cent	14,000,000 00
Principal	$14,678,000 00
Interest	146,740 00
Debt on which Interest has Ceased since Maturity.	
Principal	$20,748,960 26
Interest	208,911 46
Debt Bearing No Interest.	
Old demand and legal-tender notes	$382,075,267 50
Certificates of deposit	52,525,000 00
Fractional currency	48,151,024 92
Coin certificates	22,070,400 00
Principal	$504,821,692 42
Unclaimed interest	23,954 84
Total Debt.	
Principal	$2,260,957,102 68
Interest	37,115,670 78
Total	$2,298,072,773 46
Cash in the Treasury.	
Coin	$90,089,241 46
Currency	16,396,770 18
Special deposits held for redemption of certificates of deposit, as provided by law	52,525,000 00
Total	$159,011,011 64
Debt Less Cash in the Treasury.	
Nov. 1, 1874	$2,139,061,761 82
Oct. 1, 1874	2,139,743,196 32
Decrease of debt during past month	$681,434 50
Decrease of debt since Jan. 30, 1874	$4,026,499 34
Bonds Issued to Pacific Railway Companies, Interest Payable in Lawful Money.	
Principal outstanding	$64,623,512 00
Interest accrued and not yet paid	1,792,470 24
Interest paid by the United States	24,325,396 98
Interest repaid by transportation of mails, &c	5,497,253 61
Balance of interest paid by the United States	18,828,143 37

Every spool of the Eureka Machine Twist is warranted full size, and best quality.—*Advertisement.*

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES.

THE NEW-YORK SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES, published THIS MORNING, contains the very latest telegraphic and general news; editorials on matters of current interest; a page of carefully-prepared commercial matter, giving the latest financial news and market reports, items of agricultural and domestic interest, and other interesting reading matter.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES may be had at the counter of the Publication Office, in wrappers, ready for mailing. Price, FIVE CENTS.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 16, 1874.
For Lameness, Swellings, Hard Lumps, Sore Backs, and Sprains in our horses, we use GILES' LINIMENT IODIDE AMMONIA, and find it invaluable. In our experience it surpasses anything we ever used.
PAGE & ROWLEY.
Depot No. 451 6th av. H. COPELAND & CO.

Established 1815.
WM. EVERDELL'S SONS, No. 104 Fulton st.
Labels, Show Cards, and every description of Fine Color Printing.

Teeth, when white,
Are a sight—use SOZODONT.
Breath, when sweet,
Is a treat—use SOZODONT.
A mouth, when pure,
Should be kissed, sure—use SOZODONT.

Hair Dye.—W. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye is splendid; best in the world. Never fails. Established thirty-seven years. Sold by druggists everywhere. Sold and properly applied at BATCHELOR'S celebrated Wig and Toupée Factory, No. 16 Bond st., New-York.

Established 1815.
WM. EVERDELL'S SONS, No. 104 Fulton st., Engravers, Printers, and Stationers.

Wedding Cards, No. 104 Fulton st.
WILLIAM EVERDELL'S SONS. Established 1815. No branch offices.

Dunville's Old Irish Whisky is recommended by the medical profession as superior to French Brandy. In casks or cases. United States Branch, 51 Broad st.

Wm. Everdell's Sons, No. 104 Fulton st., Labels and Show-cards. Established 1815. No. 104 Fulton st.

For a Fashionable Hat of Superior Quality, go direct to the manufacturer, ESPENSCHEID, No. 118 Nassau st.

Established 1815.
WEDDING AND INVITATION CARDS.
WM. EVERDELL'S SONS. No. 104 Fulton st.

An Article of True Merit.—"BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES" are the most popular article in this country or Europe for throat diseases and coughs, and this popularity is based upon real merit.

Coughs and Colds are speedily cured by the use of WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

Lundborg's Perfumes are like Natural flowers and bouquets.

MARRIED.

HELLEN—FURMAN.—On Thursday evening, Oct. 29, 1874, by Rev. Stephen H. Tyng, Jr., EUGENE HELLEN to KATE B., daughter of the late Samuel Furman.

McVEIGH—RAFLET.—On Sunday, Nov. 1, at St. Stephen's R. C. Church, Brooklyn, by Rev. Father O'Reilly, E. J. McVEIGH, youngest son of John McVeigh, to ELLEN RAFLET, eldest daughter of Patrick Raflet, both of Brooklyn. No cards.

DIED.

BYRNE.—On Oct. 31, Mrs. CLARA BYRNE, widow of the late John Byrne.

Funeral will take place from her late residence, No. 302 East 28th st., on Tuesday, 3d inst., at 2 P. M.

COLES.—On Saturday, Oct. 31, 1874, Mrs. JANE COLES, in the 44th year of her age.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend her funeral on Tuesday, 3d inst., at 1 o'clock P. M., from the residence of her neice, Mrs. William Morrison, No. 57 Hicks st., Brooklyn.

CORLIES.—Suddenly, in Brooklyn, on Saturday, Oct. 21, JOSEPH D. CORLIES, in the 50th year of his age.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at the Church of the Messiah, corner Greene and Clermont avs., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Nov. 3, at 11 A. M.

EBAUGH.—On the 2d inst., of injuries from running over by an omnibus, Rev. JOHN S. EBAUGH, formerly of this City.

Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend the funeral from the church corner of Erie and 6th sts., Jersey City, on Wednesday, at 11 o'clock A. M.

ELDREDGE.—On Sunday morning, Nov. 1, CHARLES P., eldest son of Joseph C. Eldredge, United States Navy, aged 25 years and 5 months.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend his funeral, on Tuesday, 3d inst., at 11 o'clock A. M., from St. James' Church, corner St. James place and Lafayette av., Brooklyn.

FERRIS.—At Montclair, N. J., on Sunday, Nov. 1, of pneumonia, FLORENCE LOUISE, daughter of Edwin and Catharine I. Ferris, aged 1 year and 4 months.

Friends are invited to attend the funeral service at the residence of her parents, on Tuesday, at 3:30 P. M.

JUDSON.—Suddenly, at Brooklyn, Nov. 2, 1874, PHEBE JUDSON, widow of David Judson.

Funeral and interment at Bridgeport, Conn., Nov. 4.

KNIGHT.—On Monday morning, Nov. 2, JANE, eldest daughter of Johnston and Sarah H. Knight, grand daughter of Joseph P. Quin.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her parents, No. 349 West 30th st., at 1 P. M., Wednesday, 4th inst.

KNAPP.—In Jersey City, Nov. 1, SUSAN THORN, daughter of F. W. and Mary E. Knapp.

Funeral services from the house of her parents, No. 109 Warren st., at 10 o'clock A. M. on Wednesday. Remains will be taken to Greenwich, Conn., for interment.

KELLY.—On Monday, Nov. 2, about noon, after a brief illness, JAMES KELLY, Inspector of Schools in the Third District of the City, in the 72d year of his age.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

KIRKPATRICK.—On Monday, Nov. 2, MARY KIRKPATRICK, in the 37th year of her age.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral on Wednesday, Nov. 4, at 11 o'clock, from the residence of her brother, Thomas Kirkpatrick, No. 67 West 47th st.

LIVINGSTON.—At Bridgeport, Sunday, Nov. 1, MARY A., wife of William M. Livingston, Esq., in the 63d year of her age.

Relatives and friends, and those of her sons David H., Edward G., and Henry I. Judson, are respectfully invited to attend her funeral from her late residence, on Wednesday, Nov. 4, at 2 P. M.

PALMER.—PHŒBE, wife of Walter C. Palmer, M. D., died Nov. 2, in the 67th year of her age.

Notice of funeral in to-morrow's paper.

RAWSON.—In Canton, Ohio, on Saturday, Oct. 31, SILAS RAWSON, in his 61st year.

Funeral at Massillon, Ohio, Wednesday morning, Nov. 4.

RAWOLLE.—On Sabbath evening, Nov. 1, EMELENE W., wife of Frederick Rawolle, and daughter of Nicholas D. Herder.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, 123d st., east of 1st av., on Wednesday, 4th inst., at 12 o'clock, without further notice.

RAYNOR.—On Saturday, Oct. 31, after a brief illness, WILLIAM H. RAYNOR, in the 48th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral from his late residence, No. 784 5th av., on Tuesday, 3d inst., at 11 o'clock A. M.

SPINNING.—On Saturday, October 31, 1874 Mrs. HANNAH SPINNING, widow of Abraham Spinning, aged 90 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her son-in-law, John A. Johnson, No. 389 Plane street, Newark, N. J., on Tuesday, Nov. 3, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

TREMPER.—On Nov. 2, at the residence of Noah Tompkins, Esq., at Rye, ELIZA TREMPER.

Her relatives and friends and those of her nephew, Rev. George N. Pratt, are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from the Methodist Episcopal Church, Mamaroneck, on Wednesday, Nov. 4, at 12 o'clock. Carriages will be in attendance at Mamaroneck Station on arrival of 10:10 A. M. train from 42d st., N. Y. and N. H. R. R.

MISCELLANEOUS.

AS A FAMILY LINIMENT, THE HOUSEHOLD PANACEA is invaluable. Immediate relief follows its use in all cases of pain in the stomach, bowels, or side; rheumatism, colic, colds, sprains, and bruises. For internal and external use.

TO CLEANSE AND WHITEN THE TEETH; to remove tartar from the teeth; to sweeten the breath and preserve the teeth; to make the gums hard and healthy, use BROWN'S CAMPHORATED SAPONACEOUS DENTIFRICE. 25 cents a bottle.

CHILDREN HAVING WORMS REQUIRE immediate attention. BROWN'S VERMIFUGE COMFITS, or WORM LOZENGES give the best possible effect.
Sold by druggists. 25 cents a box.

TAKE A DOSE OF SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS, if you have a bad taste in your mouth.

ELEGANT BOOKS.
A SUPERB COLLECTION OF BOOKS Comprising, among 500 others, two very elegant Missals in perfect order. McIan's "Costumes of the Clans," 2 vols. fol.; "Hours of Anne of Brittany," 2 vol., superb copy; Holbeins' "Portraits of the Court of Henry VIII.;" "Book of Costumes;" the "Kerver Prayer Book," very rare; Ruskin's "Modern Painters," 5 vols., calf; Strypes' Works, 27 vols., full calf; Hogarth's works, folio; books of Early Printing; Works of Byron, Carlyle, Scott, Walpole, Clarendon, Pugin, Schiller, Hood, Dickens, Bulwer, &c., &c. All in elegant bindings and Best editions. Catalogues are ready, and the books will be on exhibition to the public on to-morrow (Wednesday) morning, at Clinton Hall, Astor place. This collection of books are all in the finest possible condition, and in rich bindings, having been selected during many years, with special reference to the very best.
To be sold by auction on the evenings of THURSDAY and FRIDAY, 5th and 6th inst.
GEO. A. LEAVITT & CO.

TAKE A DOSE OF SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS, if you feel like having chills and fever.

BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS, CITY OF NEW-YORK.—Extract last annual report: "The Bartlett Lamps meet with general favor. Applications are made by property-holders almost daily for their erection in place of the square lamps. The cost for keeping the Bartlett Lamps in repair is nearly fifty per cent. less." (Signed) GEORGE M. VAN NORT, Commissioner. Citizens can see the improvement and contrast, by looking at the Bartlett (new) "Boulevard" Lamps now being placed upon Upper (new) Broadway, 34th to 59th sts.

BARTLETT'S BOULEVARD, STREET, AND PARK Lamps excel all. Park size, $3; Street, $5; Boulevard, $6 50; Reflectors, $1 to $3 each. General depot, No. 569 Broadway, corner of Prince st., New-York.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

The mails for Europe for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 7, 1874, will close at this office as follows: On TUESDAY at 11:30 A. M.; on WEDNESDAY at 10 A. M.; on THURSDAY at 11:30 A. M.; and on SATURDAY at 11:30 A. M.
T. L. JAMES, Postmaster.

TAKE A DOSE OF SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS, if you want your stomach thoroughly cleansed.

R. STUART WILLIS, ATTORNEY AND Counselor at Law, Notary Public, No. 182 Broadway, Room No. 4 New-York.

POLITICAL.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE SEVENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT: We, the undersigned residents in and electors of the Seventh District, take pleasure in announcing the nomination of SMITH E. LANE for the Assembly. He is a lawyer of rank in his profession—a man of spotless integrity; in ability and character alike eminently fitted for a position of public trust, and we believe that the best interests of the City of New-York will be promoted by his election to the next Legislature. We ask that your vote and influence be given to S. E. LANE.—New-York, Oct. 26, 1874.

William Remsen, No. 26 Waverley place; John Taylor Johnston, No. 8 5th av.; John T. Irving, No. 36 Bond st.; C. Van Santvoord, No. 66 West 11th st.; Alfred Wagstaff, Jr., No. 31 Washington place; Edward Scheil, No. 53 Clinton place; Frederic De Peyster, No. 76 University place; James Anderson, No. 30 University place; Abraham Van Santvoord, No. 66 West 11th st.; James Lorimer Graham, No. 20 Washington square; Wm. H. Wisner, No. 18 West 12th st.; W. W. Parkin, No. 49 5th av.; Samuel S. Sands, No. 80 5th av.; Jas. Boorman Johnston, No. 14 West 10th st.; Henry Nicoll, No. 8 West 10th st.; Bernard Roelker, No. 17 East 12th st.; Jacob Reese, No. 13 East 9th st.; Benj. Aymar, No. 80 5th av.; P. H. Vandervoort, No. 173 West 11th st.; Jos. W. Alsop, No. 32 Washington square, and many others.

NINETEENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT REpublican Nomination for Assembly
SIXT CARL KAPFF.
LAWSON N. FULLER, Ch'n Rep. Con.
JOHN L. TONNELLE, Secretary.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN
Nomination for Assembly,
SEVENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT,
FREDERICK W. SEWARD,
THE PEOPLE'S CHOICE.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN NOMINATION.
FOR MEMBER OF ASSEMBLY,
Eleventh Assembly District,
KNOX McAFEE.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN NOMINATION.
For Congress—Eleventh District,
ISAAC H. BAILEY.

JOHN SWINTON FOR MAYOR.
Ballots can be obtained at No. 386 Broome st., opposite Centre Market.

NINTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT REPUBLICAN nomination. For Assembly,
Wm. H. Gedney.
DAVID S. WENDELL, Sec. A. J. CAMPBELL, Ch'n.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN NOMINATION.—FOR Member of Assembly, Twentieth Assembly District.
JACOB HESS.

POLITICAL.

TO THE
VOTERS OF THE EIGHTEENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.
HON. BERNARD BIGLIN

has been unanimously renominated for election to the Assembly by a convention composed of some of the best citizens of the district.

For two successive terms Mr. BIGLIN has represented you in the Legislature, with credit to himself and to his constituents. His record as Chairman of the Committee on Commerce and Navigation and as a member of the Committee on Cities is without a blemish.

In devotion to the interests of his constituents, and in untiring zeal in promoting the welfare of our great City, he was without a superior in the last Legislature.

Praise has been bestowed upon him from all quarters. The Chamber of Commerce, at a regular meeting, passed a series of resolutions indorsing his course, and his colleagues all testify that he was the most attentive and most untiring representative the district has had for many years.

We again place him before the people for their suffrages, and challenge the closest scrutiny of his record.

Enoch L. Fancher,
D. D. T. Marshall,
E. Stephenson,
C. A. Arthur,
Nath. A. Cowdrey,
A. R. Whitney,
H. M. Ruggles,
F. S. Wilmerding,
Eli F. Bruce,
John Dore,
S. W. Griswold,
Spencer Kirby,
R. C. Livingston,
Thomas B. Odell,
M. L. Hoguet, Jr.,
Rudolph Schack,
T. B. Tweddle,
Chas. S. Loper,
Nathan Chandler,
Lewis Frank,
S. Cardwell, Jr.,
J. A. Trowbridge,
Chas. H. Leland,
David Miliken,
D. Miliken, Jr.,
Joseph Stiner,
Wm. M. Banks,
Darius Ferry,
W. S. Headley, M. D.,
S. W. Lapsley,
Samuel E. Briggs,
Frank M. Condit,
H. M. Condit,
Edward F. Dyer,
A. M. Pentz,
Albon P. Man,
O. P. C. Billings,
Thomas Murphy,
N. A. Prentiss,
H. E. Howland.

The following letters also bear testimony to Mr. Biglin's legislative record:

SARATOGA, Oct. 26, 1874.

Ferdinand S. Wilmerding, Esq., Chairman of the Eighteenth Assembly District Republican Nominating Convention:

SIR: I have seen in the public prints that the convention over which you presided has placed in nomination for Member of Assembly Hon. Bernard Biglin. It was my good fortune to serve for two successive years in the Assembly with Mr. Biglin, and I can bear testimony to his strict integrity and his faithful and intelligent performance of his duty.

It will give great pleasure to myself, as well as to his numerous friends throughout the State, to hear of his re-election. Yours respectfully,
GEORGE S. BATCHELLER,
Chairman of Assembly Committee of Ways and Means.

NEW-YORK, Oct. 27, 1874.

Having served with Hon. Bernard Biglin as a member of Assembly in 1873, I take much pleasure in testifying to his high standing as an intelligent and industrious member, whose record for integrity and uprightness was entirely unimpeachable, and I can cordially commend him as a gentleman worthy of the confidence and support of his constituency.
ALONZO B. CORNELL,
Speaker of the Assembly of 1873.

GARRISON'S, Oct. 29.

DEAR SIR: I cheerfully bear witness to the important part Mr. Bernard Biglin took in securing the passage of the Consolidation bill, and other Reform measures. Mr. Biglin also strenuously opposed the Swinburne job, and I trust that his future career may be as creditable as his past. Yours truly,
HAMILTON FISH, JR.

TO THE VOTERS OF NEW-YORK CITY.

The subscribers, business men of the City of New-York, cordially approve the nomination of GEORGE H. FORSTER for ALDERMAN AT LARGE. We know Mr. Forster as a man of high character and standing in his profession. In his private life he exhibits a manhood of unblemished honor, a well-directed zeal and energy for all good works, a sound judgment and decision, with executive ability which would qualify him to fill the position for which he has been named, should he be called to it by the popular vote. We heartily recommend him to the support of every voter who is not acquainted with him. To those who know him, GEORGE H. FORSTER needs no further recommendation:

Spaulding, Swift & Co.
Haines, Bacon & Co.
Pomeroy & Plummer.
Aborn, Moir & Co.
Perry, Wendell, Fay & Co.
William Lottimer & Co.
Ammidown, Lane & Co.
Lewis Bros. & Co.
W. Turnbull & Co.
Chase, Stewart & Co.
Dexter, Abbott & Co.
Josiah Colby.
E. R. Madge, Sawyer & Co.
Stadler & Co.
Hyde, Ayres & Co.
John Mott & Co.
Martin Bates, Jr., & Co.
Johnson & Hyde.
E. W. Holbrook & Co.
Strang & Holland Bros.
Bartlett, Reed & Co.
Harbison, Shiner & Co.
L. M. Bates & Co.
Peake, Opdycke & Co.
Rhodes & Grosvenor.
N. Sullivan & Co.
Thomas M. Argall.
P. A. Dailey & Co.
Whittemore, Peet, Post & Co.
E. S. Mills & Co.
Alanson Cary.
Loder & Lockwood.
David Douglas & Co.
Fitzsimons, Clark & Co.
Emery, Ivey & Lee.
Townsend & Yale.
Watson, Townley & Co.
Cooper & King.
George Brown & Co.
Adolph Bernheimer.
Hahlo & Stieglitz.
Horace Galpen & Co.
Mackintosh, Green & Co.
Collins, Whitin & Co.
W. Yelland & Co.
Griswold, Whitman & Welch.
Halsted, Haines & Co.
Carhart, Whitford & Co.
Catlin, Brundrett & Co.
C. W. Yutte.
Cochran, McClean & Co.
Collins, Downing & Co.
Gilbert & Weaver.
Waterbury, Smith & Co.
Harris, Richmond & Shafer.
Melius, Trask & Ripley.
George E. Shortridge & Co.
Moore, Tingue & Co.
Tefft, Griswold & Co.
R. W. Kendall & Co.
W. L. Strong & Co.
Paine, Goodwin & Nowell.
Wentworth & Co.
Robert Bliss.
Elisha H. Allen, Jr.
Ginna & Lea.
E. D. Randolph & Co.
Cecil, Stout & Thayer.
Trask & Stone.
Webster & DeMott.
Eames & Moore.
W. T. Hatch & Son.
Barney, Raymond & Co.
W. E. Tunis & Co.
Fanshaw & Milliken.
R. J. Kimball & Co.
George W. McLean.
Latham Alexander & Co.
Boyd, Vincent & Co.
Clark, Wolcott & Co.
Candee & Smith.
Drake Bros.
John Dimon.
George Opdyke & Co.
Richard I. Thorne.
H. H. Swift & Co.
George W. Poillon.
James G. King's Sons.
Robb & Peet.
Henry F. Spaulding.
Francis M. Bacon.
S. D. Babcock.
Webster Woodman.
A. G. Hyde.
H. L. Atherton.
Martin Bates.
Henry L. Stone.
John Mott.
Thomas Cuthbert.
William P. Dixon.
C. H. P. Babcock.

INDORSEMENTS OF THE CONVENTION called by the Council of Political Reform at Cooper Institute.

MAYORALTY.
OSWALD OTTENDORFER,
SALEM H. WALES,
WILLIAM H. WICKHAM.
ALDERMEN AT LARGE.
S. B. H. VANCE, OLIVER P. C. BILLINGS,
FREDERICK KUHNE, BENJAMIN F. BEEKMAN.
DISTRICT ALDERMEN.

4. No indorsement.
5. JOHN J. MORRIS, EDWARD GILON.
6. GEORGE W. SAUER.
7. HENRY E. HOWLAND, JOEL B. ERHARDT.
8. WILLARD BULLARD, S. M. SIMONSON, HENRY C. ROBINSON.

ASSEMBLY.

1. No indorsement.
2. No indorsement.
3. No indorsement.
4. No indorsement.
5. Austin Leake.
6. Mathew Patten.
7. { Smith E. Lane.
   Frederick W. Seward.
8. Albert Eltrich.
9. W. H. Gedney.
10. Louis C. Waehner.
11. Knox McAfee.
12. No recommendation.
13. A. N. Beach.
14. George Hencken, Jr.
15. No indorsement.
16. Charles E. L. Holmes.
17. Wilson Berryman.
18. Thomas Cooper Campbell.
19. Sixt. Karl Kapff.
20. Jacob Hess.
21. Granville P. Hawes.

JAMES EMOTT, Chairman.
THOMAS L. THORNELL, Secretary.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.
Fifth Senatorial District, Eighth, Ninth, Fifteenth, and Sixteenth Wards.
FOR ALDERMEN,
JOHN J. MORRIS,
GEORGE B. DEANE, Jr.
NATHANIEL APPLETON,
Chairman Nominating Convention.
A. YEOMANS, }
J. A. CRYAN, } Secretaries.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN NOMINATION.
For Member of Assembly
Sixteenth Assembly District,
CHARLES E. L. HOLMES.
Indorsed by
Council of Political Reform
and
Eighteenth Ward German-American Citizens' Club.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN NOMINATION.
FOR ALDERMAN
Fifth Senatorial District,
(Eighth, Ninth, Fifteenth and Sixteenth Wards,)
JOHN J. MORRIS.

FOURTEENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.
REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.
For Congress,
CHARLES S. SPENCER.
For Assembly,
GEORGE HENCKEN, JR.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN NOMINATION.
FOR CONGRESS,
Eighth District,
(Ninth, Fifteenth, and Sixteenth Wards, and that portion of the Eighteenth Ward lying within 14th st., 26th st., and 4th and 6th avs.,)
JOHN D. LAWSON.

EIGHTEENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.
Republican Nomination.
For Member of Assembly,
BERNARD BIGLIN.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN NOMINATION.—For Member of Assembly, Fifteenth District, WILLIAM S. MURRAY.

One of these tickets, cut off and folded, can be used as a ballot on the day of election.

For Governor,
SAMUEL J. TILDEN.
For Lieutenant Governor,
WILLIAM DORSHEIMER.
For Canal Commissioner,
ADIN THAYER.
For Inspector of State Prisons,
GEORGE WAGENER.
For Associate Judge of the Court of Appeals in place of Alexander S. Johnson, appointed in place of Rufus W. Peckham, deceased,
THEODORE MILLER.
For Register,
PATRICK H. JONES.
For Mayor,
OSWALD OTTENDORFER.

For Governor,
JOHN A. DIX.
For Lieutenant Governor,
JOHN C. ROBINSON.
For Canal Commissioner,
ALEXANDER BARKLEY.
For Inspector of State Prisons,
THOMAS KIRKPATRICK.
For Associate Judge of the Court of Appeals in place of Alexander S. Johnson, appointed in place of Rufus W. Peckham, deceased,
ALEXANDER S. JOHNSON.
For Register,
PATRICK H. JONES.
For Mayor,
OSWALD OTTENDORFER.

THE REAL ESTATE MARKET.

At the Exchange yesterday, Monday, Nov. 2, no public sale of real estate was held. The assignee's sale in bankruptcy of the lease of the premises known as the Metropolitan Theatre, Nos. 128 and 130 Mercer street, was adjourned by D. M. Seaman to Nov. 23.

NO SALES TO-DAY.

No auctions are announced for to-day at the Exchange, and as it is election day and general holiday no business will be transacted in the room.

BUILDING RECORD.

For the week ending with Saturday, Oct. 31, plans for new buildings have been submitted and unsafe buildings reported to the department, No. 2 Fourth avenue, W. W. Adams, Superintendent, as follows:

New Buildings.

Sixth street, rear, Nos. 816 and 818, two brick second-class tenements, each three stories, 21 by 36; Peter Fitzpatrick, owner.

Thirty-seventh street, north side, 16 feet east of First avenue, a brick stable, two stories, 30 by 17; P. Garrick, owner.

Sixtieth street, south side, 225 feet east of Eleventh avenue, five brick tenements, each five stories, 25 by 70; Thomas W. Smith, owner.

One Hundred and Twenty-seventh street, 337 feet east of Seventh avenue, four brown-stone first-class dwellings, each three stories, 15.6 by 50; T. L. Sandford, owner.

King's Bridge road, 30 feet east of Sherman avenue, Inwood, a frame dwelling, two stories, 21 by 25; J. M. Dyckman, owner.

King's Bridge road, 60 feet east of Sherman avenue, Inwood, a frame green-house, one story, 25 by 106; J. M. Dyckman, owner.

West Thirteenth street, No. 416, rear, a brick stable, two stories, 42 by 32; Edward Beail, owner.

Lexington avenue, south-west corner Fifty-seventh street, four brown-stone, first-class dwellings, each four stories, 22.6 by 25.5; E. D. Fife, owner.

One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street, north side, 65 feet east of Third avenue, a second-class store, brick, four stories, 23 by 50; Jacob Smith, owner.

One Hundred and Forty-third street, south-west corner Willis avenue, three second-class brick dwellings, each three stories, 16.6 by 36; Mrs. John Kelly, owner.

Fifty-fourth street, north side, 170 feet west of Third avenue, one brown-stone French flat, five stories, 25 by 76; Michael McCarty, owner.

First avenue, north-east corner of Fifty-ninth street, four brick stores and tenements, each four stories, 25 by 58; Roche & Cronin, owners.

East One Hundred and Twelfth street, No. 208, a brown-stone, first-class dwelling, three stories, 20 by 16 by 64; A. E. Fountain, owner.

Twenty-eighth street, north side, 175 feet west of Tenth avenue, a brick store and tenement, five stories, 25 by 60; Mrs. D. Buddensick, owner.

Twenty-eighth street, north side, 200 feet west of Tenth avenue, a brick tenement, five stories, 25 by 60; Mrs. D. Buddensick, owner.

Fifty-fourth street, south side, 75 feet west of First avenue, two brick stores and tenements, each five stories, 25.10 by 60; Mrs. D. Buddensick, owner.

Fifty-fourth street, south side, 125 feet west of First avenue, two brick stores and tenements, each five stories, 25.10 by 60; Mrs. D. Buddensick, owner.

East Sixty-third street, near Boston road, a brick first-class dwelling, three stories, 27 by 35; A. R. Hall, owner.

West Fortieth street, No. 345, a brick tenement, three stories, 12.6 by 50; Mr. Allerman, owner.

Third avenue, west side, 50 feet south of Sixty-fourth street, three brick stores and tenements, each three stories, 25 by 55; W. B. Waldron, owner.

Washington street, No. 153, (corner of Liberty street,) one brick store and tenement, five stories, 35.3 by 39.4; Francis Balting, owner.

Fourth avenue, east side, 77 feet south of Sixty-fourth street, a brown-stone French flat, four stories, 23.5 by 68; Ignatz Riss, owner.

Fourth avenue, south-east corner of Sixty-fourth street, four brown-stone, first-class dwellings, each four stories, 20 by 54; Ignatz Riss, owner.

Sixty-fourth street, south side, 80 feet east of Fourth avenue, four first-class dwellings, each four stories, 17.6 by 54; Ignatz Riss, owner.

Sixty-fifth street, south side, 175 feet west of Tenth avenue, a frame dwelling, three stories, 25 by 39; Jacob Abel, owner.

Tenth avenue, No. 821, a brick tenement, four stories, 25 by 50; John Loehr, owner.

Forty-fourth street, south side, 105 feet east of Third avenue, a brick tenement, five stories, 25 by 65; Thomas Davis, owner.

Seventy-third street, north side, 75 feet west of First avenue, a brick tenement, four stories, 25 by 60; William A. Juck, owner.

First avenue, corner of Seventy-third street, a brick store and tenement, four stories, 27.2 by 75; William A. Juck, owner.

First avenue, west side, 27.2 feet north of Seventy-third street, three brick stores and tenements, each four story, 25 by 60; William A. Juck, owner.

Willis avenue, north-east corner of One Hundred and Thirty-fifth street, a frame dwelling, three stories, 12 by 48; Robert Hale, owner.

South side of Southern Boulevard, 200 feet west of Cypress avenue, a frame dwelling, two-stories, 18 by 64; J. Fachner, owner.

Seventh avenue, south-east corner of Eighteenth street, a brick tenement, two stories, 21 by 75; Mr. Dowd, owner.

One Hundred and Eleventh street, north side, 100 feet west of Second avenue, seven brick tenements, each four stories, 25 by 65; E. Hatch, owner.

One Hundred and Thirtieth street, north side, 150 feet east of Fifth avenue, ten brown-stone, first-class dwellings, each three stories, 16 by 45; George W. Greene, owner.

Unsafe Buildings.

South-west corner of Grand and Mercer streets, unsafe sign; Peters & Calhoun, owners.

East Houston street, unsafe westerly pier of front wall; Eleanor Davison, agent.

West Twenty-first street, No. 162, unsafe fence on Twenty-first street; William M. Ham, owner.

East Twenty-first street, No. 337, unsafe ceilings, balusters, and chimneys; John Keck, owner.

Broadway, north-east corner Howard street, unsafe south gable wall; Ridabock estate, owner.

Pearl street, (rear,) No. 306, dangerously unsafe generally; C. N. Decker, agent.

Seventh avenue, No. 109, unsafe roof, ceilings, and balusters; Mrs. Emma Conklin.

Essex street, No. 75, unsafe front pier and door lintel; David Crawford, agent.

Tenth avenue, east side, 75 feet south of One Hundred and Fifty-fourth street, unsafe foundation wall and floors; Lionel Froelich, agent.

West Thirty-second street, No. 164, unsafe front wall; William R. Denham, owner.

Duane street, No. 57, unsafe post and timbers of rear frame; A. T. Stewart, owner.

Extra place, east side, 50 feet north of First street, unsafe front pier; Keyser estate, owner.

King street, No. 79, unsafe front and rear area walls and grating; Nathaniel Roe, agent.

Barclay street, No. 34, unsafe beam and sign supports on front; B. K. Bliss, owner.

Franklin street, from 98 to 100, unsafe sign supports on front and roof; Daves & Fanning, owners.

Unsafe Chimneys.

Hamilton street, No. 32; James Costello, owner.

Bowery, north-east corner Third street; Louis Doty, owner.

Third Avenue, No. 2,190; B. Brown, agent.

West Eighteenth street, No. 157.

Elm street, No. 168; William H. Van Vorst, owner.

RECORDED REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

NEW-YORK.

Saturday, Oct. 31.

Barclay st., No. 19, begins on n. s. Barclay st., 48.8 ft. e. of Church st., runs from street to Park place, No. 24; street fronts 25.8 ft. on Barclay st., and 25.10 on Park place, thence 148.7 ft.; Edward D. Gale to Lyman W. Bates; foreclosure $87,300

Broadway, w. s., 78.7 ft. s. of 55th st., 25x117.7; 54th st., n. s., 118 ft. w. of Broadway, 25x100.5; Jane A. Dorland to W. Lalor 31,000

Cliff st., No. 90, 23.4x70; Ines A. Howell to J. Harper et al., firm of Harper Bros. 14,000

East Broadway, s. s., 108.4 ft. e. of Montgomery st., 16.8x75; Charles H. Brackett to Ewen E. Westlake 10,050

Springfield st., n. s., 295 ft. w. of Washington av., 25x100, Morrisania; Adam Messerschmitt to Peter and Carolina Bohinger 900

34th st., n. s., 521 ft. w. of 8th av., 21x48.9; Mary F., wife of G. B. Ripley, to W. C. Sturges 21,000

73d st., n. s., 53 ft. w. of Madison av., 20x80; J. Earle to C. Buel 50,000

48th st., n. s., 385.3 ft. w. of 2d av., 12.8x100.5; Margaret W. Meeker to James H. Forbes, Trustee for Arthur J. and Herbert C. Forbes ..... nom.

Same property; James H. Forbes, Trustee, to William H. Cochran 10,500

50th st., No. 322, s. s., 206 ft. e. of 2d av., 18.6x100.5; W. Kronethal to M. Murray 16,000

51st st., n. s., 141.8 ft. w. of 2d av., 20.10x100.5; Jane C., wife M. A. Goodwin, to J. H. Masterton 15,505

52d st., n. s., 140 ft. e. of 8th av., 14x100.5; H. E. Sears to S. E. Sears 13,000

54th st., n. s., 125 ft. w. of 8th av., 36x120; E. Tetten to S. Schwartz ..... [illegible]

[illegible] 36,000

[illegible] corner 61st st., 10x[illegible]80; 66th st., n. s., 388.4 ft. e. of 9th av., 20x102.2; 83d st., n. s., 448.9 ft. e. of 9th av., 26.3x80; 66th st., n. s., 125 ft. e. of 5th av., 175x100.5; 67th st., n. s., 200 ft. w. of 11th av., runs w. 203 ft. to e. s. Hudson River Railroad, thence n. w. along railroad to s. s. 68th st., thence e. 230 ft., thence s. 200.10 ft.; 68th st., n. s., 200 ft. w. of 11th av., 75x100.5; Henry F. Morgan to John McCool ..... nom.

60th st., n. s., 89 ft. e. of Madison av., 191x100.5; Madison av., s. e. corner 61st st., 25x89; 61st st., s. s., 89 ft. e. of Madison av., 63x100.5; 61st st., s. s., 39 ft. w. of 4th av., 38x100.5; 61st st., s. s., 85 ft. w. of 3d av., 10x75.5; 61st st., s. s., 95 ft. w. of 3d av., 70x100.5; 3d av., s. w. corner 61st st., 75x85; Madison av., n. e. corner 81st st., 25x85; 61st st., s. s., 85 ft. e. of Madison av., 15x100.5; Madison av., e. s., 79 ft. n. of 81st st., 21.5x85; Madison av., s. e. corner 81st st., 76.7x85; 81st st., s. s., 85 ft. e. of Madison av., 16x76.7; 81st st., s. s., 117 ft. e. of Madison av., 64x102.2; 4th av., s. w. corner 81st st., 102.2x80; 83d st., n. s., 388.9 ft. e. of 9th av., 20x102.2; 83d st., n. s., 448.9 ft. e. of 9th av., 26.3x80; 4th av., n. w. corner 60th st., 100.5x120; Madison av., n. e. corner 60th st., 100.5x89; 66th st., n. s., 125 ft. e. of 5th av., 175x100.5; 67th st., n. s., 200 ft. w. of 11th av., runs w. 203 ft. to e. s. Hudson River Railroad, n. w. along railroad to s. s. 68th st., thence e. 230 ft., thence s. 200.10 ft.; 68th st., n. s., 200 ft. w. of 11th av., 75x100.5; John McCool to the North America Life Insurance Company 690,633

60th st., s. s., 429.5 ft. w. of 2d av., 19.2x100.5; John D. Taylor and Thomas Burns to John Ash 20,000

81st st., s. s., 320 ft. e. Madison av., 60x102.2; J. McClave to H. P. Morgan ..... nom.

84th st., s. s., 455 ft. w. of 8th av., 20x102.2; H. P. Morgan to N. D. Morgan ..... nom.

84th st., s. s., 455 ft. w. of 8th av., 20x102.2; N. D. Morgan to The North America Life Insurance Company ..... nom.

110th st., s. s., 300.4 ft. w. of 10th av., 49.3x100.11; W. Lindsay, Referee, to G. Ross 6,000

111th st., n. s., 182 ft. w. of Avenue A, 19.6x100.11; John E. Hall to Sarah A. Payne 1,500

Lexington av., n. w. corner of 65th st., 20.5x70; foreclosure; George W. Poucher, Referee, to Moses Ehrenreich 2,700

2d av., e. s., 24.9 ft. n. of 26th st., 24.8x70; Adam Sander, called in another deed "Sanders" to Adam Sander 19,000

2d av., No. 2,104, e. s., 60.11 ft. s. of 125th st., 20x78, foreclosure; William Sinclair, Referee, to Annie S. Harriot 9,200

3d av., s. w. corner 42d st., 100.8x100, E. V. Loew to E. Kahn, q. c. ..... nom.

4th av., w. s., 100.11 ft. s. of 125th st., 18.9x90, foreclosure; Oliver J. Wells, Referee, to Richard P. Lounsberry 3,700

Southern Boulevard, s. s., 150 ft. w. of Cypress av., about 25x204.5x25x218.8, Morrisania; the Port Morris Land and Improvement Company to Frederick Falkner 2,000

LEASES RECORDED.

Av. D, No. 121, 3 years, per year $1,000

1st av., No. 829, 5 years, per year 1,600

GENERAL—NUMBER TWO.

GENERAL—NUMBER TWO.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—FURNISHED, THREE STORY BROWN stone, No. 317 West 51st st.; house in complete order and handsomely furnished; possession immediately; lowest possible price, $28,500; $20,000 may remain. Inquire at the house, or at Nos. 554 and 556 8th av. RANDELL, owner.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE.—SOUND VIEW PLACE, STAMFORD, Conn., residence of the late Capt. B. L. Waite, comprising thirty-three acres of superior land on the shore of Long Island Sound, diversified with lawn, groves, orchard, garden, island, &c. Its advantages for boating, fishing, and bathing are unsurpassed. For further particulars inquire of C. H. MARSHALL & CO., No. 38 Burling slip; HOYT BROTHERS, No. 72 Gold st., or N. MEAD, Administrator, Stamford, Conn.

ORANGE, N. J., (SPECIALTY.)—PROPERTY FOR sale and rent, furnished and unfurnished. HAMILTON & WALLIS, No. 30 Pine st. Orange office opposite principal depot, (open Nov. 3.)

ORANGE, N. J.—COUNTRY HOUSES, LANDS, and village lots for sale; a great variety. Also, furnished and unfurnished houses to let for season or year, by WALTER R. SMITH, formerly Blackwell & Smith, Orange, corner of Main and Cone sts.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of THEODORE EVANS, bankrupt.—No. 2,029.—The undersigned hereby gives notice that he will sell at public auction, on the 10th day of November, 1874, at 12 o'clock noon, at the office of Charles H. Kitchell, at No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, all the right, title and interest of Theodore Evans, the said bankrupt, of, in and to those three certain plots of land, situate at Binghamton, Broome County, New-York, being bound and described as follows: First Plot—Being a part of lot No. 4, in the village plot of Binghamton, described as follows: Beginning at a point in the west line of Franklin street, (formerly Second street,) sixty feet southerly from the north-east corner of lot No. 4, thence running northerly sixty feet along the line of said Franklin street; thence along the north line of said lot westerly about one hundred and thirteen feet, to the east line of land owned by Alexandria Stewart (in 1858); thence southerly sixty feet along said line; thence easterly in a straight line to the place of beginning. Second Plot—Beginning in the south line of Court street, on a line with the east line of the store now occupied by Knight & Van Every, grocers, &c., and running along the said east line to the south-east corner of said store; thence southerly on a line with said east line eleven feet; thence westerly and parallel with the south line of said store about twenty-one feet, to Isaac W. Overheiser's store or line; thence northerly along said line to the south line of Court street; thence east along said south line to the place of beginning. Third Plot—All that certain tract or parcel of land situate in the town of Binghamton, on the south side of Susquehanna River, and being part of lot number ten in Bingham's patent, containing forty acres of land, more or less, being the same premises conveyed by one William D. Hotchkiss to Henry Evans by a deed recorded in the office of the Clerk of Broome County, in liber 46 of Deeds, page 194, to which deed reference is made for a description of said property.—October 19, 1874.

CHARLES H. KITCHELL,
Assignee of said bankruptcy estate.

o19-law3wm*

BYRON N. CAMP, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL AT AUCTION, ON THURSDAY, Nov. 12, 1874, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York, by order of heirs of Thomas E. Walker, deceased, BROADWAY—14 splendid City lots, east side, about 400 feet north of Boston Road and Jefferson st., convenient to steam and horse cars, (connecting with Harlem and Morrisania boats,) churches, schools, and other improvements. Sale positive; terms easy. Maps and full particulars at office of the auctioneer, No. 106 Broadway, New-York.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

NO. 43 WEST 47TH ST., NEAR 5TH AV.—Full size four-story high stoop, frescoed, and elegantly furnished, desirable brown-stone dwelling to lease reasonably for the Winter or for eighteen months. V. K. STEVENSON, Jr., No. 31 East 17th st., Union square, or No. 11 Pine st.

STORES, &C., TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET
IN
TIMES BUILDING.

SPLENDID OFFICES TO LET IN THE FIRE-PROOF TIMES BUILDING.

Apply at TIMES COUNTING-ROOM.

TO RENT—THE MOST ELIGIBLE OFFICES IN the National Shoe and Leather Bank building, on the second floor, suitable for an insurance company, (now occupied by the Berkshire Life.) Possession given May 1. For particulars inquire at above-named bank.

LOFTS ON BROADWAY.—FIRST, SECOND, third, fourth, and fifth lofts to let from Jan. 1, 1875; 50x200 feet; between Howard and Grand sts. Apply to EDWARD MATTHEWS, No. 4 Broad st.

TO LET—WITH OR WITHOUT STEAM POWER, Nos. 188 and 190 West Houston st.; five stories and cellar, 56x90. Inquire on premises.

AUCTION SALES.

EDWARD SCHENCK, Auctioneer.

ABSOLUTE PEREMPTORY SALE,
at auction,

Consisting in part of
RICH FRENCH CHINA DINNER SETS, TEA SETS, DESSERT SETS,
Real Bronzes and Artistic Bronzes,
CLOCKS AND FANCY GOODS,
Real Parian Marble Statuettes, Bohemian and Silesian Vases, Toilet Sets, Flower Stands, &c., &c.
FINE CRYSTAL TABLE SERVICES,
consisting of Goblets, Champagne Glasses, Wine Glasses, Decanters, &c.
The trade and the public are invited to attend.
To be sold by
EDWARD SCHENCK,
NO. 60 LIBERTY ST.,
on WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY, Nov. 4, 5 and 6,
At 11 o'clock each day.
Goods on exhibition Tuesday.
Every article guaranteed perfect.
Responsible packers in attendance.

BY W. R. MITCHELL,
AUCTIONEER.

MANUFACTURERS' SALE ON ACCOUNT OF REMOVAL.

The TAUNTON SILVER-PLATE COMPANY will sell at auction, at No. 4 Maiden lane, on WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY, and SATURDAY, Nov. 4, 5, 6, and 7, each day at 10 o'clock A. M., their ENTIRE STOCK OF ELEGANT SILVER-PLATED WARE, TABLE CUTLERY, &c., consisting in part of:

Tea Sets, Salvers, Waiters, Ice-pitchers, Tea, Coffee, and Water Urns, Dinner and Breakfast Castors, Fruit-Stands, Cake Baskets, Centre Pieces, Epergnes, Pickle-Stands, Berry, Jelly, and Butter Dishes, Cups, Goblets, Napkin Rings, Water Sets, Spoons, Forks, Ladles, &c., together with a full line of fine Plated Table Cutlery.

The above are all of the latest and most desirable styles—every article warranted triple-plate, and will positively be sold without limit. The attention of the trade, hotel and restaurant proprietors is called to this sale. Per order of

TAUNTON SILVER-PLATE COMPANY,
JOHN H. SWAIN, Treasurer.

A. MERWIN, Auctioneer.

BANGS, MERWIN & CO., NO. 656 BROADWAY, will sell on WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, and FRIDAY, at 4 P. M., a large and valuable collection of Theological Books.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S
PRIVATE CLASSES FOR DANCING,
No. 212 5th av., corner 26th st.

Open for the season. Morning and afternoon classes for ladies and children; evening classes for gentlemen. Send for a circular.

MR. DE GARMO,
TEACHER OF DANCING,
NO. 82 5TH AV.,
CORNER 14TH ST.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES
At the Times Up-Town Office,
No. 54½ West 32d st., junction Broadway and 6th av.,
And the Times West-side Office,
No. 308 West 23d st., corner 8th av.
NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER.

A VARIETY OF GOOD SERVANT GIRLS, good cooks, and reliable help of all nations, American, German, Swedish, Irish, English, Scotch, and good tidy colored help, for City or country, at the Protestant Home Bureau, No. 138 6th av., above 10th st.

AT BONGRAND'S FRENCH OFFICE, NO. 1,233 Broadway, near 30th st., is daily found, for all situations, the most reliable help of all nationalities. No. 1,233 Broadway.

AT THE ONLY SWEDISH OFFICE, NO. 108 East 27th st.—Swedish cooks, laundresses, chamber-maids, waitresses, coachmen, waiters; all Protestants. MAURICE LINDQUIST, (Swede,) Proprietor.

AT SIMMS' SELECT AGENCY, NO 543 6TH av., near 33d st., will be found first-class colored servants, male and female, for any capacity.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—BY A neat, respectable Welsh Protestant girl, who is very clean and orderly, and a good waitress; is willing to make herself generally useful in a good home; wages moderate. Call at Carpenter's No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—BY A competent girl; young and intelligent; is willing to do what she is told in any capacity of servant's duties; is neat and clean. Can be engaged at No. 621 6th av., between 36th and 37th sts.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman as chamber-maid and waitress, or chamber-maid and sewing; can procure the best of City reference from her last employer. Call on or address No. 29 West 13th st.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY A YOUNG GIRL, AS chamber-maid and waitress, or would help with the coarse washing and ironing; is willing and obliging; best City reference from last place. Call at No. 463 4th av., between 31st and 32d sts.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—BY A young girl, with excellent City references as to competency, willingness, and character; is neat, willing, obliging. Call at the Swedish Office, No. 108 East 27th st., near 4th av., over Russian Baths.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS, OR Chamber-maid and Nurse.—By a German Protestant young girl; is thoroughly capable, and has excellent City reference. Apply at No. 2 Bleecker st., corner of Bowery.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY A RESPECTABLE person as chamber-maid and seamstress; can operate on different machines; has a knowledge of dress-making. Call or address Seamstress, for two days, No. 237 West 15th st.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY A COMPETENT, trustworthy woman as chamber-maid and fine washer; fifteen years' City references. Can be seen for two days at Mme. Golard's, No. 525 6th av., Bureau Français.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—BY A young girl, as chamber-maid and waitress, or chamber-maid and sewing; has five years' recommendations. Call at No. 314 East 39th st.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG woman as chamber-maid; will do fine washing; no objection to the country; best City reference. Call at No. 38 West 13th st.

CHAMBER-MAID AND TO TEND CHILdren.—By a competent girl. Call before 3 at former employer's, No. 47 West 31st st.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG girl as chamber-maid and waitress. Call at No. 319 East 24th st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

COOK.—BY A THOROUGHLY COMPETENT WOman, who understands her business in every branch; cooks meats, fish, game, poultry, &c., in superior style; is also an excellent baker and pastry cook; no objection to first-class boarding-house; best recommendations. Call at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

COOK.—BY A WELCH PROTESTANT WOMAN about thirty; highly respectable and recommended; sober, honest, very neat, and obliging; she is a first-class cook; can do all kinds of cooking, get up nice side dishes, good baker, &c.; very best City references. Lady to be seen at Bookham's, No. 309 4th av., near 22d st.

COOK.—BY A THOROUGHLY COMPETENT WOMAN, who understands her business in every branch; cooks meats, fish, game, poultry, &c., in superior style; is also an excellent baker and pastry cook; no objection to a first-class boarding-house; best recommendations. Call at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

COOK.—BY A SWEDISH PROTESTANT YOUNG woman, highly recommended; two years in her last place in the City; lady can be seen in the City; is a very good plain cook; honest, sober, temperate, neat, and obliging; good washer and ironer; City or country. Call at Bookham's, No. 335 4th av.

COOK.—BY A QUIET, RESPECTABLE WOMAN, who is first-class in every branch; is a good meat cook, also excellent baker and pastry cook; makes preserves, jellies, &c.; no objection to hotel or first-class boarding-house; best recommendations. Call at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

COOK, LAUNDRESS, &c.—BY A NEAT INdustrious girl as cook and laundress, or to do general house-work; City or country; will be found a respectful, economical, reliable servant; good cook, excellent washer and ironer; best references. Call at No. 115 Atlantic st., Brooklyn.

COOK.—BY A HEALTHY, CAPABLE SCOTCH WOMAN as cook and laundress; understands her work well and will do it; or would do general work if required; good reference; city or country; call at No. 106 6th av., over shoe store, below 9th st.

COOK.—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN WHO IS A thorough, good, plain, substantial cook in anything required; has best of references; country or City. Can be seen at the Protestant Home Bureau, No. 138 6th av., above 10th st.

COOK.—IN CITY OR COUNTRY, BY A GOOD cook; is an excellent baker; understands all kinds of meats, soups, game, &c.; best of reference. Apply at Mrs. Whitfield's, No. 526 6th av., between 31st and 32d sts.

COOK.—BY A YOUNG WOMAN; IS AN EXCELlent cook and baker; has the best City references; is quiet, tidy, willing, and has no company; is known to me for three years; no charge for this girl. Call at Swedish Office, No. 108 East 27th st.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER, OR GENeral House-work.—By a Protestant German young woman; is a first-rate cook and laundress; has best City reference. Apply at No. 2 Bleecker st., corner of Bowery.

COOK.—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN WHO IS A thorough, good, plain, substantial cook in anything required; or housework; has best of references; City or country. Can be seen at the Protestant Home Bureau, No. 138 6th av., above 10th st.

COOK.—BY A COMPETENT WOMAN AS GOOD, thorough cook, or as laundress, for a boarding-house or private family; City preferred. Call at No. 203 West 27th st.

COOK.—BY A COMPETENT COLORED GIRL AS cook in a private family; is willing and obliging; has good reference. Address J. C., No. 149 West 26th st., third floor.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE, COMPETENT woman as good cook; expert at all kinds of family cooking; five years' excellent City reference from last place. Call at No. 112 4th av., furniture store.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

COOK.—BY AN EXPERIENCED FAMILY COOK; understands all kinds of family cooking; can bone, cooks game, poultry, and is a very good baker of cakes, bread, and biscuit; has the best of recommendations; is willing to go in the country. Call or address No. 621 6th av., between 36th and 37th sts.

COOK.—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN IN A PRIvate family; has City references; has no objection to a short distance in the country. Call at No. 106 6th av., over shoe store.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT woman as cook; will assist with washing and ironing; best City reference. Call for two days at No. 238 West 19th st., between 7th and 8th avs.

COOK.—IN A SMALL PRIVATE FAMILY BY AN elderly French woman, who understands French and English; good cook and a good baker; City references. Call at No. 249 West 30th st.

DRESS-MAKER.—BY A FIRST-CLASS DRESSmaker, a few engagements to go out by the day in private families; can cut and fit. Call at No. 107 West 53d st.; ring third bell.

GOVERNESS, &c.—BY A LADY, AS NURSERY governess or to wait on an invalid or young children, for a faithful English Protestant woman. Call before 1 o'clock at No. 262 Madison av.

GENERAL SERVANT.—BY A NEAT, CAPABLE English girl in a good family, or to cook, wash, and iron; has good references; not afraid of work; City or country. Call at No. 106 6th av., over shoe store.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A YOUNG GIRL WHO CAN do everything about a house, and house-work; City or country; at low wages; is neat and tidy; has good references. Can be seen at the Home Bureau, No. 138 6th av., above 10th st.

HOUSEKEEPER.—BY AN AMERICAN LADY AS housekeeper in a hotel or private family; City or country; practical experience; not afraid of work. Call or address for three days 422 7th av., near 34th st.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A YOUNG GIRL TO DO light house-work in a private family, or will work in a restaurant; good reference. Call at No. 218 West 17th st.

LADY'S MAID, &c.—BY A RESPECTABLE Scotch Protestant woman, as lady's maid and seamstress; is a thorough hair-dresser and dress-maker; has unexceptionable City reference. Apply at Bedell's, No. 340 4th av.

LADY'S MAID, &c.—BY A PROTESTANT lady's maid and seamstress; understands hair-dressing and dress-making; is a thorough operator, good family seamstress; has best City references; City or country. Apply at A. Pelton & Co., No. 645 6th av.

LADY'S MAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—BY AN American girl as lady's maid and seamstress, or chamber-maid and seamstress; best of reference given. Call at No. 62 East 41st st.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A QUICK AND EFFICIENT girl; capable of doing all sorts of fine washing and ironing, fluting and puffing; has first-class testimonials. Call or address No. 621 6th av., between 36th and 37th sts.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A GERMAN PROTESTANT young woman as first-class laundress; is willing to assist in chamber-work; understands her business thoroughly, and has very good City references. Apply at No. 2 Bleecker st., corner of Bowery.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS first-class laundress; best of City reference. Call for two days at No. 220 East 45th st., near 3d av.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A PROFESSED LAUNDRESS, washing to do at her house or go out by the day; best City references. Call No. 206 West 27th st.

NURSE.—BY A SWEDISH GIRL; UNDERSTANDS the care of children and can sew well; is also a good chamber-maid and waitress; excellent references: City or country. Call at No. 106 6th av., over shoe store.

DRY GOODS. DRY GOODS. DRY GOODS.

R. H. MACY & CO. R. H. MACY & CO. R. H. MACY & CO. R. H. MACY & CO. R. H. MACY & CO. R. H. MACY & CO. R. H. MACY & CO. R. H. MACY & CO.
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R. H. Macy & Co.

GRAND CENTRAL ESTABLISHMENT,
14TH ST. AND 6TH AV., N. Y.
UNLIKE ANY OTHER IN THE COUNTRY.
IN NO OTHER will be found so large and desirable assortments
of Goods in so many different branches.
EXPERIENCED BUYERS AND READY MONEY ENABLE US TO PLACE BEFORE THE PUBLIC AT

VERY LOW PRICES.

This week we are REDUCING our MILLINERY, HOSIERY, DRESS TRIMMING and Worsted Stocks to get room at once for our HOLIDAY GOODS NOW ARRIVING.

WHITE GOODS AND HOUSEKEEPING GOODS,
HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS,

EMBROIDERIES AND LACE GOODS.

LADIES', GENTLEMEN'S, AND CHILDREN'S FURNISHING GOODS; ALSO, HOSIERY, GLOVES, HANDKERCHIEFS, &c.,
CORSETS AND UNDERGARMENTS, NOTIONS, AND SMALL WARES,
MILLINERY GOODS, RIBBONS, FEATHERS, VELVETS, &c., FANCY GOODS, JEWELRY, TOILET ARTICLES,
PERFUMERY AND FANS, BOOKS AND STATIONERY, TRIMMINGS AND WORSTEDS,

R. H. M. & LA FORGE GLOVES,

EVERY PAIR WARRANTED NOT TO RIP OR TEAR PUTTING ON.

LADIES', GENTS', AND CHILDREN'S FURS.

TOYS, DOLLS, AND DOLLS' ARTICLES. PICNIC GOODS.

SEWING MACHINES.

We have opened a department for the sale of the justly-celebrated

WILSON SEWING MACHINE,

which we claim to be the cheapest and BEST IN THE MARKET.

NEW DEPARTMENT.

CHINA, CROCKERY, GLASS, AND SILVER-PLATED WARE,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

The Largest Assortment Ever Exhibited in America, at Prices which Defy Competition.

DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUES now ready, sent by mail or furnished by the Superintendent on application. PACKAGES by MAIL can be sent for two cents for four ounces, and one cent additional for each two ounces, or fraction thereof, under four pounds. N. B.—GOODS SHIPPED and delivered free in the City, Brooklyn, Jersey City, and Hoboken. Particular attention to orders. Goods packed and shipped for any part of the country.

R. H. MACY & CO. R. H. MACY & CO. R. H. MACY & CO. R. H. MACY & CO. R. H. MACY & CO. R. H. MACY & CO. R. H. MACY & CO. R. H. MACY & CO.
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SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

NURSE.—BY AN ENGLISH WIDOW TO MAKE AN engagement with some lady immediately as an experienced sick nurse; has the best of reference. Call or address No. 235 East 33d st.

NURSE.—BY A PROTESTANT NURSE; CAN TAKE entire charge of a baby, and bring it up on the bottle; good City reference. Apply at No. 56 4th av., opposite the Bible-house.

NURSE.—BY A YOUNG, RESPECTABLE MARRIED woman, as wet nurse; her baby is three months old; good reference. Call or address for two days, No. 461 West 46th st., between 9th and 10th avs.

NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—BY A VERY competent woman. Can be seen at her present employer's, where she has been for a number of years. Apply at No. 36 Park av.

NURSE AND PLAIN SEWING.—BEST OF City reference from her last place. Call at No. 606 3d av.

READER OR GOVERNESS.—BY A YOUNG lady as reader to an invalid, or governess to very young children. For particulars, address P., Station D, Post Office.

SEAMSTRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, AS seamstress; can cut and fit children's clothes; or would like to look after a grown child, and light chamber-work and sewing. Apply in the store No. 580 3d av., near 38th st.; call for three days.

SEAMSTRESS, &c.—BY A COMPETENT, trustworthy woman as seamstress; good hair dresser; best of City reference. Can be seen at Mme. Golard's, No. 525 6th av., Bureau Français.

WAITRESS, &c.—BY A YOUNG WOMAN AS first-class waitress or chamber-maid; City and country; over three years' City recommendations from her last employer, who can be seen. Call at No. 26 East 17th st.

WAITRESS.—BY A YOUNG NORWEGIAN WOMan; is an expert waitress; will do chamber-work; two years' City references; is neat, willing, and very tidy. Call at the Swedish Office, No. 108 East 27th st., east of 4th av., over the Russian Baths.

WAITRESS.—BY A YOUNG GIRL AS FIRST-class waitress, or chamber-maid and fine washing; first-class City reference. Call at 322 West 40th st.

WAITRESS.—BY A COMPETENT, TIDY YOUNG woman as waitress in a private family; best City reference. Call at No. 773 7th av.

WASHING.—A FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRESS TO DO gentlemen's or family washing by the dozen or month; puffing, fluting, and all fineries done neatly at moderate terms; clothes well cared; buttons seen to; good reference. Call at No. 422 West 31st st.

WASHING.—A FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRESS, WHO has served with the best families, solicits families' or gentlemen's washing; terms moderate; excellent City reference. Call at No. 454 2d av.

MALES.

COACHMAN.—BY AN HONEST, SOBER, REspectable German; understands his business in all its branches; best of references; City or country. Any gentleman that wants a man that he can depend on will find such by addressing A. C. B., Box No. 212 *Times* Office.

COACHMAN—COOK.—BY A MAN AND WIFE; man as coachman and gardener; can milk and be generally useful; can attend a furnace; wife as a good cook and laundress; no family; best reference. Any one wanting good help address W. M., Box No. 205 *Times* Office.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

COACHMAN.—BY A PROTESTANT MARRIED man, aged twenty-nine; one child, one year old; man is an experienced driver in City or country; also, a good groom; has six years' recommendations from one employer, or will give best reference. Call at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

COACHMAN AND USEFUL MAN.—BY AN American Protestant man, aged twenty-two years, who can care and drive horses well; also a good milker; thorough in the care of cattle; good recommendation; wages moderate. Call at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—BY A Protestant married man, who thoroughly understands his business; no family; wife as first-class cook, or laundress; best of references. Call or address W. N., No. 12 Cortlandt st.

COACHMAN, &c.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG man as coachman and gardener; understands his business thoroughly, and has best recommendations as to honesty, sobriety, and faithfulness. Address J. H. C. Box No. 223 *Times* Office, for two days.

COACHMAN.—BY A RESPECTABLE MARRIED man, (no family,) who in every respect knows his business, the care and management of horses, carriages, &c.; has six years' reference from late employer. Address R. Y., Up-town *Times* Office, 54½ West 32d st.

COACHMAN—COOK.—BY A MAN AND WIFE; no incumbrance; man as coachman; the wife as an excellent cook; also, a good baker; both have best reference for honesty and capability. Address Coachman, No. 56 North Moore st., for two days.

COACHMAN, &c.—BY AN ENGLISHMAN, MARried, no incumbrance, as coachman and groom; understands his business in all its branches; best of City references. Call or address W. C., No. 39 Flatbush av., Brooklyn.

COACHMAN.—BY A GENTLEMAN TURNING OUT his horses, for his coachman, one who understands his business thoroughly; the proper care and treatment of horses; strictly temperate and perfectly trustworthy. Address O. K., No. 16 West 18th st., private stable.

FARMER, &c.—BY A SINGLE MAN OF GENERAL experience in farm-work; is a first-rate fruit and vegetable gardener; understands the care of horses and a good milker; willing to work for moderate wages for the Winter. Address M., Box No. 203 *Times* Office.

FARMER.—BY A YOUNG MAN TO WORK ON A farm; is thoroughly capable. Address for two days. Samuel Keys, *Times* West-side Office, No. 308 West 23d st.

JANITOR.—BY A GOOD RESPONSIBLE COLORED man as janitor, to take care of houses, offices, &c.; good reference. Address J. B., *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

NURSE OR BODY SERVANT TO AN INVALID gentleman, by a strong and healthy young Englishman; has traveled down South with invalids; can show eight years' references. Address Fideliter, Box No. 45 *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

SERVANT, WAITER, &c.—BY A SWEDISH young man, aged twenty-two years, speaks good English; can wait at table, build fires, tend furnace, care and drive horses, milk, &c.; good recommendations. Call at Carpenter's, 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

USEFUL MAN.—BY AN INTELLIGENT, ABLE-bodied young man; experienced in almost any capacity; reference if required. Address H. B., No. 344 East 13th st., top floor.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

VALET, &c.—BY A HIGHLY RESPECTABLE GERman man as valet or nurse to an invalid gentleman; good references. Address Nurse, Box No. 45, *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

WAITER.—BY A FRENCHMAN, SPEAKING some English; is a first-class waiter; willing; obliging; wages no object; City reference. Call at the Swedish Servants Office, No. 108 East 27th st., near 4th av., over Russian baths.

WAITER—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY, BY A WELL-recommended man; willing to make himself generally useful. Call or address Industry, No. 54 North Moore st., City.

WANTED—BY A COLORED MAN TO TEND FURnace, black boots, &c. Address 136 West 27th st.

HELP WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED—CITY AND COUNTRY, TO sell teas to families and large consumers. Greatest inducements. CANTON TEA COMPANY, No. 148 Chambers st.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS COOK, THOROUGHly understanding her business, and able to furnish long City reference. Call from 9 to 2 o'clock, to-day, at No. 27 West 22d st.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT WOMAN AS COOK, washer and ironer in a small family where there are two other servants; wages $14. Call between 8 and 11 o'clock, on Tuesday, 3d inst., at No. 244 East 15th st.

WANTED—TWO PROTESTANT GIRLS IN A SMALL private family; one to cook, wash, and iron, the other as chamber-maid; City reference required. Apply at No. 454 West 22d st.

WANTED—GOOD OPERATORS ON SHOP PANTS. Apply the whole week at No. 200 Division st.

DRY GOODS.

LACE CURTAINS, &c.

LESS THAN GOLD COST OF IMPORTATION.
BANKRUPT STOCK OF MESSRS. PATON & CO.
LARGEST ASSORTMENT IN THE CITY.
From $2 per pair to the very finest imported.
at

SHEPPARD KNAPP'S

GREAT CARPET AND UPHOLSTERY WAREROOMS,
Nos. 183 and 185 6th av.

SAVINGS BANKS.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK,

Nos. 396 and 398 Canal st., corner Laight.
Open daily from 10 to 3, and Monday evenings 5 to 7.
Assets, Over Ten Million Dollars.
Surplus, Over Eight Hundred Thousand Dollars.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED.
Books in English, French, and German.
G. S. CHAPIN, Treasurer. | N. J. HAINES, President.
T. S. ARMOUR, Secretary.

DRY GOODS. DRY GOODS.

FRENCH NOVELTIES.

CLOTHS—Imitations of SEALSKIN, OTTER, and POLAR BEAR CLOTHS; Rough Beavers for Ladies' Wear, Diagonal and Basket Cloths; Riding Habit Cloths in all colors; Fancy Cloakings, together with a full line of Cloakings in all the prevailing colors and styles.

NOVELTIES IN HANDKERCHIEFS.

HDKFS.—Novelties in Initial, French Embroidered, Double Hemstitched, Silk, and other HANDKERCHIEFS, in variety of colors, entirely plain, or elegantly trimmed with Valenciennes Laces; very stylish and rich. Linen Collars and Cuffs, French Embroidered Sets, plain or in colors; Rufflings and Plaitings in every variety. Also, Mourning Handkerchiefs and Rufflings.

TRIMMINGS—Fine cut Jet Fringes, Insertions, and Ornaments in every Style. Superb line of Feather Trimmings, Worsted Fringes, &c., in all shades and patterns.

FINE DRESS GOODS AT A SMALL ADVANCE.

Will open this week a line of all-wool DRESS GOODS in Cashmeres, Merinos, and Serges; also, a large assortment of Cotton and Wool fabrics, BOUGHT CHEAP and to be SOLD at a SMALL ADVANCE.

LORD & TAYLOR,

BROADWAY AND TWENTIETH ST.,
GRAND ST. AND CHRISTIE, NEW-YORK.

FINANCIAL.

VERMILYE & CO.

BANKERS,
16 and 18 Nassau st., New-York.

DEALERS IN ALL ISSUES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
NEW-YORK CITY
AND BROOKLYN BONDS.
BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION
RAILWAY STOCKS, BONDS, AND GOLD.
INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

WASH'N R. VERMILYE, DONALD MACKAY
JAS. A. TROWBRIDGE LATHAM A. FISH

George Opdyke & Co.,

BANKERS,
No. 25 Nassau st., New-York.

Transact a General Banking Business. RECEIVE DEPOSITS subject to check at sight, and allow interest on daily balances at the rate of FOUR PER CENT. per annum, credited monthly. Checks drawn upon us pass through the Clearing-house.

ISSUE CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT, payable on demand, or at fixed date, with interest as agreed upon.

MAKE COLLECTIONS at lowest rates with prompt returns.

EXECUTE INVESTMENT ORDERS and negotiate COMMERCIAL PAPER.

INVESTMENT SECURITIES a specialty.

FIRST-CLASS WESTERN
CITY AND COUNTY BONDS
FOR SALE BY
GEORGE OPDYKE & CO.,
No. 25 Nassau st.

J. & W. SELIGMAN & CO.,

BANKERS,
No. 21 Broad st., New-York,
Issue Letters of Credit for Travelers.
PAYABLE IN ANY PART OF EUROPE, ASIA, AFRICA, AUSTRALIA, AND AMERICA.
DRAW BILLS OF EXCHANGE AND MAKE TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS OF MONEY ON EUROPE AND CALIFORNIA.

CITY OF RAHWAY, N. J.,

SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS.
Interest payable at the Chatham National Bank, where the bonds are for sale.

REAL ESTATE FIRST MORTGAGES,

(SEVEN PER CENT.,)

With payment guaranteed by the Equitable Trust Company of Semi-annual Interest and Principal in New-York City. For sale at the office of the Company, No. 52 William st. JONATHAN EDWARDS, President.

OFFICE OF THE CUMBERLAND AND PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO., NO. 71 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Oct 31, 1874.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL RECEIVE PROposals for the surrender of the second mortgage bonds of this company to the amount of ($20,000) twenty thousand dollars in cash for the Sinking Fund, at the office of the company, as above, up to 12 o'clock noon, on the 10th of November proximo.

Proposals should be addressed to the "Trustees of the Second Mortgage Bonds, Cumberland and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, No. 71 Broadway."

FREDK. H. WOLCOTT, HENRY STURGIS RUSSELL, Trustees.

OFFICE OF THE MARYLAND COAL COMPANY,
NO. 111 BROADWAY.

Proposals will be received at the office of this company from the 1st to the 10th of November inst., inclusive, for the surrender of its first mortgage Sinking Fund Bonds, for cancellation, for which purpose $10,000 have been deposited with the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, Trustees.

OFFICE LIFE ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA, St. Louis, Oct. 16, 1874.

NOTICE.—A MEETING OF THE MEMBERS OF the Life Association of America will be held at the office of the Association, in St. Louis, Mo., on the 12th day of November, 1874, at 10 o'clock in the morning, to consider and take action upon certain proposed amendments to the charter of the association.

By order of the Board of Directors.
H. W. HOUGH, President.

THE NASSAU BANK, NEW-YORK, Oct. 26, 1874.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Bank, and for Inspectors of the next succeeding election, will be held on Tuesday, Nov. 10, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 12 M., at the banking rooms. W. H. ROGERS, Cashier.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL and TRAVELERS' CREDITS AVAILABLE in all PARTS of the WORLD.

ST. JOSEPH AND DENVER CITY RAILROAD, Northern Pacific and other defaulted railroad bonds bought by the old established house of ALBERT H. NICOLAY & CO., Stock Brokers and Auctioneers, No. 43 Pine st., New-York.

THE FIRST MORTGAGE COUPONS OF THE Sioux City and St. Paul Railroad Company, due 1st November, 1874, will be paid on and after MONDAY, the 2d inst., at the Metropolitan National Bank, New-York.

FIRE INSURANCE STOCKS BOUGHT AND sold by WM. C. GILMAN, No. 46 Pine st.

METALS.

PHELPS, DODGE & CO.,

IMPORTERS OF METALS,
TIN-PLATE, SHEET-IRON, COPPER, BLOCK-TIN, WIRE, &c.,
CLIFF ST., between John and Fulton, NEW-YORK.

THOMAS J. POPE & BRO.
METALS.
NO. 292 PEARL ST.,
NEAR BEEKMAN ST., NEW-YORK.

MARBLE MANTELS.

A GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES OF marble and marbleized mantels, all kinds of floor tiling, monuments, head-stones, slabs for plumbers and cabinet-makers, now offered at S. KLABER & CO.'S Steam Marble Works, Nos. 217 to 223 West 51st st., near Broadway.

STEWART'S SLATE MANTELS, MARBLE AND Wood Mantels. Rich and elegant designs at the lowest prices. 220 and 222 West 23d st., bet. 7th and 8th avs.

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.—AN EXtensive stock of marble and marbleized mantels, and all other marble work. Marble-turning for the trade. A. KLABER, 134 East 18th st., near 3d av., New-York.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF UNITED STATES EXPRESS COMPANY, No. 82 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Oct. 20, 1874.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS COMPANY have declared a quarterly dividend of TWO (2) DOLLARS per share, payable at the office of Wells Fargo & Co., No. 65 Broadway, New-York, on and after Nov. 2 prox.

The transfer-books will close (at the Union Trust Company of New-York) at 2 o'clock P. M., on SATURDAY, 24th inst., and reopen on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 4.
GEORGE G. FARNHAM, Treasurer.

UNION NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, Oct. 23, 1874.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—A DIVIDEND OF FIVE (5) per cent., free from all taxation, has been declared by the Directors of this bank from the earnings of the last six months, payable on the 2d day of November next. JAMES M. LEWIS, Cashier.

THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, Oct. 23, 1874.

A DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT., FREE of taxes, has been declared on the capital of this bank, payable on and after Nov. 2.

The transfer-books will be closed from this date, and reopen again on the 4th November.
E. WILLSON, Cashier.

THE NATIONAL MECHANICS' BANKING ASSOCIATION OF NEW-YORK, NEW-YORK, Oct. 27, 1874.

THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS HAVE this day declared a Dividend of Three and One-half per Cent., payable to stockholders on and after the 2d day of November next, free of all taxes. The transfer-books will be closed from this date to Nov. 2.
J. H. B. EDGAR, Cashier pro tem.

THE NOVEMBER COUPONS OF THE REAL estate Mortgage Bonds negotiated and guaranteed by the Equitable Trust Company will be paid on and after the 2d day of November next, at the New-York office of the Company, No. 52 William st.
JONATHAN EDWARDS, President.

NATIONAL BANK OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK, NEW-YORK, Oct. 31, 1874.

DIVIDEND.—A DIVIDEND OF FOUR (4) PER CENT., free of taxes, has been declared, payable on and after November 10. Transfer books closed until that date.
CHAS. B. VAN WYCK, Cashier.

THE NASSAU BANK, NEW-YORK, Oct. 31, 1874.

A DIVIDEND OF FOUR (4) PER CENT., free from tax, has this day been declared, payable on Nov. 10. Transfer-books closed until Nov. 11.
W. H. ROGERS, Cashier.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between JOHN NIX and ELI CAMPBELL, under the firm name of JOHN NIX & CO., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. JOHN NIX will continue the business at the same place, Nos. 1, 3, 30, and 31 West Washington Market, also collect and pay all outstanding accounts.

Dated New-York City, Oct. 31, 1874.

JOHN NIX.
ELI CAMPBELL.

The undersigned, ELI CAMPBELL & SON, have this day formed a copartnership for the purpose of carrying on a general produce commission business at No. 7 Country row, West Washington Market.

Dated New-York City, Oct. 31, 1874.

ELI CAMPBELL.
GEORGE CAMPBELL.

HADDOCK, LANGDON, READ & CO.—The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the above style and firm, and will continue the manufacture and sale of Ales and Porter at the brewery, Nos. 408, 410, 412, and 414 East 14th st., and Nos. 407, 409, 411, and 413 East 13th st., heretofore known as Read's Patent Steam Brewery.

JOHN HADDOCK.
THOMAS B. LANGDON.
THOMAS T. READ, JR.
ARBA R. HADDOCK.

NEW-YORK, Nov. 2, 1874.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP OF WILLIAM M. GAWTRY & CO. was dissolved on the 1st day of March, 1874, by mutual consent. Either party was duly authorized to sign the name of the firm in liquidation.

Nov. 2, 1874. WILLIAM M GAWTRY.
H. S. GAWTRY.

NEW-YORK, Oct. 31, 1874.

THE FIRM OF T. S. HAYWARD & CO. of this City, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
T. S. HAYWARD,
JOHN J. DAVIS.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of RICHARD E. HATCH, Bankrupt.—In bankruptcy.—The said bankrupt having applied to the Court for a discharge from his debts, by order of the Court, notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, to appear on the 10th day of November, A. D. 1874, at 12 o'clock noon, at chambers of the said District Court, before James F. Dwight, one of the Registers of the said Court in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 7 Beekman street, in the City of New-York, and show cause why the prayer of said petition of the said bankrupt should not be granted, and why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt.—Dated New-York, Oct. 19, 1874.

020-law3wTu* GEORGE F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of GEORGE H. SHELDON, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said court by George H. Sheldon, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 10th day of November, 1874, at 1 o'clock P. M., at the office of James F. Dwight, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, No. 7 Beekman street, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 19th day of October, 1874.
GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

PROPOSALS.

NAVY DEPARTMENT,
BUREAU OF EQUIPMENT AND RECRUITING,
WASHINGTON, Oct. 17, 1874.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until Friday, at 10 o'clock A. M., on the 13th of November, 1874, for the delivery of 100 tons American or Russian hemp at the Charleston Navy-Yard, subject there to the usual inspection and Government tests.

Samples of the quality required can be seen at the Commandant's office at the said Navy-Yard, where all information can be obtained.

The Bureau reserves the right to reject any or all the bids, if it is deemed best for the interests of the Government.

Any of the hemp that is rejected is to be immediately removed from the Navy-Yard, and will remain there at the bidder's risk until removal.

WM. REYNOLDS, Chief of Bureau.

3,000 BARRELS FLOUR.—Sealed proposals will be received by the Department of Public Charities and Correction until 10 o'clock A. M. Nov. 11, 1874, for 3,000 barrels Flour. Copies for sale at No. 2 City Hall. For particulars see the *City Record*.

POTATOES, COD-FISH, TEA, &c.—Sealed proposals will be received by the Department of Public Charities and Correction until 10 o'clock A. M. Nov. 7, 1874, for Potatoes, Cod-fish, Tea, White Lead, Oil, Sheeting, &c. For particulars see the *City Record*. Copies for sale at No. 2 City Hall.

PROPOSALS FOR FURNISHING SAND, BROKEN STONE, AND RIP-RAP STONE.—Sealed proposals for furnishing these materials will be received at the office of the Department of Docks until 11 o'clock A. M. of FRIDAY, Nov. 13, 1874. For full information see the *City Record*. Copies for sale at No. 2 City Hall.

FURNITURE.

T. G. SELLEW,
DESKS,
OFFICE AND LIBRARY FURNITURE,
No. 103 Fulton st.,
FINE CYLINDER DESKS.

WEEKLY OR MONTHLY PAYMENTS for FURNITURE, CARPETS, and BEDDING, at B. M. COWPERTHWAITE & CO.'S, Nos. 155 and 159 Chatham st. An immense stock and low prices.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—ONE DOZEN second-hand black walnut dining chairs; must be well made, and in good condition. Address, with particulars and price, B. M., Box No. 109 *Times* Office.

MISFIT CARPETS.—GOOD SECOND-HAND AND misfit carpets a specialty; all sizes, rich patterns, very cheap. 112 Fulton st., near Nassau, side entrance.

SHIPPING.

WHITE STAR LINE.

FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL, CARRYING UNITED STATES MAIL.

NEW AND FULL-POWERED STEAM-SHIPS.

Sailing from New-York on SATURDAYS, from Liverpool on THURSDAYS, calling at Cork Harbor each way.

OCEANIC..........SATURDAY, Nov. 7, at 3 P. M.
REPUBLIC.........SATURDAY, Nov. 14, at 9 A. M.
BALTIC...........SATURDAY, Nov. 21, at 3 P. M.
CELTIC...........SATURDAY, Dec. 5, at 2 P. M.

From White Star Dock, Pier No. 52 North River.

Passenger accommodations (for all classes) unrivaled, combining

SAFETY, SPEED, AND COMFORT.

Saloon, State-rooms, smoking-room and Bath-rooms in midship section, where least motion is felt. Surgeons and stewardesses accompany these steamers.

Rates—Saloon, $80, gold; return tickets, $140, gold; steerage at low rates. Those wishing to send for friends from the old country can now obtain steerage prepaid certificates at low rates.

Passengers booked to or from all parts of America, to Paris, Hamburg, Norway, Sweden, India, Australia, China, &c.

Drafts from £1 upward.

For inspection of plans and other information apply at the Company's offices, No. 19 Broadway, New-York.

R. J. CORTIS, Agent.

CUNARD LINE B. & N. A. R. M. S. P. CO.

NOTICE.

With the view of diminishing the chances of collision, the steamers of this line take a specified course for all seasons of the year.

On the outward passage from Queenstown to New-York or Boston, crossing meridian of 50 at 43 latitude, or nothing to the north of 43.

On the homeward passage, crossing the meridian of 50 at 42, or nothing to the north of 42.

FROM NEW-YORK FOR LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.

ALGERIA....WED., Nov. 4 | ABYSSINIA..WED., Nov. 11
BATAVIA....SAT., Nov. 7 | *RUSSIA.....WED., Nov. 18

Steamers marked * do not carry steerage passengers.

Cabin passage, $80, $100, and $130, gold, according to accommodation. Return tickets on favorable terms.

Steerage tickets to and from all parts of Europe at current rates.

Freight and cabin office, No. 4 Bowling green.

Steerage office, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building.)

CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, Agent.

PASSENGERS PER STEAM-SHIP ALGERIA embark from the Cunard Wharf, foot of Grand st., Jersey City, at 1 P. M., WEDNESDAY, Nov. 4, 1874.

CHARLES G. FRANCKLYN,
No. 4 Bowling-green, New-York.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAM-SHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid vessels on this favorite route for the Continent, (being more southerly than any other,) will sail from Pier No. 50 North River as follows:

PEREIRE, SURMONT........Saturday..Nov. 14
FRANCE, TRUDELLE........Saturday..Nov. 28
VILLE DE PARIS, DANRE...Saturday..Dec. 12

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD, (including wine,)

First Cabin, $125....Second Cabin, $75.....Third, $35.

Excursion tickets at reduced rates.

American travelers, by taking this line, avoid both transit by English railway and the discomforts of crossing the Channel, besides saving time, trouble, and expense. GEORGE MACKENZIE, Agent. 55 Broadway.

NATIONAL LINE.

NOTICE.—The most southerly route has *always* been adopted by this company to avoid ice and headlands.

From Piers Nos. 44 and 47 North River.

TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

Helvetia....Nov. 4, 1 P. M. | Erin.......Nov. 11, 3 P. M.
France......Nov. 7, 3 P. M. | Egypt..........14, 8:30 A. M.

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

HOLLAND..........Saturday, Nov. 14, at 8:30 A. M.

Cabin passage, $70 and $80, currency. Steerage at greatly reduced price. Return tickets at reduced rates. Prepaid steerage tickets from Liverpool at the lowest rates. Apply at the company's office, No. 69 Broadway. F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

INMAN LINE.—SOUTHERLY COURSE.

Royal Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:

FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

CITY OF BROOKLYN....Saturday, Nov. 7, at 2 P. M.
CITY OF NEW-YORK....Saturday, Nov. 14, at 9 A. M.
CITY OF LONDON......Saturday, Nov. 21, at 2 P. M.
CITY OF MONTREAL....Saturday, Nov. 28, at 9 A. M.
CITY OF ANTWERP.....Saturday, Dec. 5, at 2 P. M.

CABIN PASSAGE, $50, $60, and $75, gold.

STEERAGE.—To and from all points, at reduced rates.

Cabin and general office, No. 15 Broadway.

Steerage offices, No. 33 Broadway, or Pier No. 45 North River. JOHN G. DALE, Agent.

AMERICAN LINE.

THE AMERICAN STEAM-SHIP COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA.

Weekly Mail Steam-ship service between PHILADELPHIA and LIVERPOOL, Calling at QUEENSTOWN,

Sailing every THURSDAY from Philadelphia, and Sailing every WEDNESDAY, from Liverpool.

The following steamers are appointed to sail from Philadelphia.

*ABBOTSFORD....Oct. 29 | OHIO..........Nov. 19
PENNSYLVANIA....Nov. 5 | *KENILWORTH....Nov. 26
ILLINOIS.......Nov. 12 | INDIANA........Dec. 3

PRICES OF PASSAGE IN CURRENCY:

Cabin $75 to $100, according to accommodations.

Steerage and intermediate tickets to and from all points at the lowest rates.

Steamers marked with a star do not carry intermediate.

Passenger accommodations for all classes unsurpassed. Ample attendance is provided. Every steamer carries a surgeon and stewardess.

These steamers are supplied with life-rafts in addition to the usual life-boats and life-preservers.

Through tickets and through bills of lading issued between all prominent points.

For passage, rates of freight, and other information apply to

GEO. W. COLTON, Agent, No. 42 Broad st., N.Y.
JOHN McDONALD, Passenger Agent,
No. 8 Battery place, New-York.
PETER WRIGHT & SONS, General Agents,
No. 307 Walnut st., Philadelphia.
RICHARDSON, SPENCE & Co., Liverpool. | N. & J. CUMMINS & BROS., Queenstown.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD STEAM-SHIP CO.

FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND BREMEN.

The steam-ship NECKAR, Capt. J. C. MEYER, will sail on SATURDAY, Nov. 7, at 2 P. M., from Bremen Pier, foot 3d st., Hoboken, to be followed by steam-ship HOHENZOLLERN, Capt. W NORDENHOLT, on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 11.

RATES OF PASSAGE TO LONDON, HAVRE, AND BREMEN:

First cabin..........$100 gold.
Second cabin.........60 gold.
Steerage.............24 currency.

For freight or passage apply to OELRICHS & CO., Agents, No. 2 Bowling green.

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE, FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., THE FLORIDA PORTS, AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.

SAILING EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY, AND SATURDAY, AT 3 P. M. from Pier No. 29 North River.

MANHATTAN, Capt. M. S. WOODHULL, Tuesday, Nov. 3.

CHARLESTON, Capt. J. BERRY, Thursday, Nov. 5.

SOUTH CAROLINA, Capt. J. T. BECKETT, Saturday, Nov. 7.

Superior accommodations for passengers.

Insurance by this line ONE-HALF PER CENT.

Goods forwarded free of commission.

Passage tickets and bills of lading issued and signed at the office of

JAMES W. QUINTARD & CO., Agents,
No. 177 West st., (corner of Warren,)
Or W. P. CLYDE & CO.,
No. 6 Bowling green.

Through freight tariffs. Passage tickets by all routes and to all points in the South and South-west, and further information can be obtained at the office of

BENTLEY D. HASELL,
General Agent Great Southern Freight Line, No. 317 Broadway.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.

THE FLORIDA PORTS, AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE, CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA, AND ATLANTIC AND GULF RAILROAD.

FOUR STEAM-SHIPS PER WEEK.

TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS, AND SATURDAYS.

LEO, Capt. DANIELS, TUESDAY, Nov. 3, from Pier No. 16 East River, at 3 P. M.
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Agents, No. 62 South st.

GEN. BARNES, Capt. CHEESMAN, THURSDAY, Nov. 5, from Pier No. 43 North River, at 3 P. M.
W. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling green.

SAN SALVADOR, Capt. NICKERSON, SATURDAY, Nov. 7, from Pier No. 43 North River, at 3 P. M.
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling green.

MONTGOMERY, Capt. FAIRCLOTH, SATURDAY, Nov. 7, from Pier No. 12 North River, at 3 P. M.
R. LOWDEN, Agent, No. 93 West st.

Insurance by this line ONE-HALF PER CENT.

Superior accommodation for passengers.

Through rates and bills of lading, in connection with Central Railroad of Georgia, to all points.

Through rates and bills of lading in connection with the Atlantic and Gulf Railroad and Florida steamers.

GEORGE YONGE, Agent,
Central Railroad of Georgia,
No. 409 Broadway.

ATLAS MAIL LINE.

BI-MONTHLY SERVICE TO HAYTI, VENEZUELA, CURACOA, MARACAIBO, JAMAICA, AND COLOMBIA.

First-class full-powered Iron screw steamers, from Pier No. 51 North River.

FOR JAMAICA AND COLOMBIA.

Steam-ship ANDES..........Nov. 13
Steam-ship ALPS...........Nov. 27

FOR HAYTI, VENEZUELA AND CURACOA.

ETNA......................Nov. 4
CLARIBEL..................Nov. 19

The "Alps," sailing Nov. 27, will call at Nassau, Bahamas.

First-class passenger accommodation.

PIM, FORWOOD & CO., Agents,
No. 56 Wall and No. 59 Pine sts.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.

THE UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

Regular mail steamers SAILING 23D OF EVERY MONTH, making close connections at RIO DE JANEIRO with the English and French Mail Steamships for MONTEVIDEO and BUENOS AYRES.

The splendid steam-ship SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. TINKLEPAUGH, will sail from PIER No. 43 NORTH RIVER, on MONDAY, Nov. 23, at 3 o'clock P. M., calling at ST. THOMAS, PARA, PERNAMBUCO, BAHIA, and RIO DE JANEIRO, going and returning.

First cabin passage to St. Thomas, $100; to Para, $150; to Pernambuco, $200; to Bahia, $210, and to Rio de Janeiro, $225, gold. Steerage half price. EXCURSION TICKETS, good for six months, at three quarters of above rates. Freights greatly reduced.

Apply to WM. R. GARRISON, No. 5 Bowling green.

NEW-YORK AND HAVANA DIRECT MAIL LINE.

These first-class steam-ships will sail every TUESDAY, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 13 North River, (foot of Cedar st.,) for Havana direct, as follows:

VINDICATOR, Capt. T. H. MORTON, Wednesday, Oct. 28
CRESCENT CITY, Capt. T. S. CURTIS, Tuesday, Nov. 3.
COLUMBUS, Capt. E. C. REED, Tuesday, Nov. 10.

For freight or passage (having magnificent accommodations) apply to WM. P. CLYDE & CO., No. 6 Bowling green.

McKELLAR, LULING & Co., Agents in Havana.

SHIPPING.

FOR LIVERPOOL (VIA QUEENSTOWN,) CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS.

THE LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM COMPANY will dispatch one of their first-class full-power iron screw steam-ships from PIER NO. 46 NORTH RIVER, EVERY TUESDAY, as follows:

WYOMING, Capt. BRIDGES...........Nov. 3, 1:30 P. M.
NEVADA, Capt. PRICE..............Nov. 10, 3 P. M.
IDAHO, Capt. JONES...............Nov. 24, 3 P. M.
WISCONSIN, Capt. FREEMAN.........Dec. 1, 12 M.

Cabin passage, $80, gold.

Steerage passage, (Office No. 29 B'way,) at low rates.

For freight or cabin passage apply to WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 63 Wall st.

STATE LINE.

NEW-YORK TO GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL, BELFAST, AND LONDONDERRY.

These elegant new Clyde-built steamers will sail from Pier No. 36 North River as follows:

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.......Wednesday, Nov. 11
STATE OF NEVADA.............Wednesday, Nov. 25

And every Wednesday thereafter, taking passengers at through rates to all parts of Great Britain and Ireland, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, and Germany. Drafts for £1 and upward. For freight or passage apply to AUSTIN BALDWIN & CO., Agents, No. 72 Broadway.

Steerage office, No. 45 Broadway.

STEERAGE AS LOW AS BY ANY OTHER LINE.

NEW-YORK, HAVANA AND MEXICAN MAIL S. S. LINE.

Steamers leave Pier No. 3 North River as follows:

FOR HAVANA DIRECT.

CITY OF MERIDA..............Thursday, Nov. 5
CITY OF HOUSTON.............Saturday, Nov. 7
CITY OF HAVANA..............Thursday, Nov. 12

FOR VERA CRUZ AND NEW-ORLEANS, calling at Havana, Progreso, Campeachy, Tuspan, and Tampico.

CITY OF MERIDA..............Tuesday, Nov. 24
CITY OF MEXICO..............Tuesday, Dec. 15

For freight or passage apply to F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, No. 33 Broadway.

Steamer City of Mexico will leave New-Orleans Nov. 7, for Vera Cruz and all the above ports.

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.

Families or gentlemen going to travel on the Continent of Europe, who can afford the expense of a courier, should never leave Paris without one. Their services are invaluable in relieving the traveler from multiplicity of cares and troubles respecting passports, examination and conveyance of luggage, in securing the best accommodation, in protecting the traveler from imposition, and an infinity of annoyances to which they are exposed in various parts of the Continent. Competent and trustworthy couriers and traveling servants may always be obtained by applying to the COURIER SOCIETY, No. 4 Rue d'Alger, near the Tuileries Garden, Paris.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—United States passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, No. 91 Duane st., corner Broadway.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

THE GREAT TRUNK LINE AND UNITED STATES MAIL ROUTE.

Trains leave New-York, from foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt sts., as follows:

Express for Harrisburg, Pittsburg, the West and South, with Pullman palace cars attached, 9:30 A. M., 5 and 8:30 P. M. Sunday, 5 and 8:30 P. M.

For Williamsport and Lock Haven (via Philadelphia and Erie Railroad Division, connecting at Philadelphia,) 9:30 A. M. For Williamsport, Lock Haven, Corry, and Erie, 8:30 P. M., connecting at Corry for Titusville, Petroleum Centre, and the oil regions.

For Baltimore, Washington, and the South, "Limited, Washington Express" of Pullman parlor cars, daily, except Sunday, at 9:30 A. M.; arrive at Washington at 4:10 P. M.; regular at 8:40 A. M.; 3 and 9 P. M. Sunday, 9 P. M.

Express for Philadelphia, 8:40, 9:30, A. M., 12:30, 3, 4, 4:10, 5, 7, 8:30, 9 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday 5, 7, 8:30, and 9 P. M. Emigrant and second class, 7 P. M.

Accommodation for Trenton at 7:20 A. M., and 2 P. M.

For Newark at 6, 6:30, 7:20, 7:40, 8, 9, 10, 11 A. M., 12 M., 1, 2, 2:30, 3:10, 3:40, 4:10, 4:30, 5, 5:20, 5:40, 6, 6:10, 6:30, 7, 7:30, 8:10, 10, 11:30 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday 5:20, 7, and 8:10 P. M.

For Elizabeth, 6, 6:30, 7:20, 7:40, 8, 9, 10 A. M., 12 M., 1, 2, 2:30, 3:10, 3:40, 4:10, 4:30, 4:50, 5:20, 5:40, 6, 6:10, 6:30, 7, 7:30, 8:10, 10, 11:30 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday 5:20, 7, and 8:10 P. M.

For Rahway, 6, 6:30, 7:20, 8, 10 A. M., 12 M., 1, 2, 2:30, 3:10, 3:40, 4:10, 4:30, 4:50, 5:20, 5:40, 6, 6:10, 6:30, 7, 8:10, 10 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday 5:20 and 7 P. M.

For Woodbridge, Perth Amboy, and South Amboy, 6 and 10 A. M., 2:30, 4:50, and 6 P. M.

For New-Brunswick, 7:20 and 8 A. M., 12 M., 2, 3:10, 4:30, 5:20, 6:10, 7 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday, 7 P. M.

For East Millstone, 12 noon, 3:10 and 4:30 P. M.

For Kingston and Rocky Hill, [illegible]

For Lambertville and Flemington, 9:30 A. M. and 4 P. M.

For Phillipsburg and Belvidere, 9:30 A. M., 2 and 4 P. M.

For Bordentown, Burlington, and Camden, 7:20 and 9:30 A. M., 12:30, 2, 4:10, and 7 P. M.

For Freehold, 7:20 A. M. and 2 and 4:10 P. M.

For Farmingdale and Squan, 7:20 A. M. and 2 P. M.

For Hightstown, Pemberton, and Camden, via Perth Amboy, 2:30 P. M.

For Hightstown and Pemberton, 6 A. M.

Trains arrive as follow: From Pittsburg, 6:50 A. M., 9:50 A. M. and 9:35 P. M., daily; 6:50 P. M. daily, except Monday. From Washington and Baltimore, 6:20 A. M., 4:15, 5:15 and 10:27 P. M. Sunday 6:20 A. M. and 10:27 P. M. From Philadelphia, 5:10, 6:20, 6:50, 10:15, 11:55 A. M., 2:15, 4:15, 5:15, 6:50, 8:44, 10:27 P. M. Sunday 5:10, 6:20, 6:50, 11:55 A. M., 6:50, and 10:27 P. M.

Ticket-offices, Nos. 526 and 944 Broadway, No. 1 Astor House, and foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt sts., No. 4 Court st., Brooklyn, Nos. 114, 116 and 118 Hudson st., Hoboken. Emigrant Ticket-office, No. 8 Battery place.

FRANK THOMSON, General Manager. | D. M. BOYD, JR., General Passenger Agent.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.

ALLENTOWN LINE TO THE WEST.

Passenger and Freight Station in New-York, foot of Liberty st. Connects at Somerville with South Branch R. R.; at Hampton Junction with Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad; at Phillipsburg with Lehigh and Susquehanna Division; also with Lehigh Valley Railroad. Direct line to Harrisburg, Pittsburg, and the West; also to Central Pennsylvania and New-York State.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Commencing June 15, 1874.—Leave New-York as follows:

5:15 A. M.—News Train for Easton, Bethlehem, Bath, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

6 A. M.—Way Train for Somerville and Flemington.

7 A. M.—Way Train for Easton, Belvidere, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Pittston, Mahanoy City, Mt. Carmel Hazleton, Tunkhannock, Towanda, Waverly, &c. Connects at Junction with Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad.

9 A. M. Morning Express, daily, (except Sundays,) for Easton, Allentown, Harrisburg, and the West. Connects at Somerville for Flemington; at Easton for Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Towanda, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c., with through cars to Danville, Williamsport, &c.

10:30 A. M.—Way Train for Somerville.

12.40 P. M.—Express for Flemington, Easton, Bath, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Mahanoy City, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Reading, Columbia, Lancaster, Ephrata, Pottsville, Harrisburg, &c.

2:30 P. M.—Way Train for Easton, Catasauqua, and Belvidere.

3:30 P. M.—Way Train for Plainfield. On Saturdays only to Somerville.

4 P. M.—Way Train for Easton, Allentown, and Mauch Chunk. Connects at Junction with Del., Lack. & West. R. R.

4:30 P. M.—Way Train for Somerville and Flemington.

5 P. M.—Way Train for Somerville.

5:15 P. M.—Way Train for Plainfield.

5:30 P. M.—Evening Express, daily, for Easton, Belvidere, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Towanda, Reading, Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Chicago, &c.

6 and 7 P. M.—Way Trains for Somerville.

7:30 P. M.—(Emigrant.)—For Easton.

9:15 P. M.—Way Train for Somerville.

12 P. M.—For Plainfield.

For Elizabeth at 5:15, 6, 6:15, 6:40, 7, 7:30, 8, 8:45, 9, 9:40, 10:30, 11:15 A. M.; 12 M.; 12:40, 1, 1:30, 2, 2:30, 3, 3:30, 3:45, 4, 4:15, 4:30, 4:45, 5, 5:15, 5:30, 5:45, 6, 6:10, 6:30, 7, 7:30, 8:15, 9:15, 10:30, 11:15, 12 P. M.

R. E. RICKER, Superintendent and Engineer.
H. P. BALDWIN, General Passenger Agent.

ERIE RAILWAY.

Summer Arrangement of through trains August, 1874. From Chambers Street Depot. (For 23d St. see note below.)

9:00 A. M., daily, except Sundays, Cincinnati and Chicago Day Express. Drawing-room coaches to Buffalo and sleeping coaches to Cincinnati and Detroit.

10:45 A. M., daily, except Sundays, Express Mail for Buffalo and Niagara Falls. Sleeping coach to Buffalo.

7:00 P. M., daily, Pacific Express to the West. Sleeping coaches through to Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Cincinnati, Detroit, Chicago and St. Louis, without change.

7:00 P. M., except Sundays, Emigrant train to the West.

Above trains leave Twenty-third Street Ferry at 8:45 and 10:15 A. M., and 6:45 P. M.

For local trains, see time-tables and cards in hotels and depots.

JNO. N. ABBOTT, General Passenger Agent.

NEW-YORK, NEW-HAVEN AND HARTFORD RAILROAD.

After May 18, 1874, trains leave Grand Central Depot (42d st.) for New-Canaan Railroad at 8:05 A. M., 1, 4:38, and 5:40 P. M.; Danbury and Norwalk Railroad at 8:05 A. M., 3:15 and 4:38 P. M.; Naugatuck Railroad at 8:05 A. M., and 3 P. M.; Housatonic Railroad at 8:05 A. M. and 3 P. M.; New-Haven and Northampton Railroad at 8:05 A. M. and 3 P. M.; For Newport at 8:05 A. M. and 1 P. M.; Boston and Albany Railroad at 8:05 and 10 A. M., 3 and 8:10 P. M., (7 P. M. on Sunday;) Boston (via Shore Line) at 1 and 9:10 P. M., (9:10 P. M. on Sundays.)

Way trains as per local time tables.

J. T. MOODY, Superintendent New-York Division.
E. M. REED, General Superintendent. New-Haven.

NEW-YORK CENTRAL AND HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—After Nov. 1, 1874, trains will leave Grand Central Depot:

8:00 A. M., Chicago and Northern Express, with drawing-room cars through to Rochester and St. Albans.

10:00 A. M., special Chicago Express, with drawing-room cars to Rochester, Buffalo, and Niagara Falls.

10:45 A. M., Northern and Western Express.

4:00 P. M., Montreal Express, with sleeping cars from New-York to St. Albans.

6:00 P. M., Express, daily, with sleeping cars for Watertown and Canandaigua.

8:00 P. M., Pacific Express, daily, with sleeping cars for Rochester, Buffalo, and Niagara Falls; also for Chicago, via both L. S. and M. C. Railroads.

11:00 P. M., Express, with sleeping cars for Troy and Albany. Way trains as per Local Time Table.

C. H. KENDRICK, General Passenger Agent.

WICKFORD RAILROAD ROUTE TO NEWPORT, R. I.—Passengers for this line take 8:05 A. M. and 1 P. M. express trains from Grand Central Depot, arriving at 4:20 and 8:20 P. M. Also, on SUNDAYS, 9:10 P. M., Sleeping-car Express, arriving at Newport at 6 A. M. THEODORE WARREN, Supt.

TEACHERS.

THE PROPRIETOR OF A WELL-KNOWN French school offers his services in schools and families; highest references from prominent citizens. Address Dr. F. BERTHET, at Mr. Hammond's School, No. 692 6th av.

A GERMAN PROFESSOR OF LONG EXPERIENCE wishes pupils for two classes now forming, one for ladies, other for gentlemen. Address Reggnit, *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

BOARD WANTED BY A FRENCH LADY OF culture, in exchange for lessons and conversation; highest references. Address D. V., *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

AN EXPERIENCED CLASSICAL AND MATHEMATICAL teacher, gold-medalist of foreign university, desires private pupils; prepares for scientific schools and college, (English or American;) highest city reference. Address TUTOR, No. 29 West 15th st.

INSTRUCTION.

M. W. Lyon's Collegiate Institute,

NO. 5 EAST 22D ST., CORNER OF BROADWAY.

Rooms—Superior. Supervision—Personal.
Assistants—Experienced. Teaching—Thorough.
Government—Kindly. Pupils—Manly.

ST. JOHN'S SCHOOL,

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL

FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN.

Rev. Theodore Irving, LL. D., Rector.

NO. 21 WEST 32D ST.

Opening services of the Autumn Term at 10 A. M. WEDNESDAY, Sept. 23.

The Infant Department, for little girls and boys, will have special attention given to it.

Dr. Irving's special class in English Literature, with readings from the best authors, for ladies who have finished their studies, but would like to avail themselves of the advantages of such a course, will begin on the second Thursday in November, and continue until the middle of May.

The course this Winter will commence with the writers of the time of Queen Anne.

For circulars or information apply to the Rector, No. 21 West 32d st.

GRAND CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK,

No. 112 5th av.,

Between 16th and 17th sts., (Knabe building.)

The most successful and complete music school in the world. All branches of vocal and instrumental music practically and theoretically taught by the most eminent professors at moderate prices.

The Amateur Orchestra meet every Tuesday at 8 P. M. Classical Soirée by the Professors every second Wednesday, Lectures every third, Opera Recitals every fourth Wednesday in each month.

ANTHON GRAMMAR SCHOOL,

NO. 252 MADISON AV.,

BETWEEN 38TH AND 39TH STS.

This school prepares its pupils for the counting-house and for admission to Columbia, Yale, Harvard, Princeton, &c., and to the School of Mines.

Its twenty-first annual circular contains full particulars of the studies pursued in its Primary, English, Classical, and French departments.

It also contains the names of pupils, past and present, over twelve hundred in number, many of whom are actively and prominently engaged in mercantile or professional life in this City, and are the references which the school offers to the public.

Charlier Institute

FOR YOUNG LADIES AND LITTLE GIRLS,

NO. 167 MADISON AV.

This DAY SCHOOL will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 23. Thorough and complete English course; French, German, light gymnastics, lectures on scientific subjects, drawing, sewing, &c.

MR. AND MRS. ELISEE CHARLIER, Principals.

N.B.—The Belles-Lettres Class will also begin Sept. 23. Special attention given to English literature.

Collegiate Institute,

(NO. 40 WASHINGTON SQUARE)

GEO. W. CLARKE, Ph. D., Principal.

Prepares pupils of all ages for business or college.

COLLEGIATE ACADEMY.

S. A. FARRAND and D. S. EVERSON, Principals,
No. 729 6th av., opposite Reservoir Park,
Reopens Sept. 23.

GREAT PAINS ARE TAKEN TO TEACH BOYS HOW TO STUDY. THE PRINCIPALS DEVOTE THEIR WHOLE TIME TO GIVING PERSONAL INSTRUCTION. Among their patrons are:

T. S. Hastings, D. D., | G. L. Prentiss, D. D.,
Howard Crosby, D. D. | H. E. Montgomery, D. D.,
T. Gallaudet, D. D., | Prof. H. B. Smith, D. D.,
J. O. Murray, D. D., | Prof. R. D. Hitchcock, D. D.
E. H. Chapin, D. D., | Prof. C. Short, LL. D.,
H. D. Ganse, D. D., | Prof. C. A. Joy, Ph. D.

MISS COMSTOCK,

NOS. 32 AND 34 WEST 40TH ST.,
RESERVOIR PARK.

English, French, and German Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, will reopen Sept. 23. Boarding pupils limited to sixteen. Application may be made personally or by letter.

A FULL KINDERGARTEN METHOD FOR LITTLE CHILDREN.

MESDEMOISELLES CHARBONNIER,

NO. 36 EAST 35TH ST.,
(formerly No. 42 Avenue du Roule, Neuilly, Paris,)

French Protestant boarding and day school for young ladies. Thorough English course in all classes.

REOPENED SEPT. 23.

French classes for ladies three times a week.

MISS STEERS'

SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN,
NO. 12 EAST 47TH ST.,
Between 5th and Madison avs., New-York.
RE-OPENED, Sept. 22, 1874.

A course of lectures on English History, with Readings from Shakespeare, by Mr. GEO. VANDENHOFF, commenced Oct. 17. Second lecture, Nov. 6.

THE SCHOOL CARRIAGE IN ATTENDANCE.

MONSIEUR C. FABREGOU

is now forming
Evening and Afternoon Classes of
CONVERSATION IN FRENCH.
Apply between 4 and 8 P. M. at
No. 46 Greenwich av.

MISS DU VERNET,

ASSISTED BY COMPETENT MASTERS,
will reopen her
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL

for boys under fifteen at No. 102 West 29th st., one door from 6th av., on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 23. Day boarders are taken to the Park after an early dinner.

MISS SPRING'S

ENGLISH AND FRENCH DAY SCHOOL

for Young Ladies and Children, will reopen Sept. 25, in the building of the Young Ladies' Christian Association, No. 64 Irving place, corner of 18th st.

Boys under ten will be received; pupils have entrance to Gramercy Park at recess.

HENDRICK INSTITUTE.—FRENCH, GERMAN, and English boarding and day school, for young ladies and delicate children, 25 West 26th st., N. Y.; daily drill in vocal culture, gymnastic and calisthenic exercises; delicate and enfeebled pupils have our especial care and skilled attention. Dr. SARAH L. HENDRICK, Principal.

JOHN MACMULLEN'S SCHOOL WILL BE REopened Sept. 15, at No. 1,214 Broadway, near 30th st. Terms from $100 to $300. A few boarders taken. Circulars at G. P. Putnam's Sons, corner 23d st. and 4th av. and at the school. Latin conversation taught. Carpentry taught. Out door classes organized.

MME. LESPINASSE'S

Fort Washington French institute for young ladies reopens Sept. 21. French the language of the school. Circulars at Lespinasse & Friedman's, 3 Pine st., Carleton's, Fifth Avenue Hotel, Brentano's, 33 Union square.

A WORKING SCHOOL. BOYS TAUGHT English, French, German, and Latin. Lyric Hall, 6th av., between 41st and 42d sts. Miss M. W. WARREN.

MRS. ROBERTS AND MISS WALKER will re-open their English and French Day School for Young Ladies and Little Girls, at No. 148 Madison av., on Wednesday, Sept. 23.

A SELECT SCHOOL FOR BOYS

at
NOS. 539, 541, and 543 5TH AV.,
OPENS SEPT. 21.

Thorough instruction guaranteed and a complete preparation for Business, Scientific School, or College.

R. A. GIBBENS. D. BEACH, JR.

IRVING SCHOOL OF ART.—DRAWING, WATERcolor and oil painting, No. 67 University place, New-York Society Library; evening classes Wednesdays and Saturdays.

J. H. MORSE'S SCHOOL, NO. 1,267 BROADway.—Boys prepared for Harvard, and other colleges and scientific schools.

A FEW YOUNG LADIES, AS BOARDING pupils, are received by the Misses BUCKNALL, at their suburban residence, New-Brunswick, N. J.

UNIVERSITY GRAMMAR-SCHOOL, NO. 1 Winthrop place, (one block from New-York University.) M. M. HOBBY, C. A. NORTHROP, Principals.

HOME SCHOOL FOR YOUNG CHILDREN. Church Hill Post Office, Washington Depot, Conn. H. H. MOREHOUSE.

NOT FASHIONABLE—WORTHY THE SUPPORT of judicious parents—Yonkers Military Institute. BENJAMIN MASON, Box No. 654 Yonkers, N. Y.

DR. CALLISEN'S DAY SCHOOL FOR BOYS, NO. 131 West 43d st., reopens MONDAY, Sept. 21.

MILITARY BOARDING SCHOOL, WHITE Plains, N. Y. Principal, O. R. WILLIS, Ph. D.

CLAVERACK College and H. R. Inst., at Claverack, N. Y. Opens Sept. 7. ALONZO FLACK Ph. D., Pres.

$300 FOR 50 WEEKS—INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG Boys. E. HINDS, Hempstead, Long Island.

MRS. JONSON AND MISS JONES' SCHOOL for young ladies and children, No. 13 East 31st st.

MISS F. B. PRIEST'S SCHOOL, NO. 229 EAST 19th st., will reopen TUESDAY, Sept. 22.

MISS S. B. JOHNSTON, NO. 872 LEXINGTON av., will reopen her Boarding and Day School for young ladies and little girls, THURSDAY, Sept. 24.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WATER-CURE.

The HYDROPATHIC INSTITUTE, No. 313 West 22d st., is now open for the reception of ladies and gentlemen, and for the treatment of all curable diseases, that is of all diseases not organic, and especially of old chronic complaints. C. C. SCHIEFERDECKER.

References—Hon. John Bigelow, our late Minister to France; Judge Bosworth, Marshall O. Roberts, Esq., Charlotte Cushman, Emma Stebbins.

TAMAR INDIEN, (UNIVERSALLY PRESCRIBED by the Faculty,) a laxative, refreshing, and medicated fruit lozenge; the immediate relief and effectual cure of constipation, headache, bile, hemorrhoids, &c.; TAMAR (unlike pills and the usual purgatives) is agreeable to take, and never produces irritation. E. GRILLON, No. 27 Rue Rambuteau, Paris. Depot, CASWELL, HAZARD & CO., New-York.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—BANK BOOK ON THE GREENWICH SAVings Bank. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving the same at the bank. C. E. O., owner.

LOST—OCT. 7, CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT, SEPT. 19, by Second National Bank, Washington, D. C., in favor of F. A. Stratton, for $1,000; not indorsed; payment stopped. All persons are cautioned not to negotiate.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES

At the Times Up-Town Office,
No. 54½ West 32d st., junction Broadway and 6th av.,
And the Times West-Side Office,
No. 308 West 23d st., corner of 8th av.
NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER.

HORSE BLANKETS, suitable for Stable and STREET uses. Also, DRESS BLANKETS, Carriage Robes, and Wagon Blankets; CLARK'S HORSE CLIPPERS, and of other celebrated manufacturers, at HARMER, HAYS & CO.

N. B. No. 72 Beekman st.

SADDLERS' GOODS, of all kinds, in full stock.

FOR SALE—A TEAM OF BAY HORSES, JUST ARrived from Orange County, sixteen hands high, seven and eight years old, sound and kind, good roadsters and stylish drivers. Call on or address P. J. RONK, No. 162 Chambers st.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD, IN GOOD WARM stables, can be furnished for six or eight horses for the Winter, at Southold, Long Island, for $12 per month. For further particulars apply to HENRY WILLIAMS, No. 51 Whitehall st., New-York.

FOR SALE.—A NEW ENGLISH DOG CART; TWO wheel; for one or two horses; never been used; will be sold less than cost in London. Call at No. 225 Greene st.

FOR SALE.—A GENTLEMAN WILL SELL HIS horses at a sacrifice; black; 15½ hands; very stylish; kind and true; price, $450. Apply at office; stables No. 121 West 23d st.

FOR SALE—A FRENCH CHARIOT HUNG ON C. springs; back and front built to order for owner in Paris; is in good order; will be sold cheap. Call at No. 225 Greene st.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES

At the Times Up-Town Office,
No. 54½ West 32d st., junction Broadway and 6th av.,
And the Times West-Side Office,
No. 308 West 23d st., corner of 8th av.
NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER.

NO. 4 WEST 22D ST.

To let, with board, a handsome, large room, with hall room connecting, separately or together; southern exposure; every convenience; also rooms for single gentlemen; house and table first-class; terms moderate; references exchanged.

5TH AV., CORNER 31ST ST.

Very choice suites of apartments on parlor and second floors, with private table; house and table first-class. Apply to owner and occupant, No. 299 5th av.; references exchanged.

A STRICTLY PRIVATE FAMILY, RESIDING in East 18th st., convenient to Clarendon, Everett, Westminster, and other hotels, would rent, without board, to a single gentleman, a handsomely-furnished front room and bedroom communicating, replete with modern conveniences. Those wishing first-class accommodations may address, with name, Everett, Box No. 136 *Times* Office.

FIFTH AV., NEAR 30TH ST.—DESIRABLE suite of furnished rooms, with bath, comprising entire second or third floor, with private family residing in their own house on the avenue, either without board or with first-class full or partial board, at reasonable rates; private table if desired; references exchanged. Address, with name and requirements, M. B., Box No. 2,468 Post Office, New-York.

TO LET, WITHOUT BOARD, TO GENTLEmen only, a small parlor, bedroom adjoining, second floor; also single bedroom on second floor; in a very pleasant and nicely-furnished house, occupied by a refined English family of two; French and German spoken. Terms very moderate to persons of undoubted respectability. Apply at No. 110 West 29th st.

NO. 36 EAST 32D ST.—LARGE FRONT ROOM, with small room adjoining, also large dressing room in fourth story, to let, with board, in a private family, at moderate terms for the Winter; house and appointments first-class; references given and required.

A PRIVATE FAMILY RESIDING IN THE neighborhood of the Windsor would like to let with board, a large alcove front room on second floor, to gentleman and wife, or single gentleman; terms moderate, if permanent. Address WINDSOR, *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

ELEGANT APARTMENTS TO LET IN THE new apartment-houses built by Mr. John H. Sherwood, Nos. 531 and 533 5th av. and No. 1 East 44th st. Meals will be served at table d'hote or by private table. Apartments can be seen between 9 A. M. and 4 P. M. JAMES P. COLT.

A SUITE OF ROOMS NICELY FURNISHED, suitable for gentleman and wife, with board; also two single rooms on fourth floor, with or without board; location central and very pleasant; house first-class. No. 201 2d av., between 12th and 13th sts.

FIFTH AV., OPPOSITE MADISON SQUARE.—ELEgant suite, four rooms, parlor, dining, bed, and dressing-rooms handsomely furnished, second story, front, for gentleman and wife, with or without private table. No. 206 5th av.

SEVENTEENTH ST., BETWEEN 5TH AND 6TH avs., No. 38.—A private family wishes to rent the second floor, with board, (private table if required.) Gentleman and wife, or two single gentlemen, can be accommodated.

A PRIVATE FAMILY WITH NO OTHER BOARDers will rent their second floor, parlor and bedroom, to a gentleman and wife; house, situation, table, &c., unexceptionable. For further particulars address K., Box No. 185 *Times* Office.

FIFTH AV., NEAR WINDSOR HOTEL.—A small private family can accommodate a party of two or three persons with board, elegant parlor, and one or two large bed-rooms. For particulars inquire at Windsor Pharmacy, No. 543 5th av., below 45th st.

NO. 102 WEST 38TH ST., BETWEEN BROADway and 6th av.—To let, without board, to gentlemen only, newly-furnished rooms on second floor, en suite or single; also alcove room on third floor, southern exposure; use of bath and parlor.

NO. 359 WEST 23D ST.—TO LET, WITH board, furnished or unfurnished, two handsome sunny rooms, second floor front, in private brown-stone house; house and appointments first-class in every particular.

HANDSOMELY-FURNISHED ROOMS; TERMS from $4 to $10; also elegantly-furnished floors, with private table. Apply to E. A. DAILEY, No. 583 6th av.

PRICE LIST OF ACCOMMODATIONS IN best houses everywhere. New-York Board Directory, No. 1,284 Broadway, above 33d st. Open day and evening. Information free.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED BACK PARLOR or basement, in 42d st., near Broadway, to let to a physician. Address L. L., *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

FOR PARTIES DESIRING CENTRAL LOCAtion.—A very desirable front room with board; also hall room. No. 36 East 12th st., first block west of Broadway; references.

NO. 23 GREAT JONES ST., NEAR BROADway.—Nicely furnished rooms, en suite and single, with board; terms, from $8 and upward per week; call and see.

THIRD DOOR FROM 5TH AV.—DESIRABLE second floor and room on third floor: excellent table; very moderate prices; best references. No. 6 West 43d st.

NO. 29 WEST 31ST ST., REAR GRAND HOtel—English-basement house; reception and adjoining room, suitable for physician; also, small upper room; references.

NO. 24 EAST 47TH ST., NEAR THE WINDsor.—Pleasant, well-furnished rooms, single or en suite, with or without private table; house recently renovated throughout.

FORTY-SECOND ST., NO. 125, WEST, BEtween 6th av. and Broadway.—Handsomely-furnished rooms, en suite or singly, to let, with board; private table if desired; references.

NO. 248 LEXINGTON AV., NEAR 35TH ST.—Large, handsome room to rent with board; also, single room for gentleman; location and house first-class; references.

A FAMILY OF THREE ADULTS HAVE A few elegant rooms to let to gentlemen, with or without board. No. 684 Lexington av., between 56th and 57th sts.

NO. 45 WEST 29TH ST.—HANDSOME SUITE of three rooms on parlor floor and two above to gentlemen; breakfast if desired; family small; house first-class; few doors west of Broadway.

NO. 4 WEST 29TH ST.—BOARD, WITH BEAUtiful rooms on second floor back and third floor front; unexpectedly vacated by parties leaving the City.

MRS. CAMP, NO. 141 WEST 14TH ST., has to offer for the Winter two of her most desirable suites, with board.

FIFTH AV.—TO LET, HANDSOMELY FURNISHED parlor floor, bath, closets, and every convenience, with or without private table; also, room on third floor; references exchanged. No. 76 5th av.

NO. 109 EAST 16TH ST., NEAR UNION square.—Fine large rooms to rent, with board; also, part of parlor floor. S. FAULKNER BROWN.

NO. 20 EAST 9TH ST.—FURNISHED ROOMS, with board, for families and gentlemen; dining-room on parlor floor; references exchanged.

TWENTY-SECOND ST., NO. 45, WEST.

Two large connecting rooms on second floor to let, with board; best reference given.

FORTY-SECOND ST., NO. 167 WEST.—TO rent, with board in private family, neatly furnished rooms, en suite, or singly; references exchanged.

NO. 35 EAST 22D ST., A LARGE SECONDstory back room to let, with first-class board; also, hall rooms, for gentlemen; references exchanged.

NO. 23 WEST 26TH ST.—HANDSOME SUITE OF five rooms on second floor, with private table; highest reference given and required.

NO. 57 WEST 39TH ST.—AN ELEGANT suite of rooms on second floor, with or without private table; also, rooms on third and fourth floors.

NO. 30 EAST 35TH ST.—HANDSOME FRONT parlor; also, two hall rooms; third story; with board.

FIFTH AV., NO. 341.—MRS. SEAVER, HAVING completed the renovation of her house, offers suites of rooms, with private table or without board.

SOUTHERN FRONT HALL BEDROOM, FURnished, to let to a single gentleman, at No. 35 West 10th st.

NO. 35 EAST 21ST ST.

Will be vacated about Nov. 1 two second story front rooms; southern exposure.

SEVENTEENTH ST., NO. 61 WEST.—ROOMS, with board, for adults who desire a refined and permanent home.

NO. 123 WEST 45TH ST.—HANDSOMELY furnished second and third floors to let, en suite, with board; private house; highest references.

FURNISHED ROOMS, WITHOUT BOARD, TO gentlemen only. No. 61 East 21st st., corner 4th av.

NO. 33 WEST 33D ST.—THIRD FLOOR ROOM for gentleman and wife, or gentlemen, with board.

NO. 123 5TH AV.—THREE-STORY FRONT ROOMS to rent, together or separately, with good board.

NO. 42 EAST 21ST ST.—SUITE OF TWO ROOMS, one single room to let, with board.

AMUSEMENTS.

UNION SQUARE THEATRE.

Proprietor..............................Mr. Sheridan Shook
Manager.................................Mr. A. M. Palmer
Begins at 8; over at 10:40; Saturday Matinee at 1:30.

SECOND WEEK,

AND

POSITIVE SUCCESS

OF THE BRILLIANT REVIVAL OF

THE HUNCHBACK

which has attracted during the past week a series of most brilliant and crowded audiences.

Cast of characters as follows:

Julia..................................Miss Clara Morris
Helen..................................Miss Kate Claxton
Master Walter..........................Mr. Frederick Robinson
Sir Thomas Clifford..............Mr. Charles R. Thorne, Jr.
Modus..................................Mr. Stuart Robson
Lord Tinsel............................Mr. Owen Marlowe
Fathom.................................Mr. J. Edwin Irving
Master Wilford.........................Mr. H. Dalton
Master Heartwell.......................Mr. T. E. Morris
Gaylove................................Mr. John Mathews
Stephen................................Mr. W. H. Wilder
Holdwell...............................Mr. E. Sinclair
Servant................................Mr. W. S. Quigley

SATURDAY, NOV. 7—SECOND MATINEE OF HUNCHBACK.

FRONT BOXES AND CHOICE RESERVED SEATS FOR THE OPERA IN PARQUET AND FRONT BALCONY; ALSO, THE BEST SEATS FOR ALL THEATRES AND BARNUM'S HIPPODROME AT TYSON'S NEW THEATRE TICKET OFFICE, WINDSOR HOTEL.

MACCABE.—STEINWAY HALL—MACCABE.

Every evening at at 8. Matinée Saturday at 2.

Fourth week of the notable and overwhelming success of FREDERIC MACCABE,

in his original entertainment,
BEGONE, DULL CARE;
or an Elysium of Humor, Music, and Ventriloquism.

MACCABE'S TRANSITION OF CHARACTER.

The entire press is unanimous as to the marvelous rapidity and wonder with which each change of character is effected. Never has such a versatility of voice, features, and embodiment been exhibited in any entertainment of modern times.

MACCABE'S PRESENT ATTRACTIVE PROGRAMME

of original MIRTH, PERSONATIONS and SONGS, including those marvels of delineations, the FASCINATING FELLOW, MISS MARY MAY, THE WANDERING MINSTRELS, and THE ENGLISH RAILWAY PORTER,

in which Mr. MACCABE will impersonate seven individuals without leaving the sight of the audience, will be repeated evening until further notice.

Admission, 50c.; reserved seats, 25c. and 50c. extra. Reserved seats at Steinway Hall daily, from 9 till 5.

LYCEUM THEATRE. SOLDENE.

M. GRAU AND CHIZZOLA.......Lessees and Managers

ENTHUSIASTIC RECEPTION OF Miss EMILY SOLDENE and her complete and powerful ENGLISH OPERA BOUFFE COMPANY.

THIS, TUESDAY (AND EVERY) EVENING AT 8. Also, SATURDAY MATINEE, at 1:30.

Will be repeated with an UNPARALLELED ENSEMBLE, and with a stage attire of UNPRECEDENTED BEAUTY, Offenbach's most tuneful opera, GENEVIEVE DE BRABANT, represented upward of 600 nights in London. DROGAN, (her original character.).......Miss SOLDENE

Seats secured six days in advance.

BOX-OFFICE OPEN from 8 A. M. till 10 P. M.

PARK THEATRE,

Broadway, between 21st and 22d sts.
"There's millions in it."
EIGHTH WEEK OF

Mr. John T. Raymond

In his great character specialty of

Col. Mulberry Sellers,

In a serio-comic American drama by MARK TWAIN.

The hit of the present season.—*World.*

EVERY NIGHT and SATURDAY MATINEE at 2 P. M.

Order carriages at 10:30.

Telegraph for seats. Seats secured ten days in advance.

OLYMPIC, NO. 624 BROADWAY. GREAT AMERICAN VARIETIES. Attractions of THE WEEK: First appearance in America of the wonderful English Acrobats, the Marvelous Faust Family. Miss Alice Harrison and troupe, in her immense hit, Genevieve de Brabant, Living Fountain, Gus Williams, Sam Rickey, and Master Barney in new farce and specialty. First appearance of Miss Emm Hoffman in character songs; 100 artists in Opera, Farce, Sketch, Song and Dance every evening and Wednesday and Saturday matinées.

NIBLO'S.—LAST WEEK BUT ONE OF THE GRAND SPECTACULAR DRAMA OF THE DELUGE, PARADISE LOST, with all the wonderful KIRALFY SPECIALTIES. JULIA SEAMAN and the European Combinations. Two Hundred Ladies as Warriors, and Brilliant Corps de Ballet.

WANTED—A PUNCH AND JUDY SHOW, WITH A man to exhibit, at a church fair; must have first-class apparatus and satisfactory references. Address C. S., Box No. 109 *Times* Office.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

AN ELEGANT SUITE OF ROOMS

Newly furnished; house, table, and appointments first class; only a few select boarders received; highest references given and required. Call at No. 141 West 44th st., between Broadway and 6th av.

A SMALL CHRISTIAN FAMILY WILL RENT, with board, one or two large rooms, newly furnished, with every convenience; west side. Address one week, D. A. S., *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

TWO LARGE, HANDSOME, HIGH-CEILED rooms, Southern exposure, nicely-furnished, with ample closets and every modern convenience: hot and cold baths; private table, if desired; locality highly respectable; Astor row, No. 628 7th av.

NO. 67 38TH ST., BETWEEN 5TH AND 6th avs.—To let, parlor floor, with or without front basement; also magnificent second floor, with private table only; house and appointments first-class; references exchanged.

NO. 4 EAST 29TH ST., BETWEEN 5TH AND Madison avs., handsomely furnished rooms, singly or en suite; private table if desired; house and location unexceptionable.

TWENTY-THIRD ST., NO. 165 WEST, one and a half blocks from Broadway.—Rooms en suite or separate on second and third floors, with board and attendance; proper reference required.

TWO LARGE FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH board and good table, on the west side, near steam station and 23d st.; references and living prices required. Address S. V. M., Box No. 110 *Times* Office.

TWENTY-THIRD ST., NO. 120 EAST.—A suite of five rooms to let, together or separate; also, hall rooms, with first-class board; references exchanged.

NO. 121 EAST 23D ST., NEAR 4TH AV.—Handsomely-furnished rooms, with board, suitable for families and single gentlemen; house, &c., first-class; references exchanged.

PRIVATE FAMILY WILL RENT LARGE sunny room on parlor floor, with or without board; also medium-sized room, heated; moderate terms. No. 280 4th av.

A LARGE, HANDSOMELY-FURNISHED front room on second floor to let, with board, in a private family. Apply at No. 40 West 21st st. References exchanged.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS TO let to gentlemen, without board, in a private family. No. 37 East 19th st., between Broadway and 4th av.

SUITE OF ROOMS—SECOND FLOOR, FIRST-class house, No. 22 East 49th st.; superior board; third floor suite, No. 46 West 51st st.; references exchanged; private table.

NO. 566 5TH AV.—ROOMS FOR SINGLE GENtlemen or gentleman and wife, with or without board.

NO. 22 EAST 41ST ST.—ROOMS SUITABLE for gentlemen and their wives; also, single room, with board.

NO. 38 EAST 20TH ST., NEAR BROADWAY.—A second floor to let, with private table; also rooms for gentlemen, without board; references.

NO. 11 WEST 30TH ST.—SUITE OF ROOMS on second floor to let, with board; references exchanged.

HANDSOME PARLOR.—ALSO LARGE ROOM on third floor, southern exposure, in first-class house; gentlemen only. Call at No. 13 East 28th st.

TO LET, WITH BOARD—A PARLOR AND BEDroom on second floor, also front four-story bedroom, at No. 32 West 32d st.; references required.

NO. 17 WEST 37TH ST.—A PLEASANT ROOM to let, with board; best reference given and required.

NO. 18 EAST 41ST ST.—FOURTH STORY FRONT and hall room, with unexceptionable board; thoroughly modern.

NO. 117 WEST 34TH ST., FOUR DOORS west of Broadway, a large and elegantly furnished floor to let, with private table. References.

FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH BOARD, AT NO. 255 4th av. References.

NO. 24 WEST 39TH ST.—THIRD-STORY FRONT room, to let, with board. Reference.

BOARD WANTED.

A LADY WANTS A NICELY FURNISHED room, with board, up town, (not above 50th st.,) where she can have dinner at 1 or 2 o'clock, and stove or grate fire; terms not to exceed $8; references exchanged. Address SHAW, *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

WANTED.—BY A GENTLEMAN AND HIS mother, two nicely-furnished rooms, with good board; give price and full particulars; references exchanged. Address COMFORT, Box No. 59 *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

ON 5TH AV., BELOW 14TH ST., OR WITHin a block of 5th av., between 14th and 30th sts., first-class board wanted by gentleman and wife; second story front room and adjoining bedroom. Address, &c., S. T., Post Office Box No. 1,295.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, INFANT AND nurse desire board in a strictly private family; require two bed-rooms and a sitting-room; location must be central. Address, stating terms and particulars, W. J. N., Box No. 104 *Times* Office.

BOARD WANTED.—GOOD LOCATION; GENtleman, wife, two children; third story front; sunny side; $25 per week. Address W. T., Box No. 109 *Times* Office.

AMUSEMENTS.

BRILLIANT OPENING AND CROWNING SUCCESS.

P. T. BARNUM'S | P. T. BARNUM'S
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GREAT ROMAN HIPPODROME!
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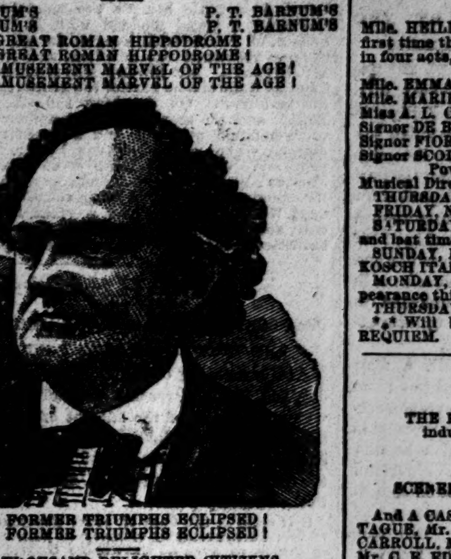
THE AMUSEMENT MARVEL OF THE AGE!
THE AMUSEMENT MARVEL OF THE AGE!



ALL FORMER TRIUMPHS ECLIPSED!
ALL FORMER TRIUMPHS ECLIPSED!

TEN THOUSAND DELIGHTED CITIZENS
TEN THOUSAND DELIGHTED CITIZENS

With rapturous applause welcome the reappearance of the

GORGEOUS PAGEANTS,
THE BRILLIANT EQUESTRIAN SCENES,
THE NEW AND DARING RACES,
THE MARVELOUS GYMNASTIC ACTS,
THE WONDERFUL TRAINED ANIMALS!

NEW FEATURES IN EVERY DEPARTMENT
NEW FEATURES IN EVERY DEPARTMENT
NEW FEATURES IN EVERY DEPARTMENT

of the

GREAT ROMAN HIPPODROME!
GREAT ROMAN HIPPODROME!
GREAT ROMAN HIPPODROME!

NEW PERFORMERS, MALE AND FEMALE,
NEW CHARIOT RACES,
NEW HURDLE RACES,
NEW JOCKEY RACES.

And the thrilling arenic contest, entitled

INDIAN LIFE,
INDIAN LIFE,
A CHASE FOR A WIFE.
A CHASE FOR A WIFE.

This grand and novel spectacle of Indian life introduces 100 of the leading ladies and gentlemen of the company, presenting by far the most exciting exhibition of daring equestrianism ever witnessed. It represents with vivid truthfulness the varied scenes of the camp, the conflict, and the capture, with all the excitement incident to a genuine buffalo hunt upon the Plains. The bold and brilliant riding of Miss MAUD OSWALD (the Chief's daughter) thrills all beholders as she dashes fearlessly among her pursuers, evading capture with movements of lightning-like rapidity, and with a skill never equaled in the history of female equestrianism. The thrilling act will be introduced, in addition to the usual varied programme, at each exhibition.

GRAND MENAGERIE open daily at 1 and 6:30 P. M.
GRAND HIPPODROME Performances at 2 and 8.
Box-office open daily from 9 to 4. Seats secured six days in advance. Grand Orchestra, $1 50; Orchestra, $1; Family Circle, 50 cents.

ELECTION RETURNS AT BARNUM'S.

To accommodate the thousands anxious to receive the earliest returns on TUESDAY NIGHT the management of the GREAT ROMAN HIPPODROME has arranged with the Western Union Telegraph Company for opening a temporary office near the grand stand, at which the latest news will be received. These dispatches will be bulletined to the audience SIMULTANEOUSLY WITH THEIR APPEARANCE IN PRINTING-HOUSE SQUARE.

STEINWAY HALL. THEO. THOMAS.

THEODORE THOMAS'
SYMPHONY CONCERTS AND PUBLIC REHEARSALS.
On THURSDAY AFTERNOON, Nov. 5, at 2:30.
FIRST AFTERNOON PUBLIC REHEARSAL
Admission tickets, 75c. Reserved seats, 25c. extra.

On SATURDAY EVENING, Nov. 7, at 8,
FIRST SYMPHONY CONCERT.
Admission, $1 and $1 50. Reserved seats, 50c. extra.
PROGRAMME.

Symphony, "Harold in Italy," Op. 16..........Berlioz
Obligato Viola, by Mr. Charles Baetens.
Harp, Mr. A. Lockwood.
Concerto for Piano, Op. 16, new..........Edvard Grieg
Mr. F. Boscovitz and Orchestra.
Symphony, No. 3, Eroica..........Beethoven

The sale of reserved seats and tickets for both the Public Rehearsal and Symphony Concerts will commence THIS (Monday) MORNING, at Nos. 701 and 114 Broadway, and at the box-office of Steinway Hall.

Subscription tickets can now be had at the box-office of Steinway Hall.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE,

2d and 3d avs., between 63d and 64th sts., New-York.

UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS.

AFTERNOON AND EVENING,

Grand Concerts by Full Orchestra.

A combination of

INSTRUCTION and AMUSEMENT

Hundreds of
WONDERFUL MACHINES AT WORK.
The Grandest Display of America's Industrial Skill ever brought together.

ADMISSION ONLY 50 CENTS. CHILDREN HALF PRICE.
OPEN FROM 9 A. M. UNTIL 10 P. M.

Owing to the rush of enormous crowds after 7 P. M., the managers suggest that those who desire to make critical examinations should visit the exhibition between the hours of 10 and 12 and 2 and 5, during which hours the vast machinery is in full motion.

COLOSSEUM. BROADWAY AND 35TH ST.

TWO EXHIBITIONS DAILY AT 2:30 AND 8 P. M.

Lights and Shadows of New-York. Prof. Hutchings. | Paris by Moonlight. Midnight Storm. Jarley's Wax-works. The Tumbleronicon. Promenade Concerts. | Greatest living Pianiste, Mme. Clotilde L'Hote.

Prof. ALEX. DAVIS, Premier Ventriloquist. Every Matinée, (excepting Saturday) 50c.; children, 25c. Every evening and Saturday Matinée, 75c.; children, 40c.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.

New opera-house, Broadway and 29th st.
"THERE'S MILLIONS IN IT."
THE TWO ORPHANS—THE CRITIC.
Street cars may be ordered at 10.
Family matinée Saturday at 2.

BOWERY THEATRE.

Hon. W. F. CODY, Buffalo Bill,
in his sensation drama, entitled the
SCOUTS OF THE PLAINS,
preceded by the burletta of the
SOLDIER'S RETURN.

WOOD'S MUSEUM. WOOD'S.

THIS

EVENING at 8, OLIVER DOUD BYRON. ACROSS THE CONTINENT. | AFTERNOON at 2. L. Aldrich, Sophie Miles, T. L. Connor, A. L. Sheldon. SIX DEGREES OF CRIME.

BRYANT'S OPERA HOUSE, 23D ST.

EVERY EVENING at 8, SATURDAY MATINEE at 2.

The world famous BRYANT'S MINSTRELS. Dave Reed, Nelse Seymour, Bob Hart, W. H. Brockway, Hogan, Emerson, DAN BRYANT, W. Henry Rice.

MEETINGS.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE FARMERS' CLUB.—A regular meeting of this Club will be held TO-DAY, (Tuesday,) at 1 o'clock P. M., at the rooms of the Institute, in the Cooper Building. All interested in agricultural improvement are invited to attend.

NATHAN C. ELY, President.
JOHN W. CHAMBERS, Secretary.

NEW-YORK HISTORICAL SOCIETY.—A stated meeting will be held at the Library, on TUESDAY EVENING, Nov. 3, at 8 o'clock. WM. J. HOPPIN, Esq., will read a paper "Upon certain Historical Portraits lately exhibited in Paris."

ANDREW WARNER, Recording Secretary.

STEAM-BOATS.

STONINGTON LINE FOR BOSTON.

Steamers RHODE ISLAND, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, and STONINGTON, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, from Pier No. 33 North River, foot of Jay st., at 4 P. M., arriving in Boston ahead of all other lines. Tickets for sale at all principal railroad offices, and state-rooms secured at the offices of Westcott Express Company, and at No. 319 Broadway.

D. S. BABCOCK, President. | L. W. FILKINS, Gen. Pass. Agent.

SEA BIRD,

for Red Bank and intermediate stations. Pier No. 35 North River, foot of Franklin st.

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Tuesday, Nov. 3...2:00 P. M.	Monday, Nov. 2...1:00 P. M.
Thursday, 5th...2:30 P. M.	Wednesday, 4th...2:30 P. M.
Saturday, 7th...2:30 P. M.	Friday, 6th...3:00 P. M.
Monday, 9th...3:00 P. M.	Monday, 9th...7:00 A. M.
Tuesday, 10th...3:00 P. M.	Tuesday, 10th...7:00 A. M.
Thursday, 12th...9:30 A. M.	Wednesday, 11th...8:00 A. M.

FOR RONDOUT AND KINGSTON, LANDING at Cozzens', Cornwall, Newburg, Marlborough, Milton, Highlands, (New Paltz,) Esopus.—The steam-boat THOMAS CORNELL leaves Harrison st., Pier No. 34 North River, every TUESDAY, THURSDAY, and SATURDAY at 4 P. M.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, AND THE NORTH.—Steamers leave Peck slip for New-Haven at 3 and 11 P. M., connecting with boats.

FOR BRIDGEPORT AND ALL POINTS ON Housatonic and Naugatuck Railroad.—Fare, $1. Steamers leave Catharine-slip at 11:30 A. M.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—FRUIT AND CANDY STORE, COURT st., Brooklyn. For particulars apply for three days at No. 255 East Broadway.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY. MIGNON. ALBANI.

Last week but three. Strakosch Italian Opera. WEDNESDAY, Nov. 4, seventeenth subscription night. JOINT APPEARANCE OF Mlle. EMMA ALBANI, Mlle. HEILBRON, and Miss ANNIE LOUISE CARY, and first time this season of Ambroise Thomas' Grand Opera in four acts,

MIGNON.

Mlle. EMMA ALBANI..........as..........Mignon
Mlle. MARIE HEILBRON.......as..........Filina
Miss A. L. CARY............as..........Federico
Signor DE BASSINI..........as..........Guglielmo
Signor FIORINI.............as..........Lothario
Signor SCOLARA....Laerte. Mr. HALL....Giarno

Powerful chorus and grand orchestra.

Musical Director and Conductor..........Signor E. MUZIO

THURSDAY, Nov. 5, Brooklyn Academy—AIDA.

FRIDAY, Nov. 6—Sixth appearance of Mlle. ALBANI.

SATURDAY, Nov. 7—Last grand matinee but three, and last time of AIDA. Admission, with seat, $2.

SUNDAY, Nov. 8—Fifth grand concert by the STRAKOSCH ITALIAN OPERA COMPANY.

MONDAY, Nov. 9—Revival of ERNANI, and first appearance this season of Mlle. ALICE MARESI.

THURSDAY, Nov. 12—Newark Opera-house—FAUST.

. Will be shortly produced—Verdi's MESSA DE REQUIEM.

WALLACK'S.

THE RECEPTION accorded to the performance of THE ROMANCE OF A POOR YOUNG MAN induces Mr. Wallack to announce it for EVERY EVENING and SATURDAY MATINEE.

SCENERY, COSTUMES, and APPOINTMENTS ALL NEW.

And A CAST including the names of Mr. H. J. MONTAGUE, Mr. JOHN GILBERT, Mr. J. B. POLK, Mr. J. W. CARROLL, Mr. E. M. HOLLAND, Mr. G. F. BROWNE, Mr. C. E. EDWIN, Miss ADA DYAS, Mme. PONISI, Miss EFFIE GERMON, Miss IONE BURKE, Mrs. JOHN SEFTON, and Miss MABEL LEONARD.

Due notice will be given of the first appearance of Mr. DION BOUCICAULT in his NEW IRISH DRAMA, which is now in active preparation.

PARTICULAR NOTICE.

Owing to the great demand for seats to witness the present performance, the Box Office will be open TEN DAYS IN ADVANCE.

Carriages may be ordered at 10:45.

BOOTH'S THEATRE. CUSHMAN.

MISS CHARLOTTE CUSHMAN'S FAREWELL.

MISS CUSHMAN will appear every night this week, (save Saturday,) and at the SATURDAY MATINEE, in her immortal part of MEG MERRILIES, in the romantic drama, GUY MANNERING, which will be offered with all of Sir Henry Bishop's delicious music, interpreted by superior soloists and augmented orchestra, and the OPERATIC CHORUS of 100.

On THURSDAY next, an EXTRA MATINEE of MEG MERRILIES.

On Saturday evening, MACBETH, in which Miss CUSHMAN and Mr. VANDENHOFF will appear. The LAST NIGHT OF MISS CUSHMAN.

Mr. JOSEPH JEFFERSON'S engagement begins on MONDAY, Nov. 9, when RIP VAN WINKLE will be presented.

SALE OF SEATS.

. THE SALE OF SEATS for any performance of this week, including that of the LAST NIGHT, is now progressing. The box office will be open continuously from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. An extra office is established in the vestibule for the sale of the tickets securing seats for THURSDAY'S EXTRA MATINEE. Places for the RIP VAN WINKLE nights will be offered TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY) morning at 8 o'clock.

DALY'S FIFTH AVENUE THEATRE,

28th st. and Broadway. Begins at 8; over at 11.
Mr. AUGUSTIN DALY..........Proprietor and Manager.

TO-NIGHT,
THE
SCHOOL
FOR
SCANDAL.

MR. DALY'S new arrangement of SHERIDAN'S famous comedy, with the favorite cast of this house.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, Nov. 4.

EXTRAORDINARY REVIVAL of MRS. COWLEY'S brilliant five-act comedy, (NEWLY ARRANGED for this company,) entitled

THE
BELLE'S
STRATAGEM,

with the following important distribution of parts:

Mr. Louis James..........as..........Doricourt
Flutter.....Mr. Clarke | Saville.......Mr. Ringgold
Hardy......Mr. Davidge | Courtall......Mr. Conway
Sir George....Mr. Parkes | Villers.......Mr. Peakes
Letitia Hardy, with the song....Miss Fanny Davenport
Mrs. Rackett..Mrs. Gilbert | Lady Touchwood. Miss Jewett.
Miss Ogle......Miss Grey | Kitty Willis.....Miss Varian

During the MASQUERADE TABLEAU of the fourth act the PRINCIPAL CHARACTERS will dance a SARABAND.

SATURDAY MATINEE, at 1:30, THE BELLE'S STRATAGEM.

TUESDAY NEXT, Nov. 10, MASKS AND FACES.

BILLIARDS. D. R. GAVIT, DIRECTOR.

NATIONAL GRAND TOURNAMENT,
FOR THE CHAMPIONSHIP OF AMERICA,
$2,500 IN CASH, and THE EMBLEM,
presented by Mathew Delaney, Esq., patentee of the new and popular Wire Cushion.
THE GREATEST GALAXY OF PLAYERS
ever brought together, consisting of
MAURICE VIGNEAUX,
FRANCOIS UBASSY,
ALBERT GARNIER,
EDWARD DANIELS,
A. P. RUDOLPHE,
J. and C. DION,
MAURICE DALY,
GEO. F. SLOSSON.

Commences at TAMMANY HALL, WEDNESDAY EVENING, Nov. 4, and continues AFTERNOON AND EVENING, NINE DAYS. Admission 50 cents; reserved seats $1. No charge for ladies accompanied by gentlemen. Seances commence at 2 o'clock in the afternoon and 8 in the evening.

INTERESTING OCCASION.

At Bellefonte, Centre County, Penn., under the supervision of Rev. Jas. P. Hughes, is an old and well-established academy, known as "School in the Mountains," whence have come and gone youth who, in after years, have left their impress on home and State and land. Among the Alumni of this School are ex-Gov. Curtin, Hon. Sam. Linn, E. C. Humes, Esq., Ed. Blanchard, Esq., who, with Rev. W. F. Wylie, Gen. Jas. A. Beaver, A. O. First, Esq., Hon. Jas. McManus, and others distinguished, will deliver speeches appropriate. Such occasions are always replete with interest and joy, and the Committee trust that all former students who may avail themselves of this opportunity of meeting again olden faces and living over olden days.

A. ARMSTRONG,
J. P. HUGHES,
J. H. RANKIN,
Committee.

ROBINSON HALL, 16TH ST., NEAR BROADWAY.

Rounds of Applause and Peals of Laughter at THE FEMALE BATHERS. Great Enthusiasm over the new CAN-CAN. Mme. RENTZ'S FEMALE MINSTRELS, and A SPLENDID VARIETY COMPANY. MATINEE TUESDAY and FRIDAY at 2:30 P. M.

METROPOLITAN MUSEUM OF ART.

No. 128 West 14th st., New-York.

The galleries will be open from 10 A. M. until 5 P. M. on TUESDAY, Nov. 3, election day.

THEATRE TICKET OFFICE,

NO. 114 BROADWAY.

RESERVED SEATS FOR ALL THEATRES.

MUSICAL.

200 PIANOS AND ORGANS,

New and Second-hand, of First-class Makers, will be sold at Lower Prices for cash, or on Installments, or for rent, in City or Country, during this month, by HORACE WATERS & SON, No. 481 Broadway, than ever before offered in New-York. A SPECIALITY: Pianos and Organs to let until the rent money pays the price of the instrument. Illustrated Catalogues Mailed. A large discount to Churches, Schools, Lodges, &c.

M. M. MERRELL,
NO. 8 UNION SQUARE, (No. 165 4th av.)
A LARGE STOCK OF
PIANOS, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT,
To Rent or Sell Cheap.
SALES ON EASY MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

UPRIGHT PIANOS.
A LARGE AND SUPERIOR ASSORTMENT
FOR SALE OR RENT AT
OUVRIER & SON'S, MANUFACTURERS,
No. 27 West 13th st.,
Between 5th and 6th avs.

MISS MARIE GILBERT IS NOW RESUMING her lessons on the piano-forte, theory and composition; young and advanced pupils thoroughly trained and finished in the most approved systems of the Leipsic and Paris conservatories; classical music a specialty. Circulars, &c., received at Mr. Albert Weber's piano-forte rooms, 5th av. and 16th st.

A. BRAUTIGAM'S UPRIGHT AND SQUARE pianos are second to none. Prices moderate. Constantly on hand a large assortment of second-hand pianos from best makers. Pianos to rent. Warerooms No. 701 Broadway.

CHURCH PIPE-ORGANS.—WILLIAM H. DAVIS & SON, No. 40 Downing st., have for sale several new organs of ten and twelve stops at low prices for cash. Also one of two Manuals, twenty-stops, two octaves of Pedales; price, $2,000.

AN IMMENSE STOCK—STEINWAY'S AND other Pianos; upright, square, grand; also Organs. Inducements for cash. On installments and to rent. S. K. BALL & CO., No. 15 East 14th st.

LARGE STOCK OF PIANOS FOR RENT, $3 and upward; for sale on easy terms; good pianos, $80; organs, $40. BERRY & CO., No. 739 Broadway.

FOR RENT—UPRIGHT, SQUARE, AND GRAND PIANOS of our own make; also, for sale, a number of fine second-hand pianos. WM. KNABE & CO., No. 112 5th av., above 16th st.

LECTURES.

EBELL INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY LECTURES, No. 18 Cooper Union. TUESDAY, 3:30 P. M., commencement of course of seven on Natural History. Subject to-day: STRUCTURE AND LIFE OF THE PLANT KINGDOM. Illustrated with the entire set of Dr. Auroux's elastic models of plants and the hydro-oxygen microscope, with natural objects, by Dr. EBELL. Course of seven lectures, $3; single admission, 50 cents.

NEW-YORK FREE MEDICAL COLLEGE for Women, No. 51 St. Marks place.—A course of six lectures will begin Nov. 5. Tickets for the entire course, $2 50; for sale by S. R. WELLS, No. 389 Broadway.

THE BRYANT ROBBERY.

EXTRAORDINARY DETECTIVE WORK.

ARREST OF THE MEN WHO ROBBED THE OLD MISER—DISCOVERIES MADE BY THE POLICE—HISTORY OF THE ROBBERY.

The somewhat waning reputation of the detective office in this City has been revivified by a most clever arrest effected by Detectives Reilly and Williamson, of Central Office—an arrest which has been accomplished by more really clever detective work than any which have occurred during the past two years. Scarcely four weeks have elapsed since the robbery of Luther C. Bryant, becoming known, astonished the City, not only from the daring of its execution and its magnitude, but the peculiar and wholly unequaled circumstances connected with it. A full history of the affair was published in THE TIMES a few days after. The robbery was effected on the night of the 11th of October.

For several years past Luther Bryant, a man seventy-three years of age, has lived alone in a room in the rear of the third floor of the large tenement-house No. 1 Forsyth street. Bryant was reputed to be a miser possessing great wealth, which he was too miserly to enjoy in a natural manner. No friend or relative ever visited him, and he kept no domestic, buying his provisions, cooking his meals, and keeping his apartment clean himself. For four years past Bryant kept a stand against the iron railing of the old North Dutch Church, at the corner of Fulton and William streets, for the ostensible purpose of dealing in old coins, mutilated currency, &c., but his chief business was found by the Police to be the purchase of postage stamps pilfered by messenger boys from their employers. Bryant was in the habit of leaving his room every week day morning, and not returning until evening. During his absence the door of his room was secured by two ordinary locks and a patent padlock. The care which he exercised in securing these fastenings, led the tenants in the house to believe that the room contained great wealth. But there came a day when he did not return at nightfall, owing to the fact that he had fallen into the hands of the Police and was locked up for receiving stolen goods. His arrest was effected under the following circumstances. A number of down-town firms had been, for months past, using a great many more postage-stamps than was thought necessary for their correspondence, and employed private detectives to ascertain what became of them. It was discovered that these firms were being systematically robbed by their messenger-boys, who stole the postage-stamps from the book-keeper's desk whenever an opportunity occurred. It was then thought prudent to watch some of these boys for the purpose of learning to whom they sold the stolen stamps. This led to the discovery of Bryant's nefarious business. The boys were in the habit of going to his stand with the stamps and dropping them into a carpet-bag which was underneath the stand, after which Bryant would hand them the money. For three-cent stamps Bryant paid two cents; for two-cent stamps, one cent, and for one-cent stamps at the rate of half a cent each, and for stamps of larger denominations at the same rates. For over four years, it is alleged, this illegal traffic has been going on, as many as forty to fifty boys calling on Bryant every day, until the latter had accumulated a large fortune. On the afternoon of the 7th of October Bryant was arrested by Officer Peters, of the Second Precinct, charged with receiving stolen goods. The complainant was Mr. William K. Evans, book-keeper for Faber & Co., of No. 133 William street, who based his charge on information received from Charles Krepps, of No. 229 Rivington street, a messenger boy in the employ of the firm above named, who stated that he had sold to Bryant $5 worth of postage stamps which he had stolen from his employers. Bryant was taken before Justice Bixby, at the Tombs Police Court, and committed for trial in default of bail. He was locked up in the Tombs, but an application for a warrant to search his room was refused by the Magistrate.

During Bryant's incarceration in the Tombs his rooms remained apparently undisturbed until three weeks ago yesterday, when one of the tenants in the house noticed that the patent padlock on the outside of the door had been broken off, and the door was slightly ajar. Knowing that Bryant had not been released, he thought it singular that the door should be open, and at once informed Capt. Ward, of the Tenth Precinct Police. Detectives Lyon and Dyer were sent to the house to investigate the matter. On entering the room the detectives at once saw that the place had been visited and thoroughly ransacked by burglars. The padlock had been broken off and the door forced open. No information could be obtained in reference to what had been stolen until the occupant of the room was consulted. Learning that he was confined in the Tombs, Officer Dyer proceeded to the City Prison and informed Bryant of what had occurred. On receiving this intelligence Bryant almost fainted, and on fully comprehending the intelligence acted like a lunatic. He told the officer that the room contained money and valuables to the amount of over $100,000, and that he was reduced to beggary by the robbery. Superintendent Walling was notified, and at his request District Attorney Phelps discharged Bryant from prison on his own recognizance, so as to enable him to consult with and aid the Police authorities in their search for the stolen property. Bryant visited his room, and after carefully inspecting the premises, furnished Superintendent Walling with the following list of money and property claimed by him to have been stolen: $70,000 in United States gold coin in $20 gold pieces, each piece has a small hole punched in the head of the Goddess of Liberty; $12,000 in legal-tender notes; $1,000 in mutilated currency; $700 in new fifty-cent and ten-cent currency; a gold watch, the movement of which was manufactured by Appleton & Tracey, and which is marked M.D. in old English characters, and valued at $500; the case weighs seventy-three pennyweights, and is marked No. 803; a gold chain, composed of solid oblong bars, partly engraved, and weighing 100 pennyweights; a diamond and amethyst ring; a pair of amethyst sleeve-buttons marked M. D., a pair of gold eye-glasses, twelve silver table-spoons, twelve silver tea-spoons, a set of mustard, salt, and sugar spoons, all marked M. D., a quantity of clothing, and a pearl album handsomely engraved. Besides this property there were stolen two handsome pearl-and-ivory-handled umbrellas, and a pearl-stocked revolver. At first some doubt was entertained by the Police as to whether Bryant had really been robbed of such valuable property. It was soon proved beyond the possibility of a doubt that Bryant had been robbed of the amount he stated, and a lady of undoubted character and standing in society informed Superintendent Walling, that as far back as 1860 she knew Mr. Bryant to be in possession of $60,000 in $20 gold pieces. A reward of $5,000 was at once offered, and circulars describing the stolen property were sent all over the country. So much for the history of the crime. Among the detectives who were detailed to investigate the case, were Detectives Reilly and Williamson, of Central Office. For over a week they worked on the case without the slightest success. At length Detective Reilly in searching the Eighth Ward for some trace of the criminals, had his attention drawn to the conduct of one Robert Walsh. This man is one of the oldest thieves in New-York. About twenty years ago he was arrested in Broadway with William J. Sharkey, the escaped murderer, and served a term on the island for larceny. He generally gives his name as Robert Murray, but is known among thieves as "Robby the Welchman." Of later years he has been distinguished as a burglar, and about four years ago was arrested in the St. Bernard Hotel, corner of Prince and Mercer streets, for a burglary in Washington square, tried, convicted, and sentenced to State Prison, from which penal institution he was discharged about four months ago. The detectives knew that Walsh on his release from State Prison was utterly penniless and broken down. They were, therefore, astonished to see him spending money freely and well dressed. A watch was at once placed on his movements, and Detective Reilly traced him to his residence, No. 62 Stanton street, where he was living with a concert-saloon girl, who passed as Mrs. Annie Murray. The detectives eagerly watched every movement of Walsh and the woman, and quickly noted that the latter had purchased several valuable silk dresses, and jewelry to a considerable amount. They then proceeded to look after Walsh's associates, and soon found that his most intimate companion was George, alias "Rat," Reilly, a noted and desperate thief and ruffian who made his head-quarters in the Eighteenth Precinct, and who resided at No. 252 West Eighteenth street. Reilly has on many occasions been arrested for robbery and felonious assault, and became especially known to the Police through stabbing of Officer McKenzie, of the Eighteenth Precinct. The detectives called other aid in the case, and a couple of trustworthy men were employed to frequent the various drinking saloons which Walsh and Reilly visited. Among these were a beer saloon kept by a man known as "Frank," at the corner of Houston and Mercer streets, another saloon in Bleecker near Wooster, and one at the corner of South Fifth avenue and Amity streets. Every action of the suspected men was remarked, and every utterance of theirs reported to the detectives, who were thus enabled to gain a full knowledge of the case without being themselves observed. At length one evening about a week ago, Walsh, while in "Frank's" saloon, was addressed by a number of thieves, who asked him where he got his good clothes. He answered, "Oh! this is all right. There's $70,000 behind this." The detectives then felt confident they had their man, and determined to take immediate action. They resolved to arrest the men separately and secretly, so that no communication could take place between them. On Friday last Detective Reilly secured a position in the window of a beer saloon at the corner of Eldridge and Stanton streets, and kept close watch on Walsh's house. About 2:30 o'clock Walsh came out. The detective followed him as far as the Bowery and then arrested him. On the following day Detective Williamson arrested Reilly. The detectives then proceeded to search the residences of the prisoners. In Walsh's house they found a pearl-handled umbrella hanging on a clothes-hook, concealed by a dress. They also found in a little box on the mantel-shelf, a pawn ticket for a pistol pledged with R. Carroll, pawnbroker, of South Fifth avenue, for $5. The officers at once redeemed the revolver, and found it to be Mr. Bryant's. Mr. Bryant also identified the pearl-handled umbrella as part of the property stolen from his residence. On Saturday the officers arrested Reilly, and on searching his residence, found the ivory-handled umbrella and a quantity of postage stamps, which were identified by Mr. Bryant as his property. Walsh and Reilly were arraigned before Justice Kasmire at the Tombs yesterday, and held for examination, all bail being refused. Superintendent Walling has evinced a great interest in the case, and has personally directed the movements of the detectives. Further arrests are expected.

SANITARY MATTERS.

PROPOSED ORDINANCE ON VACCINATION—THE RECORD OF THE PAST MONTH.

At the meeting of the Board of Health yesterday, Col. W. P. Prentice, counsel to the board, to whom was referred the subject of an ordinance on the matter of vaccination, in accordance with the Sanitary Code, and the special act of 1874, reported the following as the proposed ordinance to be added to the Sanitary Code:

I. It shall be the duty of every physician in the City of New-York, promptly to report in writing to the Board of Health, as soon as knowledge thereof has come to him, the name and residence of every child in the said City, of three or more months of age, who has not been effectively vaccinated, with the statement of any further facts relating to the same, which, in his opinion, shall render immediate vaccination, or a longer delay in vaccination, advisable. A like report shall also promptly be made by every person in said City having the care and custody of such child or children. It is hereby made the duty of every person, responsible for the proper medical care of children of said age in said City, to secure for them the necessary vaccination as a preventive of small-pox.

II. It is hereby declared the duty of every person in the City of New-York to be vaccinated promptly, and to renew such vaccination as often as may be necessary to prevent the danger of small-pox.

The proposed ordinance was referred to the Sanitary Committee.

A report on vaccination performed during the month of October in this City was also referred to the Sanitary Committee. It appears from this report that during the period referred to 4,982 persons were vaccinated, and the sections in which this work was performed was bounded by Eighty-sixth street, East River, Ninth avenue, and Eleventh street. There was an unusually large number of primary vaccinations performed of children between the ages of one and two years. Under one year there were 735; between one and two years, 517; between two and three years, 290; between three and four years, 115; and over four years, 141.

Dr. Harris, Register of Vital Statistics, reported that the number of deaths for the week ending 1st inst. was 519. During the preceding week there were 503 deaths reported, showing an increase of sixteen in the mortality of the past week. Diphtheria caused fifty-one deaths, the same number occurring in the previous week. The deaths from small-pox numbered eight, one less than the previous week. Seventy-six deaths occurred from phthisis during last week, four less than the previous week.

The board will meet again on Saturday at 2 P. M.

THE CENTRAL PARK OBSERVATORY.

FAILURE OF THE BOARD OF APPORTIONMENT TO PROVIDE FOR ITS MAINTENANCE.

In their provisional estimate of expenses for the Department of Public Parks for the year 1875, the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, on Saturday last, made no appropriation for the maintenance and government of the Meteorological and Astronomical Observatory, at present located in the old Arsenal Building at Central Park. The Observatory was established by the law of 1869, and its work has been regarded as of great importance. The law provided for an annual expenditure of money to be raised in the same manner as that for the maintenance of the Museum of Art and the Museum of Natural History, limiting the amount to $30,000 per year. The annual expenditures for the Observatory heretofore have been from $12,000 to $15,000, principally devoted to the salaries of the Director and his assistant and the supply of valuable scientific instruments. Prof. Daniel Draper is the Director of the Observatory, and his weekly and annual reports are of sufficient value in the way of meteorological and astronomical statistics to be called for regularly by the national Government at Washington, and frequently by the institutions in this City. The Park Commissioners believe that the failure of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment to provide for the maintenance of the Observatory was caused by inadvertence or oversight. The commission has asked for the sum of $20,000. This may be a larger amount than will be thought necessary by the Board of Aldermen in the suggestions which they are expected to make within the next fifteen days concerning the matter to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment; but the Commissioners confidently believe that a sufficient sum will be given to at least retain the valuable services of Prof. Draper to the City during the year 1875.

ALLEGED EXTENSIVE SWINDLING.

Nathan Aaronson, the proprietor of a paper collar factory corner of Houston and Mercer streets, was yesterday committed without bail for examination, by Justice Flammer at Jefferson Market Police Court, charged with obtaining goods by false pretences. There are quite a number of charges against him, all of a similar nature. Among the complainants are W. Gross & Co., of No. 216 West Twenty-third street; Nicol, Davidson & Co., No. 686 Broadway; Bramsdorf & Metz, No. 168 West Thirty-fourth street; Eisenminger & Co., Thirty-fourth street and Broadway. The prisoner, as alleged, called on the firms mentioned, and telling them that he was about furnishing the house No. 515 Madison avenue, purchased furniture and carpets. He bought from Bramsdorf & Metz, over $1,000 worth of furniture, from Nicol, Davidson & Co., $500 worth of china and other ware, and from Gross & Co., more than $400 worth of furniture. The complainants state that the goods purchased were sent to the house No. 515 Madison avenue, and the bills for the same were sent to Aaronson's factory. They have been unable to collect any portion of the money, and hence the arrest of Aaronson. It is alleged that the prisoner simply used the house No. 515 Madison avenue as a place to receive the goods, and transferred them from thence to public auction rooms. A thorough examination into the case will be made.

AN INSPECTOR OF ELECTION DISMISSED.

Eugene Coyle, a conductor, residing at No. 695 Third avenue, who had been appointed an Inspector of Election in the Fifteenth Election District of the Twentieth Assembly District, and had acted as such during the entire registration, was summoned to appear before the Police Commissioners, yesterday, to show cause why he should not be removed from office, being unfit for the position. It is alleged that the accused inspector, under the name of George Coyle, was convicted in the Court of Special Sessions, in February last, of an indecent assault, and was sentenced to six months' imprisonment in the Penitentiary. Coyle did not put in appearance, and sent his resignation to Mr. Hasbrouck, Chief of the Bureau of Elections. In his absence the testimony of a police officer, who was present when Coyle was convicted, was taken, and on motion of Mr. Disbecker, the accused was removed from office.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

The October Term of the Court of General Sessions was opened yesterday by City Judge Sutherland, District Attorney Nolan representing the prosecution. The Grand Jury were sworn in, and addressed in accordance with the provisions of the statute by his Honor, who alluded to the alarming increase of crime. Mr. John H. Hall, of No. 559 Fifth avenue, was selected by the court to act as foreman. John Hayes pleaded guilty to an attempt at larceny from the person, and was sent to State Prison for two years and six months. Otto Biskennholz pleaded guilty to assault and battery, and was sent to the Penitentiary for one year. William Gallagher pleaded guilty to petit larceny from the person, and was sent to State Prison for four years.

THE HARDIN ESTATE CASE CLOSED.

The summing up of the evidence in support of the claim of the alleged widow in the matter of the estate of the late Mr. George Hardin was concluded by Ex-Judge Porter in the Surrogate's Court yesterday. Judge Porter's argument occupied the attention of the court during three entire days and excited much attention. At the close of the argument Surrogate Hutchings took the papers and reserved his decision.

CAPT. JACK'S CAPTOR.

John Capolas, the member of Donald McKay's tribe of Warm Spring Indians who captured "Capt. Jack," appeared at the Tombs, yesterday, as complainant against Kate Burns, whom he charged with stealing his pocket-book, containing $1. The prisoner was held for trial.

RULES FOR SHIPPING SEAMEN.

The growing custom of arrangements between ship-masters and the keepers of sailors' boarding-houses, by which the latter are allowed to select crews for outgoing vessels, and blood money or bonuses are extorted from seamen so selected, renders the adoption of the following rules, which went into operation yesterday, a positive necessity:

1. The master of every vessel, on opening his articles, must express his desire and intention in writing, in a book kept for that purpose, of selecting his crew; otherwise the crew will be selected and shipped by the Deputy Commissioner in charge.

2. Whenever the master desires to select his crew, he must give at least twenty-four hours' notice of the time at which articles are to be signed.

3. No one but a Deputy Shipping Commissioner or the master will be permitted to select the crew for any vessel.

4. The use of lists, tickets, or distinguishing marks, will not be permitted in selecting or shipping seamen in the shipping hall.

5. No boarding-house keeper or employe, nor any person not having business to transact, will be allowed on the floor of the shipping hall while a crew is being shipped.

6. The master of every vessel shall be protected in his right to select his crew whenever he so desires; and he shall not be limited to one appointment for shipping, if more are needed to obtain a satisfactory crew.

7. The payment of bonuses for situations or for seamen, whether paid by seamen, masters, or others in their behalf, is unlawful, and vigorous means will be adopted to suppress it. The co-operation of ship-owners, masters, and seamen is earnestly desired.

8. All seamen found, on mustering on board, to be drunk, disorderly, or otherwise unfit for their duties, will, at the request of the master, be removed and satisfactory men substituted.

THE ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE CHIEF OF THE ORDNANCE BUREAU—THE SPRINGFIELD BREECH-LOADERS—A LARGE ARSENAL AT NEW-YORK RECOMMENDED.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—The fiscal resources and disbursements of the Ordnance Department during the fiscal year ending 30th June last were $5,714,863. Gen. Benet, the Chief, says, in his annual report, just submitted to the Secretary of War: "The adoption of the Springfield breech-loading system by a board of distinguished officers, convened under Congressional enactment, and its subsequent establishment by law as the only system to be used in the manufacture of arms by the Ordnance Department, enables us to continue the manufacture upon a secure basis, and to provide an arm with no superior, that will hardly be superseded by any more perfect invention for many years to come. The production of rifles and carbines upon the adopted plan has been pushed forward at the National Armory with energy and success, and the new arms issued to the troops will no doubt give great satisfaction. Their issue has been greatly retarded by the lack of ammunition, the small appropriation not supplying the number of cartridges per man deemed indispensable by the commanding General of the department.

The appropriation of $100,000 made by Congress at its last session for the manufacture of arms has had to be supplemented from the permanent appropriation for 'Arming and equipping the militia,' in order to work economically, keep the cost of arms within proper limits, and enable the department to supply the wants of the army and militia. Not less than half a million dollars should be annually expended at the National Armory, not only as a measure of economy in producing the best arm for the least money, but, in the interest of the country, to make a gradual but sure accumulation of the best weapons as a reserve in case of war. In again urging this important matter upon the attention of Congress, I am actuated solely by a sense of public duty and an earnest desire to have the nation brought to a keen realization of the necessities of the case and the gravity of the subject, and do not hesitate to express my decided conviction that a liberal, even an extravagant, expenditure at present will prove to be the greatest economy in the future. Every nation that aspires to the dignity of a first-class power has cast aside its obsolete muzzle-loading arms, and at an immense cost has been and is providing the newest and most approved models by the hundreds of thousands. The sudden eventualities that end in war, and the startling rapidity with which wars are waged and terminated, demand complete preparation in time of peace. With us the want of a large standing army can only be compensated by keeping on hand ready for any emergency a complete supply of every description of war material. Arms and ammunition are of the first importance when an army is to be improvised, and the country should place its dependence at such a juncture mainly on the reserve supplies stored in its arsenals. Certainly not less than half a million of the best arms should be manufactured as rapidly as the monetary condition of the country will permit. Every year's delay is fraught with danger, and the experience of the past is the surest and safest guide in making preparation for the future.

An increase in the annual appropriation for arming and equipping the whole body of militia is again brought to the attention of Congress, with a hope of some legislation thereon. Not only should the appropriation be largely increased to meet the increased wants of our constantly increasing population, but some legislative action should be taken to relieve many of the States and Territories from charges for arms issued to them during the rebellion, and which in fairness should not have been so charged. This subject has been so often referred to in previous reports, and so largely dwelt upon, that a more extended reference to it at this time is deemed unnecessary."

Gen. Benet says a board composed of Majors Crispin, Treadwell, and Baylor, of the Ordnance Department, was authorized, and after several months of patient and careful investigation has made its report. The board strongly recommends the retention of the Springfield Armory and the Frankford Arsenal, and the establishment of a grand arsenal in the vicinity of New-York for manufacturing purposes, retaining also the Indianapolis Arsenal, Indiana; Kennebec Arsenal, Maine; Fort Monroe Arsenal, Virginia, and the Augusta Arsenal, Georgia, as places for storage and repair. They recommend the sale of the Allegheny, Columbus, Detroit, Pikesville, Watervliet, Watertown, and Washington Arsenals, the sales to be made as rapidly as circumstances may permit, the proceeds to be devoted to the purchase of a site and the erection of a building for a grand arsenal. He says: "I heartily concur in these recommendations, and invoke favorable consideration on the part of the Secretary of War and of Congress. This seemingly large reduction by sale will, when accomplished, leave thirteen arsenals and the armory, a number amply sufficient, when liberally sustained, to meet all the demands of the nation; and all this can be effected from the sales of arsenals, and without the expenditure of a single dollar out of the national Treasury." The establishment of a powder depot and an experimental ground for heavy cannon are also discussed by the board, and its recommendations approved.

EDUCATION.

EXTRACT FROM THE ANNUAL REPORT OF THE UNITED STATES COMMISSIONER.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—The annual report of Hon. John Eaton, United States Commissioner of Education, makes a volume of 870 printed pages. He concludes as follows: In view of the appalling number of children growing up in ignorance on account of the impoverished condition of portions of the country in which slavery has been lately abolished, and in view of the special difficulties in the way of establishing and maintaining therein schools for universal education, and in consideration of the need of immediate action in this regards. I recommend that the whole, or a portion, of the net proceeds arising from the sale of public lands shall be set aside as a special fund, and its interest be divided annually *pro rata* between the people of the several States and Territories and the District of Columbia, under such provisions in regard to the amount, allotment, expenditure, and supervision as Congress, in its wisdom, may deem proper."

THE CENTENNIAL.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Nov. 2.—At a meeting of bank Presidents to-day, a resolution offered at the September meeting and then referred, was reported favorably by the committee, and passed. It provides that invitations be sent to national and other banks and to all the bankers in the country to send representatives to a meeting to be held here to form an association for collecting, classifying, and exhibiting at the Centennial Exposition specimens of coins and paper money, from the settlement of the country to the present time, with statistics of banking and finance. The Secretary of the Treasury, Controller of the Currency, and the Director of the Mint will assist.

The Secretary of the United States Centennial Commissioners to-day received a communication, stating that the King of Sweden and Norway had appointed a committee to prepare for participation in the Centennial Exposition.

THE ST. LOUIS BOILER EXPLOSION.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 2.—Michael Joyce and Patrick Fegan, two of the men scalded by the boiler explosion at the Vulcan Iron Works, South St. Louis, on Friday last, have since died, and Michael Conroy, another victim, is not expected to live.

CITY AND SUBURBAN NEWS.

NEW-YORK.

To-day being a legal holiday business down town will be generally suspended.

A "magical séance" was given at Association Hall by Edgar S. Allien last evening.

More than 400,000 extra letters were delivered by the City carriers yesterday morning.

The festival of All Souls' Day was generally observed in the Catholic churches in this City yesterday.

Judge Barrett opened the Court of Oyer and Terminer yesterday, but discharged the Grand Jury until to-morrow morning, without transacting any business.

Major Gen. Shaler yesterday accepted an official invitation from Franklin MacVeagh, President of the Citizens' Association, Chicago, to assume the office of consulting engineer in that city.

Mr. James Kelly, one of the School Inspectors, died yesterday at his residence, at an advanced age. He was an intimate friend of Mayor Havemeyer, and, at one time, used to visit the City Hall daily.

Albert De Lands, a clerk in the employment of Brownell & Jewel, No. 889 Broadway, was held in $1,000 bail, yesterday, by Justice Wandell, at Essex Market Police Court, charged with stealing $40 from his employers.

Thomas Quinlan, residence unknown, fell into the Fourth Avenue Railroad Cut at Fifty-seventh street, while intoxicated, last night, and broke his neck. His body was taken to the Morgue and Coroner Woltman notified.

United States Commissioner John A. Shields has been appointed a Commissioner to take the testimony of such witnesses as may come before him, to be used in the investigation of any claims which may be presented to the Court of the Commissioners of the Alabama claims.

Chief Justice Daly, of the Court of Common Pleas, who has been making an extended tour of Europe, arrived at this port yesterday morning just in time to make his way direct from the steamer to the General Term room of the court, and take his seat on the bench at the hour of opening court.

Charles Pescoll, of No. 37 Delancey street, was held in $1,000 bail by Justice Wandell, at Essex Market Police Court, yesterday, charged with stealing a horse from Louis Frankill, No. 35 Canal street. The horse was found in the stable No. 226 Sixth street, and the proprietor stated that Pescoll left the animal there.

The agents of the Inman line, having substituted slower steamers than the City of Chester and City of Richmond, scheduled to carry the European mails on the 7th and 14th insts., the Postmaster General has transferred the mails of those dates to the Oceanic and Republic of the White Star line.

The public are warned against a middle-aged German woman who, aided by letters from prominent merchants of this City, is soliciting subscriptions for the purpose of taking her family of helpless children to Boston or New-Haven. She has been some time in the business, and it has been ascertained that she has long since obtained the necessary sum.

To-day is the eightieth birthday of William Cullen Bryant, and will be remembered by his numerous friends by the bestowal of a vase valued at $5,000, to be placed in the Metropolitan Museum of Art. The vase is of original design and choice workmanship, artistically representing the lessons of his literary, journalistic, and political life.

At the weekly meeting of Baptist ministers of this City, yesterday, Rev. A. G. Lawson read an essay advocating the formation of a permanent and distinct organization in the Church for proclaiming and sustaining total abstinence as the only security against intemperance. The essay for next week will be on the question, "Is the Roman Catholic Church to be Regarded as a Christian Sect."

Commissioner Shields will sit to-day in Republican Hall, corner of Broadway and Thirty-third street, until 4 P. M.; Commissioner Osborn at Brevoort Hall day and evening, and Commissioner Davenport will be at the Federal Building until the close of the polls, and in the evening he will remain at No. 20 East Thirty-second street until a late hour. Repeaters had better take warning.

Argument was had in Common Pleas, Chambers, yesterday, before Judge Larremore, on an application by John H. French, an auctioneer of jewelry, to restrain Mayor Havemeyer and Capt. Leary from prohibiting him from having auction sales during the evening. The prohibition, it appears, was made under a law passed in 1817, allowing auction sales of books and prints only to be carried on during the evening.

The total of anthracite coal marketed for the week ending on the 27th ult. amounted to 508,179 tons, and for the coal year 14,794,698 tons, against 15,890,700 tons to corresponding time last year, being a decrease of 1,197,102 tons. The bituminous tonnage for the week is 77,419 tons, and for the year 2,745,559 tons, against 2,712,438 tons in same time last year, giving a total of all kinds for the week of 585,598 tons, and for the year of 17,540,257 tons, against 18,603,138 tons to the same time last year, being a decrease of 1,062,881 tons.

The funeral of Mr. William H. Raynor, a prominent real estate agent of this City, will take place to-day from his late residence, No. 784 Fifth avenue. A meeting of prominent real estate owners was held at the Exchange sales-rooms, No. 111 Broadway, yesterday, at which resolutions expressive of the high esteem in which the deceased was held were adopted, and brief eulogies were offered by Messrs. John Parsson, Col. B. A. Welles, S. J. Phillips, and others. Mr. Raynor had been prominent as a real estate agent for the past thirty years.

At the meeting of the Health Department yesterday, Dr. Day, Sanitary Superintendent, submitted a report of a recent investigation made by Drs. Emerson and Tracey, Sanitary Inspectors, into the comparative state of health of those who manufacture cigars in their homes and those who are employed in the large manufactories. The committee had visited 325 families, and found the conditions of air, light, and ventilation about equally distributed in the two methods. The mechanics working in their homes had an advantage in obtaining more wholesome food, from the better facilities afforded for its preparation, than those employed in manufactories. The impression held by some people that contagious diseases were propagated through cigars manufactured in tenement houses was thought to be a false one by the committee.

BROOKLYN.

Henry Stevens, a German cabinet-maker, committed suicide by hanging himself, on Sunday night, in the workshop attached to his residence, at No. 120 Leonard street, E. D.

Henry Mathews, an advertising agent, who shot himself at No. 191 Smith street on the 20th ult., because, as he claimed, his wife was unfaithful to him, died yesterday at the Long Island College Hospital of his wounds.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Mr. Charles Horton, of Mamaroneck avenue, White Plains, has sold his house and seventy-five acres of land to a Mr. Carhart, of New-York, for $77,500.

At the annual meeting of taxpayers of School District No. 1, of Sing Sing, $600 was voted for an evening school, $2,500 for an addition to the present school building, and $4,000 for a new school-house in the southern portion of the village.

The annual convention of Sabbath-school Teachers of Westchester County will be held at Peekskill, Nov. 10 and 11. Rev. William M. Taylor, D. D., of the Congregational Tabernacle Church, New-York, has consented to deliver an address before the convention.

LONG ISLAND.

Charles Craft, of Locust Valley, was wounded in the hand by the accidental discharge of a gun last Friday, and will be crippled for life.

The examination of Lewis Jarvis and Elbert Jackson, the two colored men held by Justice Bennett in the Jones murder case, was resumed at Jamaica yesterday. The prisoners will be turned over to the Grand Jury on their own confessions.

NEW-JERSEY.

The total registry in Hudson County this year is 18,286. Last year the total vote of the county was 15,138.

Nellie W. Chase, three years of age, died on Sunday at her home on Henderson street, Jersey City, having been burned on Saturday while playing with matches.

A Newark hatter named Dougherty was shot and probably fatally wounded yesterday morning while escaping from police officer Ray, who had arrested him on a trivial charge.

Charles Conroy, who, when arrested by Anthony J. Comstock, Special Post Office Detective, on Saturday evening last, stabbed the latter in the face, still lies in the jail at Newark awaiting the action of the United States authorities. He would have it believed that he is insane.

CAPTURE OF A NOTORIOUS CAR PICKPOCKET.

As Officer George Davis, of the Twenty-sixth Precinct, was riding home last evening in an Avenue B car, he detected a pickpocket in the act of stealing a watch from the person of a man named John Morris, who was very much under the influence of liquor. The officer took the prisoner and the complainant to the Eleventh Precinct Station-house, the latter to be held as a witness. The pickpocket gave his name and address as Thomas Kerrigan, of No. 147 Allen street, and on being searched at the station-house a number of broken watch-rings were found on his person, showing him to be a successful watch-snatcher. He will be taken to Essex Market Police Court to-day.

FOUNDERING OF A STEAMER—SUFFERINGS OF THE SURVIVORS.

ST. PAUL, Nov. 2.—The steamer Lottie Bernard, Capt. Morris, of Duluth, bound from Pigeon River to Duluth, foundered on Lake Superior on Thursday last, during a fearful gale which swept the decks and finally extinguished the fires. There were fifteen persons on board, including one passenger, Willie Blanchard. The latter and one of the deck hands were drowned by the upsetting of a boat. The remaining thirteen succeeded in launching a yawl, and after untold privations reached the shore. After traveling about five miles, ten of them reached an Indian settlement, where they obtained shelter and sent aid to those who were too much exhausted to walk. The rescuing party found one of the latter dead and the other two nearly so. They were taken to the settlement and are now doing well. Ingalls & Co., of Duluth, owned the steamer, which was insured for part of its value.

THE BOSTON BOARD OF TRADE AND THE SIGNAL SERVICE.

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 2.—At a meeting of the Board of Trade to-day a report was adopted urging the necessity of extending the Signal Service still further, and of providing better facilities for observation and for the comfort of the officers at the different stations, especially at Boston, which is lamentably deficient, and declaring that arrangements should be made for the display of storm signals at every harbor of note and at every prominent cape and headland; declaring, also, that more money was needed, and urging the National Government to make the necessary appropriations, as the money would be profitably spent.

SHOCKING MURDER IN THE STREETS OF ST. PAUL, MINN.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 2.—James Lick and his wife were attacked on the street last night by George Lauchtenschlager and George Rapp and wife, who evidently had been lying in wait for them. Mrs. Lick was brutally murdered on the spot. Mrs. Rapp and her husband then attacked Mr. Lick, the former being armed with a knife and the latter with a tinner's soldering iron, and after knocking him prostrate they placed him face downward in a small creek, and Rapp stood on him to hold his face in the water until he was strangled. They were frightened off by approaching footsteps, and Lick was picked up insensible and may yet die from his wounds. All the assailants were captured.

THE ZOOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Nov. 2.—At a meeting of the stockholders of the Zoological Society to-day, an offer of $25,000 from the Trustees of the Alfred Cope fund, on the condition that malt or spirituous liquors be excluded from the garden, and that there shall be exhibitions or performances of animals allowed in the garden, was unanimously accepted.

REDUCTION OF THE MILITIA IN THE CANADIAN NORTH-WEST.

OTTAWA, Ontario, Nov. 2.—The militia force in the North-west is about to be reduced from 340 to 200 men, this change being considered justified by the quiet state of the country and the efficiency of the Mounted Police. The statements with respect to the hostile intentions of the Indians and others are with good reason discredited.

THE THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 2.—Benjamin L. Berry has withdrawn from the contest in the Third Congressional District, leaving the fight between Samuel J. Randall, (Democrat,) and David Houston, (Republican.)

A GRAVEL TRAIN WRECKED.

BOSTON, Nov. 2.—An inward bound gravel train, on the New-York and New-England Railroad, was wrecked near this city this morning, by a car jumping the track. Nearly twenty cars were demolished. No lives were lost.

ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS.

Gen. B. H. Grierson, United States Army, is at the Hoffman House.

Lieut. Commander John Schouler, United States Navy, is at the St. James Hotel.

Rev. Hugh Smythe, of Cincinnati, is at the Everett House.

Ex-Mayor W. G. Fargo, of Buffalo, is at the Astor House.

Mr. and Mrs. Scott Siddons are at the Clarendon Hotel.

Hon. T. J. Coffey, of Pennsylvania, is at the New-York Hotel.

Rev. Dr. A. H. Vinton, of Cincinnati; Gen. J. H. Bates, and Judge George Hoadly, of Cincinnati, are at the Windsor Hotel.

Gen. Sherman arrived at the Astor House yesterday, on a visit to his son, who has been seriously ill, but is now recovering.

[Advertisement.]

Politicians will delight in the beauty, artistic elegance, and manifest superiority of the Knox Hat, sold at No. 212 Broadway, and in the Fifth Avenue Hotel.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

In steam-ship Oceanic, from Liverpool.—Gen. Joshua H. Bates, Mrs. Joshua H. Bates, Judge Hoadley, Mrs. Hoadley, Mrs. Theodore M. Davies, Miss Palmer, George Hoadley, Jr., Linley Bates, C. E. Dixon, J. J. Furness, Mrs. L. C. Baker, Mrs. Stephenson, Miss Fall, John Douglas, Andrew Hewitt, Mrs. Andrew Hewitt, Mrs. C. L. Ward, Miss S. M. Ward, Miss H. L. H. Ward, Miss Mary H. Leonard, Master H. D. Ward, R. Vedal, S. D. Jones, G. Bringemann, C. W. Kurtz, Mrs. A. Kurtz, Master William Kurtz, C. W. Elliott, W. Hooper, Rev. Theobald W. Butler, Mr. Walsh, Mr. Morrison, Jacob Roenttgen, Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Searles, F. E. Hutchins, W. R. Dixey, W. V. Sprigg, G. W. Bailey, J. A. Paine, Judge Newton, Mr. and Mrs. Scott Siddons, Master Henry Walker, F. H. North, Edward N. Stanley, Charles Biggs, Mrs. Charles Biggs, Rev. Hugh Smythe, Mrs. Hugh Smythe, Oliver Stanley, Mrs. Oliver Stanley, Miss Carrie L. Stanley, Julius Davis, G. H. Watrous, John Lodge, Wm. J. Byrnes, Joseph Byrnes, Fred. Weigel, Thomas Sherwood, L. G. Swett, L. G. Swett, Jr., George V. Bryan, John B. Knight, C. C. Henderson, J. C. Rogers, A. Devanport, Mrs. A. Devanport, John B. King, T. D. Hurlbut, Mrs. Peabody and companion, Mrs. A. Rumsey, Miss Jane Rumsey, Master Rumsey, Mrs. M. Peddie.

In steam-ship Acapulco, from Aspinwall.—From San Francisco—M. Schuenield, wife, and child, John Tucker, Mrs. Hughes, Dr. Hughes, L. J. Allen, U. S. N.; F. Kimball, U. S. N.; F. E. Glover, Mrs. J. A. Brownell, Mrs. Mary Allen, Miss E. Drury, Miss Colohan, W. W. Beach, Geo. D. Thompson, Mrs. Quinn and three children, H. Van Vleet, Mrs. Troop, H. Frost, Mrs. S. B. W. Gill, Mrs. L. E. Perchant and daughter, E. M. Hall, F. A. Rounds, T. S. Biglow, Mrs. A. B. Jones, Mrs. McDonnell, Arch. Cooper, Charles B. Scott, S. Wilson, James Robo, F. G. Gales, William Rull, F. W. Torney, G. W. Prescott, James Kirkpatrick, Thomas McKaig, Jr., Rev. D. C. Jennings and wife, J. Regensoerger, C. H. Upham, Mrs. Rounds, W. B. Gray, William Eggleston. From the Isthmus—W. H. Cilley, Mr. G. Garcie and wife, John C. Meigs, John D. Nesi, Mr. L. E. Coe, wife and child, J. Martha, Julio Santos, Juan Santos, John Croford, E. Valenco, M. Sebastian, Robert Sutton, Mr. S. Haltzer, wife and child, C. Prues, Mrs. M. Soggs, Thomas Locklin, E. B. Frinx, L. D. Richards, Dr. Lordley, F. A. Prescott, William King, G. S. L. Schroeter, Mr. Butcher, A. R. Ruder, Capt. Smith, Robert Claburn, Capt. W. T. Phillip, E. Meyer, J. S. Saunders, James Riggs.

In steam-ship Batavia—Dr. and Mrs. J. L. Hale, Mr. and Mrs. Lincoln, child, and maid, Jacob W. Pierce, Miss M. B. Pierce, Miss E. D. Pierce, Miss C. W. Pierce, Dean Pierce, J. W. Pierce, Jr., Rev. and Mrs. R. Temple, H. Masterton, M. Schonfeldt, James McDonough, Mrs. Jane A. Dodd, Miss L. E. Dodd, M. Seguiera, R. W. Barnett, Mrs. H. W. Smith and maid, Mr. Smith, Jr., Mrs. Ann Pierce, Miss Pritchard, Judge Daly and wife, Miss S. C. Beeson, Mrs. Halliday, Miss M. Scott, Mrs. Lowell, child, and maid, Rev. and Mrs. C. R. Strong, maid, infant, and child, J. B. Davis, Mrs. S. A. Boorman, Miss M. Boorman, Miss A. Boorman, Miss L. Boorman, Mr. and Mrs. D. H. B. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Washburn, Mrs. J. M. Washburn, Miss E. Washburn, T. T. Macbeth, Miss Macbeth, W. D. Crane, Miss Riggs and maid, T. B. Kean, H. M. Barrett, Miss Errington and maid, J. F. Saker, Mrs. P. P. Clark and two daughters, H. P. Clark, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Hummerell, Miss Fassitt, J. C. Dodge, J. F. Dodge, A. G. Fox, Lieut. Col. Wm. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Peckham, W. Kaffenberger, Miss Margaret Carroll, Geo. A. Clark.

In steam-ship Georgia from Bermuda.—Maurice Kennelly, Eliza D. Williams, Capt. Lock, B. Walker, Alfred Hardwick, William Smith.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises......6:32 | Sun sets....4:55 | Moon rises.1:00

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook..3:33 | Gov. Island.4:22 | Hell Gate.. 5:44

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK.......MONDAY, Nov. 2.

CLEARED.

Steam-ships Bengal, (Br.,) Douglass, London, Peabody, Willis & Co.; City of Panama, Lima, Aspinwall, Pacific Mail Steam-ship Co.; New-Orleans, Gager, C. H. Mallory & Co.; North Point, Foley, Philadelphia, Lorillard Steam-ship Co.; Schiller, (Ger.,) Thomas, Hamburg, &c., Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne; Leo, Dearborn, Savannah, Murray, Ferris & Co.; Georgia, (Br.,) McKenzie, Hamilton, (Bermuda,) A. E. Outerbridge; Great Western, (Br.,) Stanfer, Bristol, Eng., E. E. Morgan's Sons; Wyoming, (Br.,) Beddoe, Liverpool, Williams & Guion; C. Comstock, Drake, Philadelphia; Philadelphia, Davis, Philadelphia; Franconia, Bragg, Portland.

Ship Robena, Hagen, Savannah, Thomas Dunham's Nephew and Co.

Barks Washington, (Ger.,) Walter, Corunna, Jacob W. Schmidt & Co.; Penang, Patton, Melbourne, N. S. W., Mailler & Quereau.

Brig L. & W. Armstrong, Mennow, Georgetown, Dem., L. W. & P. Armstrong.

ARRIVED.

Steam-ship Oceanic, (Br.,) Jennings, Liverpool Oct. 22 and Queenstown 23d, with mdse. and 411 passengers to R. J. Cortis. Was detained off Lightship 9 hours by fog; Nov. 1, lat. 41 01, lon. 69 12, passed steam-ship Celtic, hence for Liverpool.

Steam-ship City of Austin, Eldridge, Galveston Oct. 24, via Key West 28th, with mdse. and passengers to C. H. Mallory & Co.

Steam-ship Batavia, (Br.,) Moreland, Liverpool Oct. 20, via Queenstown 21st, with mdse. and 76 cabin and 284 steerage passengers to C. G. Francklyn.

Steam-ship Georgia, (Br.,) McKinzie, Hamilton, Bermuda, Oct. 29, with passengers to A. E. Outerbridge.

Steam-ship France, (Br.,) Alltree, Liverpool Oct. 13, via Boston 31st, with mdse. to F. W. J. Hurst.

Steam-ship Acapulco, Gray, Aspinwall Oct. 26, with mdse. and passengers to Pacific Mail Steam-ship Co.

Steam-ship City of Brooklyn, (Br.,) Murray, Liverpool Oct. 22, via Queenstown 23d, with mdse. and passengers to J. G. Dale.

Steam-ship George W. Elder, Lawrence, Richmond, City Point, and Norfolk, with passengers to Old Dominion Steam-ship Co.

Brig San Carlos (of Portland,) Atherton, Matanzas 15 ds., with sugar and molasses to J. de Rivera & Co.—vessel to Miller & Houghton. Had strong N. E. gales to Hatteras, thence fine weather. Oct. 20, off Cape Florida, spoke bark Gertrude from Havana for Baltimore.

Brig Juliet C. Clark, Shaw, Cienfuegos 25 ds., with sugar and cedar to Marcus Hunter & Co. Had heavy N. E. gales; was 4 days N. of Hatteras.

Schr. Robert Myan, Eldridge, San Blas 49 ds., with cocoa-nuts to Doane & Gott.

Schr. G. L. Duboll, Rackett, Nantucket, with fish to H. C. Rogers.

Schr. H. K. Brooks, Rees, Nantucket, with fish to Comstock & Co.

Schr. Atlanta, Miller, Cape Sable, with fish to Lamphear & Co.

Schr. Florence, Hays, Cronton.

Schr. Warren Gates, Smith, Millstone Point.

Schr. Game Cock, Quimby, Millstone Point.

Schr. Republic, Baldwin, Bridgeport, for Trenton.

Schr. Haze, Ryan, Norwalk, for Virginia.

Schr. Connecticut, Rogers, Norwich, for Trenton.

Schr. Calab Eaton, (of Boston,) Savage, Abacoa 8 ds., with oranges to James Douglass—vessel to B. J. Wenberg.

Schr. Luola Murchison, Jones, Wilmington, N. C., 4 ds., with naval stores and cotton to E. S. Powell.

Schr. Albert Mason, Rose, Wilmington, N. C., 4 ds., with naval stores to A. C. Worth—vessel to E. D. Hurlbut & Co.

Schr. Frank Walters, Saxton, Richmond, Va., to Slaght & Petty.

WIND—Sunset, moderate. W.; hazy.

BY TELEGRAPH.

BOSTON, Nov. 2.—Arr. steamer Alhambra, Doane, from Charlottetown; bark Endeavor, M. N. Ford, from Trinidad, schrs. Charles Sawyer, Mullen, from Aux Cayes; Emerson Rokes, Marston, from Charleston and proceeded to Weymouth; Charles F. Sampson, Gage, from Alexandria; Lulu, Snow, from Baltimore; Charles E. Morrison, Smith, from do.; E. R. Emerson, Sears, from do.; A. C. Paige, Haley, from Philadelphia; Henrietta, Smith, from do.; West Dennis, Kelley, from do.; Horace Moody, Hand, from do.; John S. Lushman, Adams, from do.; Lucy D., Hall, from Hoboken; Benjamin Courtney, Baker, from Rondout.

Cld. steamers Hecla, (Br.,) McKay, for Liverpool; Neptune, Berry, for New-York; bark Dirigo, Blair, for Mobile; brigs Arthur Eggles, Everett, for St. Vincent; Clara Louise, Hewichen, for Mayaguez; schrs. E. B. Phillips, Baker, for Philadelphia; H. H. Fisk, Hixon, for Portland.

Sld. brig Arthur Eggles. Schr. George W. Andrews, of St. George, with a cargo of stone, is ashore on Tuckernuck Shoals, west side; the steamer Island Home will go to her assistance.

Also arr. 2d, steamers Linda, (Br.,) Clements, from Yarmouth, N. S.; Norman, Nickerson; Leopard, Albertson, and Centipede, Miller, from Philadelphia; Nereus, Bearse, from New-York; schrs. Carrie C. Miles, Graham, from Virginia; Peter H. Crofell, Snow, from Baltimore; Charles H. Lawrence, Kemp, from do.; Rebecca Shepard, Robinson, Charles A. Coulomb, Fennimore, and Marie Cranmer, Coombs, from Philadelphia.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 2.—Arr. steamers Sea Gull, Charleston, Wm. Crane, Boston; McClellan, Providence; schrs. Mattie B. Rulon, New-York; A. C. Lyon, New-York.

Cld. steamers Geo. Appold, Boston; Wm. Kennedy, Providence; Wm. Woodward, New-York; Richard Willing, Philadelphia; ship Orpheus, Bremen; brig Aquidneck, Rio; schrs. Carrie Walker, Jacksonville; Mattie B. Rulan, Hoboken.

Sld. schrs. Shiloh, Matanzas.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 2.—Arr. steamer Falcon, from Baltimore; bark David Babcock, from New-York; schrs. Tarry Not, from New-York; Ocean Traveler, from Philadelphia; Sena Breed, from Philadelphia.

Sld. bark Fornjot, for Liverpool; brig Medea, for Rotterdam.

FORTRESS MONROE, Nov. 2.—Passed in for Norfolk, ship Oasis, from New-York; bark Helen Sands, from Philadelphia, and the bark Almira Coombs, from Pensacola, in distress, for Cape Verde.

GALVESTON, Tex., Nov. 2.—Sld. Steamer State of Texas, for New-York.

LEWES, Del., Nov. 2.—The United States steamer Violet arr. here yesterday from Philadelphia.

It is thick off shore, and nothing is visible.

NEW-ORLEANS, La., Nov. 2.—Cld. Brig J. M. Burns, for Cienfuegos; bark Horror, for Barcelona.

Arr. at the Passes, steamers Juniata, from Philadelphia; City of Mexico, from New-York via Vera Cruz; bark Triade, from Rotterdam.

Sld. Steamer Rita; ships Algoma; State of Louisiana, on the bar, bound out.

NEWCASTLE, Del. Nov. 2.—Passed up steamers Berks, from Fall River; Fanita, from New-York; Coast Wrecking Company's steamer Relief; schooners N.C. Rankin, from Rockland; Elizabeth Magee, Estelle Day, Caroline Young, Thomas Boose, Charles E. Jackson, L.Q.C. West, and Frank Leaning, from Boston; Minnie Hinne, from Dighton; A. Richardson, from Bangor; Fred. Gray, from Newburyport; Charles Lawrence, M. M. Merriman, and Jacob C. Thompson, from Providence; Nadas, from Newburyport; Amos Falkenburg, from Rondout; American Eagle, from Pawtucket; schooner (probably the Serene) from West Indies.

Passed down steamers Williamsport and Hercules, for Boston; Equator, for Charleston; North Point, for New-York; Mary, for Providence; schrs. Etta and Jessie, for Havana; Wm. A. Levering, Wm. G. Shattuck, Eliza B. Emery, S. and E. Corson, Attie Corson, and Jessie Wilson, for Boston; A. M. Lee, for Somerset, Sallie S. Godfrey, for Providence, with several others unknown.

The United States monitor Miantonomoh, in tow of the tug Cyclops, passed up this morning.

Noon.—Passed up steamers Florida, from Providence; Illinois, from Liverpool; Roman and Harrisburg, from Boston; Hunter, from Providence.

Passed down bark Sagvidalen, for Bremen; schr. M. C. Carroll, (new,) for Providence.

NORFOLK, Va., Nov. 2.—Arr. barks Helen Sands, from Philadelphia; Oasis, from New-York, for Liverpool; Almira Coombs, from Pensacola, for the Canary Islands, leaking; will have to dischg. part of her cargo.

PORT ROYAL, S. C., Nov. 2.—Arr. steamer Vicksburg, Rudolf, from New-York.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 2.—Cld. ship Trafalgar, Antwerp; bark Ferraro Secundo, London; brig Ada Fulton, St. John, N. B.; schrs. Lark, Mayaguez; J. C. Cottingham, Salem.

Arr. steam-ship Illinois, Liverpool; schrs. James W. Brown, Jacksonville; Clara Davidson, Newbern; A. E. Cranmer, Norfolk; Charles P. McShane, do.; Maria n Gage, New-York; A. J. Fabens, New-Haven; Fred. Gray, Newburyport; James Satterthwaite, Boston; J. C. Cottingham, do.; steamers Alliance, Richmond; Norfolk and Harrisburg, Boston; bark Alexander, Boston.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 2.—The steam-ship Costa Rica, which was disabled on the coast, is coming up the harbor in tow of the steamer Arizona; all well on board.

MISCELLANEOUS.

☞ Schr. Asa S. Parker, Ingraham, from Glen Cove, with flour and starch, to W. Duryea & Co., ran ashore on Flood Rock, Hell Gate, this morning, (2d.) After discharging her cargo in lighters was got off at high water by Wreck Masters Brown and Baxter, with very slight damage.

LATEST SHIPPING NEWS BY CABLE.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—Sld. for the United States Arcadia, Teresa Picasso, Grace, and L. Bigelow.

Arr. out on the 30th inst., Askoy and Rival.

Arr. out on Nov. 1, Burgermeister Kersteiu. Massimo d'Azeglio, Ottavia M., and Sasselo.

Arr. out on the 2d inst., Chodin, Ercole, Divico, and Britannia.

Also arr out Rachele.

MOVILLE, Nov. 2.—The Allen Line steam-ship Hibernian, Capt. Archer, from Montreal Oct. 23, for Liverpool, arr. here to-day.

FURNITURE.

B. L. SOLOMON & SONS,

NOS. 657 AND 659 BROADWAY,

Beg to announce that having, during the past Summer, taken advantage of the depressed state of trade to manufacture an IMMENSE STOCK of ELEGANT GOODS at UNUSUALLY LOW PRICES, they have now on exhibition the

MOST SUPERB ASSORTMENT OF NEW DESIGNS

to be found in the City, and which they are offering at figures to conform to the above.

Parties desiring any kind of Furniture will find it to their interest to look at our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

All Work Guaranteed.

Silver-plated Ware.

THE MERIDEN BRITANNIA CO.,

NO. 550 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK,

OFFER A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF FINE

Nickel Silver AND White Metal

ELECTRO-PLATED TABLE WARE.

ALSO, A LARGE VARIETY OF

Ornamental Articles,

Suitable for Wedding Presents.

SMITHS' NEW-YORK PALE ALE.

BREWERY, 18TH ST.,

BETWEEN SEVENTH AND EIGHTH AVS.

GENUINE VICHY

NAMES OF THE SPRINGS, { HAUTERIVE, CELESTINS, GRANDE GRILLE, HOPITAL.

Bottled under the supervision of the French Government, for Dyspepsia, Gout, Gravel, Diabetes, Diseases of the Liver, Kidneys, and Bladder.

CAUTION.

To avoid counterfeits and imitations, require that the capsule bears the name of one of the above-named springs, and also the year of the bottling.

For sale by all leading retail Grocers and Druggists, and to the Trade only by

BOUCHE FILS & CO.,

No. 37 Beaver st., New-York.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES.

FRENCH CLOCKS AND BRONZES

IN GREAT VARIETY,

At Wholesale Prices,

NO. 865 BROADWAY,

BY

SHEPARD, Le BOUTILLIER & CO.,

IMPORTERS,

NO. 10 MAIDEN LANE.

PRESERVE YOUR HEALTH!

Smith's Patent Perforated BUCKSKIN UNDER-GARMENTS prevent all Lung Diseases, and are a Sure Cure for Rheumatism. Send for circulars.

D. C. HALL & CO., Manufacturers,

No 44 WEST BROADWAY, New-York.

GOOD NIGHT SHIRTS

$1.50 each by mail or express.

Don't go to bed without one

PERRGO, 85 Nassau St.N.Y.

HYATT'S LIFE BALSAM.

HYATT'S SWISS LINIMENT.

Depot, 246 Grand st., New-York. Sold by Druggist

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, CITY AND COUNTY OF New-York.—ADAM STOHR, plaintiff, against WILLIAM EGENBERGER, defendant. Summons for a money demand on contract. Com. not served. To the defendant: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the County Court-house in said City, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, No. 194 Broadway, New-York City, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of four hundred and seventy-five dollars, with interest thereon from the first day of May, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, besides the cost of this action.—Dated September 2, 1874.

DIXON, WHITLOCK, & ANDERSON, Plaintiff's Att'ys.

The complaint in the above-entitled action was this day duly filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York.—Dated October 5, 1874.

DIXON, WHITLOCK, & ANDERSON, Plaintiff's Atty's.

SUPREME COURT.—CITY AND COUNTY OF New-York.—VICTOR FAUCHE, plaintiff, vs. RUNYON W. MARTIN, JOHN DE RUYTER, defendants.—Summons for relief.—(Com. not served.)—To the defendant, Runyon W. Martin: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which was filed on the 19th day of September, 1874, in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the new Court-house, New-York City, State of New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, number 54 Wall street, New-York City, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated September 19, 1874.

ANDERSON & MAN, Plaintiff's Attorneys,

s20-1aw6wTu* No. 54 Wall street, New-York.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF New-York.—EDWIN C. BALDWIN plaintiff vs. EDWARD HOBDAY defendant.—Summons, for relief.—(Com. not served.)—To the defendant: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, in the City Hall in the City of New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their office, No. 291 Broadway, in said City, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint. Dated New-York, Oct. 26, 1874. BROWN, HALL & VANDERPOEL,

Plaintiff's Attorneys.

The complaint in the above action was filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, on the 28th day of October, 1874.

BROWN, HALL & VANDERPOEL,

o27-1aw6wTu Plaintiff's Attorneys.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against LEONHARD KOHLMANN, late of the City of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her residence, No. 18 First avenue, in the City of New-York, on or before the twentieth day of April next.—Dated, New-York, the twelfth day of October, 1874.

PHILLIPINA KOHLMANN, Executrix.

oc13-1aw6mTu*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ANDREW L. IRELAND, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof, at the office of John B. Ireland, Esq., No. 200 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 21st day of November next.—Dated New-York, the 18th day of May, 1874.

ISRAEL CORSE, }
WILLIAM M. JOHNSON, } Executors.
JOHN B. IRELAND, }

my19-1aw6mTu*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against SAMUEL BLOIS, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her residence, No. 37 West Thirty-fifth street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 17th day of November next.—Dated New-York, the 11th day of May, 1874.

HANNAH MARIA BLOIS, Executrix.

my12-1aw6mTu*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ARCHIBALD RUSSELL, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of H. L. Morris, Esq., No. 25 Pine street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 17th day of January next.—Dated New-York, the 3d day of July, 1874. HELEN R. RUSSELL, Executrix.

jy7-1aw6mTu*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against HIRAM V. MASON, late of the City of New-York, Secretary, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at the office of Edgar M. Mason, No. 31 Park row, Room No. 20, in the City of New-York, on or before the 10th day of February, 1875.—Dated New-York, the 1st day of August, 1874.

ANN E. MASON, Administratrix

au4-1aw6mTu* of Hiram V. Mason, deceased.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against THOMAS T. FERRIS, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her residence, No. 28 Lafayette place, in the City of New-York, on or before the third day of March, next.—Dated New-York, the 1st day of September, 1874. CATHARINE A. FERRIS,

s1-1aw6mTu* Sole Acting Executrix.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against WILLIAM H. DE GROOT, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at the office of Theodore R. B. De Groot, Esq., No. 142 Fulton st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 15th day of December next. Dated, New-York, the 8th day of June, 1874.

ALICE E. DE GROOT, Administratrix.

THEODORE R. B. DE GROOT, Administrator.

je9-1aw6mTu*